

OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

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Results of IPOD Site Surveys Aboard R/V VEMA Cruise 3207

PART A: DATA REPORT

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Technical Report No. CU-2-75

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of National Science Foundation Subcontract UC-NSF-C842-2



Preface

The International Phase of Ocean Drilling (IPOD) sponsored by the National Science Foundation is the fourth phase of the Deep-Sea Drilling Project. The IPOD site survey management is situated at Lamont-Doherty Geological Observatory of Columbia University under the general supervision of Dr. Marcus Langseth. The site surveying was done under a sub-contract from Scripps Institute of Oceanography (International Phase of Ocean Drilling Grant 25905 of the National Science Foundation Grant UC-NSF-842-2).

We wish to thank the officers crew and scientific staff aboard R/V VEMA for their cooperation in gathering the data. In particular, the shipboard participation of Dr. G. Michael Purdy of Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution was greatly appreciated.

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SHIPBOARD PARTICIPANTS

VEMA 3207 Barbados to San Juan

CREW

Kohler, Henry C. Master Cunningham, Peter Chief Officer Schnare, Thomas 2nd Officer Radio Officer Johnson, Robert Williams, A. A.B. A.B. Sergent, B. Walker, Thomas 0.S. Nicholson, Allan 0.S. 0.S. Himmelman, Eric Griswold, William Bosun Coffill, John Chief Engineer Pentz, Clarence 2nd Engineer 3rd Engineer Knickle, Clyde Murphy, Alphonse Oiler Chief Steward Hull, Joseph Edwards, George Messman Creaser, Thomas Messman

SCIENTISTS

Rabinowitz, Philip Chief Scientist Asst. Chief Scientist Aitken, Thomas Antle, Michael Airgun Sr. Engineer Bitte, Ivars Boehner, Martin Coring O.S. Bogart, Richard Camera Brock, Robert E.T. Brown, Walter Computer Tech. OBS Tech: Gunther, George E.T. Gutierrez, Carlos Holland, David E.T. Coring Bosun Knickle, Lloyd Gravity Paisley-Smith, Van Core Describer Pratt, David Scientific O.S. (WHOI) Purdy, Michael T' grad Zielinski, Gary



TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
Preface		i
Shipboard P	Participants	ii
INTRODUCTIO	м	1
Instrume	entation	2
SECTION I.	UNDERWAY GEOPHYSICAL DATA	4
PART A.	Navigation	5
	Index Map	5
PART B.	Navigational Listings	6 23
PART C.	Seismic Reflection Records	31
PART D.	Sonobuoy Results	41
SECTION II.	STATION DATA	42
	Station Index	43
PART A.	Core Descriptions	44
PART B.	Heat Flow Measurements	60
PART C.	Deep-Sea Photography	69
PART D.	Nephelometer Results	78
REFERENCES		86



Introduction

The purpose of this report is to present the underway geophysical measurements (navigation, bathymetric, gravimetric, geomagnetic, seismic reflection and sonobuoy refraction) as well as the station data (coring, heat flow, bottom photography and nephelometer) collected aboard R/V VEMA during cruise 3207. The cruise was devoted to surveying two sites (Sites 3 and 4) for the International Phase of Ocean Drilling (IPOD) program. Site 4 is situated in the region of magnetic anomaly 13 (~38 m.y.b.p.) west of the mid-Atlantic ridge axis in the central North Atlantic Ocean. An approximate 1° box grid was surveyed and two longer lines obtained in order to a) recognize the magnetic lineation pattern in this region and b) aid in the selection of the optimum location of the drill hole.

Site 3 is situated in the region of the oldest magnetic anomalies seaward of the Cretaceous quiet zone in the central western North Atlantic (anomalies 31 to 34; 75 to ~81 m.y.b.p.). Site 3 was chosen to lie along the same synthetic flow line and same age but on the opposite side of the ridge axis as Site 7 (surveyed aboard R/V VEMA cruise 3206).

One ocean-bottom seismograph experiment was performed in Site 4. The result of this experiment as well as the interpretation of the data obtained on Sites 3 and 4 will be presented in forthcoming reports.

Instrumentation

The Navy satellite navigation system (Guier, 1966) was used to obtain frequent and precise fixes. The ship's electromagnetic (E-M) log and gyrocompass were used to interpolate the ship's track between satellite fixes by employing the computer techniques of Talwani (1969). These interpolated ship positions should be generally accurate to better than 0.5 nautical mile.



Both 12 kHz and 3.5 kHz transducers were used with a redesigned Westrex Mark V recorder for the precision depth measurements. Relative depths can be resolved to about 1 fathom (1/400 sec of reflection time) in any depth in regions of low to moderate relief. Side echoes are common in areas of high relief and the resolution of small amplitude relief is extremely difficult in such areas.

A Graf-Askania seagravimeter (Gss2 #12) mounted on an Aeroflex gyrostabilized platform was used for all gravity measurements. This system and associated analogue cross-coupling correction devices are described by Talwani (1970), and by Talwani et al. (1966). The absolute accuracy of the system under normal sea conditions in the open ocean is estimated at about ±3 mgal. The relative accuracy of measurements along tracks with constant heading and steady sea-state conditions is somewhat better.

A Varian proton precession magnetometer was used for all magnetic measurements. The instrument was towed approximately 500 ft. astern of the ship. The accuracy of this type of instrument has been discussed in many publications (e.g. Heirtzler, 1961; Bullard and Mason, 1963) and is generally accepted to be $\pm 10-15$ gammas.

The sound source of the seismic profiling system is a free-firing (410 cm³) airgun with a repetition rate of about 12 sec at 140 bars air pressure (Ewing and Zaunere, 1964). The signal is received by a towed hydrophone array, pre-amplified and fed into a two-channel drum recorder (Ewing and Tirey, 1961). The signal is recorded as variable-density profiles. The sonobuoy records, recorded on the same drum as the seismic profiler records, were obtained with the airgun as a sound source and towed away from the sonobuoy (SSQ41 model) at a speed of $^{\sim}6$ knots.



The heat flow measurements were obtained with the Ewing thermograd mounted on a piston corer. For a complete description of the instruments and techniques used to measure temperature and conductivity in the deep sea, the reader is referred to Gerard et al. (1960) and Langseth (1965).

The Ewing-Thorndike deep-sea camera used on this cruise was similar to that described by Thorndike (1959). The nephelometer is similar to that described by Thorndike and Ewing (1967).



SECTION 1

UNDERWAY GEOPHYSICAL DATA

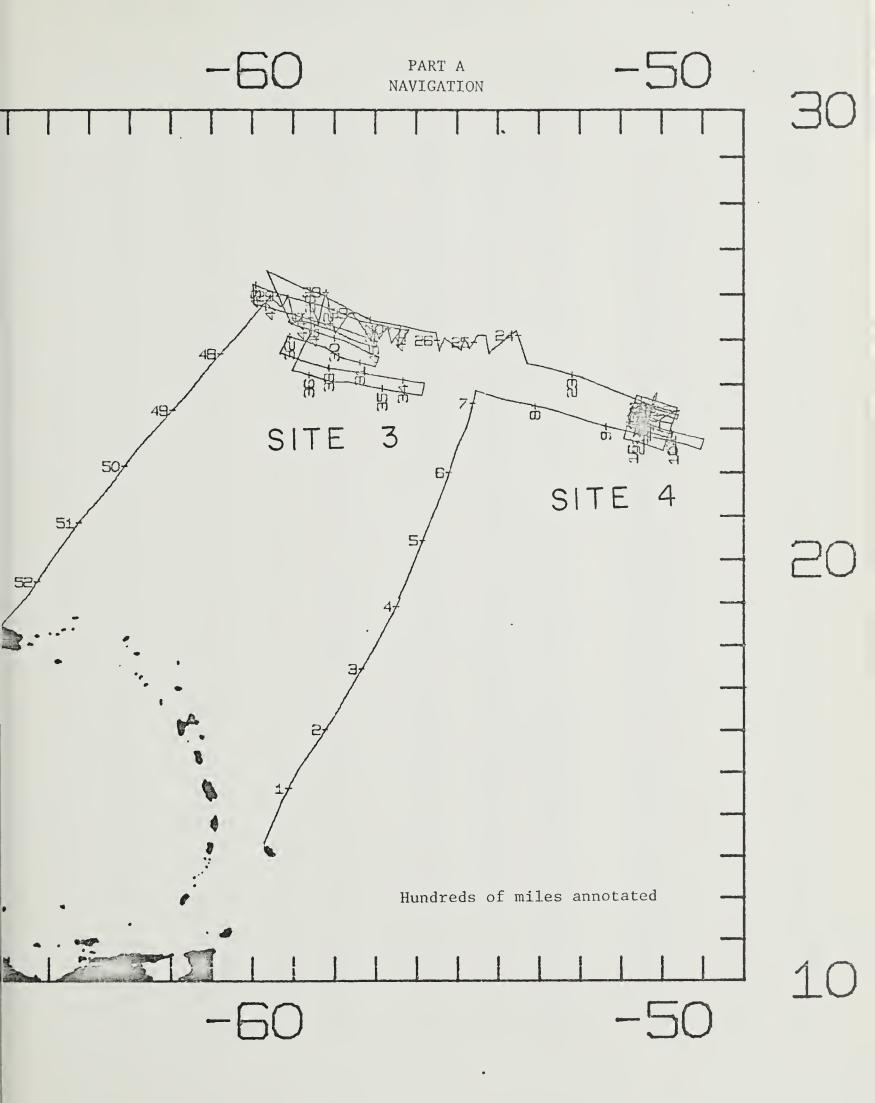
PART A: Navigation

PART B: Bathymetric, geomagnetic and gravity profiles

PART C: Seismic Reflection Records

PART D: Sonobuoy Results









DAY	MON	YEAR	ΤZ	TIME	LA	TITUDE	LONG	GITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
										3, 220	0001136
25		1975	4.0	322		28.1		19.3	300.8	8.7	30
25 25		1975 1975	4.0	5 8	17			11.2	316.1	8.5	31
25		1975	4.0	6 0 630		47.8 51.4	-57	7.3 5.0	323.5 327.8	8.5 8.5	31 32
25		1975	4.0	7 0	17	55.0		2.6	332.0	8.6	26
25		1975	4 20	712	17	56.6		1.8	333.8	8.4	29
25		1975	4:0	744	18			59.5	338.3	8.6	27
25	3	1975	4.0	816	18	4.6	-56	57.4	342.8	8.7	29
25		1975		930		14.0		51.9	353.5	8.7	25
25		1975		10 0		17.9		50.0		8.4	
25		1975		1014		19.7		49.1	359.9	9.1	27
25 25		1975 1975	4.0	1136 13 0	18	30.8		43.1	372.3 384.8	8.9 8.9	29 29
25		1975		1324	18	44.8		34.8	388.4	9.0	25
25		1975		16 0	19	6.1		24.3		3.8	18
25		1975		1614	19	7.0		24.1	412.8	0.8	291
25	3	1975	4.0	1632	19	7.1	-56	24.3	413.0	0.6	304
25		1975	4.0	18 8.	19	7.6		25.1	414.0	1.0	298
25		1975		1836	19	7.8		25.5	414.4	0.8	347
25		1975		1850	19	8.0		25.6		5.4	24
25 25		1975 1975		19 0 1952	19	8.8 15.9		25.2	415.5 423.4		27 26
25		1975		2054		24.1		17.2	432.6	8.9 7.9	29
25		1975		21 0		24.8		16.8	433.4	9.1	23
25		1975		2136		29.8		14.5	438.9	8.8	19
25		1975		2256		40.9		10.3	450.6	8 • 4	
25		1975		2326	19	44.7	-56	8.3	454.8	8.5	22
26		1975	4.0	0 0		49.2	-56			8.2	22
26		1975						56.8			
26		1975	4.0	422		22.4		52.3	495.4	7.9	26
26 26	3	1975 1975	4.0	436 6 0	20	24.1 35.2		51.5 47.1	497.3 509.1	8.5 8.5	20 20
26		1975	4.0	626		38.6		45.8	512.8	8.7	22
26		1975	420	710	20	44.5		43.2	519.1	8.6	22
26		1975	4.0	842	20	56.8		38.0	532.4	8.6	25
26	3	1975	4.0	9 C	20	59.1		36.8	534.9	8.5	25
26	3	1975	4 • 0	924	21	2.2		35.3	538.3	8.7	24
26		1975		1028		10.7		31.2	547.6	8.6	22
26		1975		1112	21	16.5		28.7	553.9	8.7	20
26 26		1975 1975		12 0 15 0		23.0		26.1 16.3	560.9 586.8	8•7 8•9	20 21
26	3	1975		1544	21	53.5		13.8	593.4	8.7	16
26		1975		1728		7.9	-55	9.2	608.4	9.3	18
26		1975		18 0		12.7		7.6	613.4	9.3	18
26	3	1975		1850		20.0	-55		621.1	8.3	19
26		1975		1932		25.5	-55	3.0	626.9	9.1	16
26	3	1975	4.0	20 4	22	30.2	-55	1.6	631.8	8 • 2	23
26		1975		21 0		37.2		58.4	639.4	8.8	23
26 26		1975 1975		2152 2234		44.2		55.1 52.3	647.0 653.1	8.6	26 26
. 20	2	1915	4.0	2234	22	77.1	-) 4	12.5	033.1	8 • 8	20



DAY	MON	YEAR	ΤZ	TIME	FV.	TITUDE	LONG	GITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	2348 0 0 134 3 0 518 551 746 830 942 1022 1130 1134 12 6	22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2	59.4 1.0 14.3 26.8 46.1 51.4 46.7 44.9 42.2 40.6 38.2 38.1 37.2	-54 -54 -54 -54 -54 -54 -54 -53 -53 -53	47.2 46.3 41.6 38.3 33.2 32.6 16.2 9.7 0.1 54.9 45.2 44.6 39.7	663.9 665.6 679.6 692.6 712.4 717.7 733.4 739.6 748.8 753.8 763.0 763.6 768.2	8.9 8.9 9.0 8.6 9.6 8.2 8.4 7.7 7.5 8.1 8.4 8.7 8.8	27 18 14 14 6 108 107 107 109 105 105 101
27 27 27 27	3 3	1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0	1215 1320 1452 1520	23 23	36.9 34.9 32.3 31.5	-53 -53	38.3 28.4 14.1 9.8	769.5 778.8 792.2 796.2	8.6 8.7 8.6 8.2	102 101 101 104
27 27 27 27 27	3 3 3 3	1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	1640 1740 18 6 1842	23 23 23 23	28.9 27.2 26.4 25.0 24.2	-52 -52 -52 -52 -52	58.1 49.2 45.3 40.3 37.5	807.2 815.5 819.3 824.1 826.7	8.3 8.6 8.0 8.8 0.5	101 102 108 107 56
27 27 27 27 27	3 3 3	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4 • 0 4 • 0 4 • 0	19 1 1914 1928 21 4 2140	23 23 23	24.2 23.7 23.0 19.0 17.5	-52 -52 -52	37.5 35.4 33.3 19.4 13.8	826.7 828.7 830.7 844.2 849.5	9 · 2 8 · 5 8 · 4 8 · 9 8 · 6	107 108 108 106 107
27 27 28 28 28	3 3 3 3	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0	22 0 2326 0 0 040 244	23	16.7 13.0 11.3 9.3 4.7	-52 -51 -51 -51	10.8 57.5 52.5 46.4 27.6	852.4 865.1 870.0 876.0 893.9		107 110 110 105 109
28 28 28 28 28 28	3 3 3	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	3 0 320 4 0 432 446	23 23 23 23 23 23	4.0 3.0 1.8 0.9	-51 -51 -51 -51	25.3 22.3 16.1 11.2 9.1	896.1 899.1 904.9 909.5 911.5	8.9 8.7 8.7 8.6 8.8	109 109 102 102 106 102
28 28 28 28 28	3	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	634 7 0 7 6 813 824	22 22 22 22 22 22	56.9 56.0 55.8	-50 -50 -50 -50	52.3 48.2 47.3 37.4 35.8	927.3 931.2 932.1 941.6 943.1	9.0 9.0 8.5 8.4 8.3	104 104 106 110 108
28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	3 3 3 3 3 3	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	852 9 0 915 930 1038 1226 1341 1350	22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	51.4 51.1 51.4 51.4 51.3	-50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50	31.9 30.5 31.9 31.8 32.2 32.8 33.6 33.7	947.0 948.3 949.7 949.7 950.1 950.6 951.4 952.1	9.9 5.4 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.6 4.8 9.0	104 286 76 256 286 277 353 103



DAY	мом	YEAR	ΤZ	TIME	LA.	TITUDE	LONG	SITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 29 29 29	333333333333333333333333333333333333333	YEAR 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 197	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	16 6 1630 1754 1820 1930 20 2 2048 21 5 22 0 2234 2330 2344 1 0 154 358 4 0 542	22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	47.5 46.8 44.5 43.6 41.3 40.2 38.7 38.2 35.5 33.9 31.1 33.4 45.6 47.8 52.3 52.4	-50 -50 -49 -49 -49 -49 -49 -49 -49 -49 -49 -49	12.1 8.3 55.3 51.1 40.2 35.2 27.8 25.1 16.7 11.7 2.6 1.9 57.8 6.6 25.9 26.2 42.2	972.6 976.1 988.4 992.3 1002.6 1007.4 1014.4 1016.9 1025.0 1030.0 1038.8 1041.2 1054.0 1062.5 1080.8 1081.1 1096.3	8.9 8.7 9.0 8.9 8.9 9.1 9.0 8.9 8.7 9.5 10.2 10.1 9.4 8.9 9.3	101 101 102 103 103 103 101 109 109 15 17 285 284 283 283
29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	. 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	542 610 718 8 2 836 9 0 948 1024 1037 1049 1057 1130 14 7 1420 1648 17 4	22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2	56.8 59.6 1.7 3.3 4.5 6.8 8.8 9.4 9.0 8.6 8.4	-49 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50	42.2 46.6 57.1 3.6 8.7 12.1 19.0 24.3 26.2 25.0 23.7 23.5 21.3 21.1 42.3 45.2	1100.4 1110.4 1116.8 1121.7 1125.1 1131.8 1137.1 1139.0 1140.2 1141.4 1141.7	8.8 8.7 8.5 8.4 8.8 6.0 9.5 0.5 1.0	283 286 289 290 290 290 292 287 109 109 126 128 172 282 279 278
29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 30 30 30 30 30 30	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	1713 1830 1856 1922 21 0 2110 2144 22 0 2248 2330 0 0 036 040 330 440 530 610 640	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2	10.6 20.5 18.8 17.4 12.2 11.7 10.1 9.4 8.8 8.3 7.7 7.1	-50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -49 -49 -49 -50 -50 -50	43.7 43.7 39.5 35.5 20.6 19.1 14.0 11.5 3.6 56.9 52.1 46.3 45.6 10.5 20.9 28.3 34.1 38.3	1169.4 1179.7 1183.8 1187.8 1202.4 1203.9 1208.8 1211.2	9.2 8.0 9.6 9.2 8.9 9.0 8.7 9.0 10.6 8.4 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.3 9.5	16 114 111 111 111 109 107 94 95 97 97 286 286 286 285 290 291



DAY	MON YEAR	TZ	TIME	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSI
30	3 1975	4.0		23 24.0	-50 45.1			15
30	3 1975	4.0		23 29.2	-50 43.6		9.5	
30	3 1975	4.0		23 26.8	-50 33.6	1307.5	9.2	105
30	3 1975	4.0		23 25.5	-50 28.4			107
30	3 1975		1034	23 22.9	-50 18.9	1321.6		
30	3 1975		11 0	23 21.8	-50 14.9	1325.3	8.6	106
30	3 1975		1118	23 21.1	-50 12.2		8.9	
30	3 1975		1220		-50 2.5	1337.1	9.0	106
30	3 1975		14 0	23 14.9	-49 46.7			106
30	3 1975		1414		-49 44.5			
30 30	3 1975 3 1975		1455	23 12.3	-49 37.6	1360.9	8.3	17
30	3 1975		1542 16 0	23 18.5 23 19.1	-49 35.5 -49 38.4		9.1 8.4	283 285
30	3 1975		1750		-49 54.7			
30			1830		-50 0.6			
30			1936	23 27.0	-50 10.3	1400.5	8.4	
30	3 1975		20 2	23 27.9	-50 14.1		8.5	
30	3 1975		2050	23 30.1	-50 21.1		8.2	
30	3 1975		22 6	23 33.6		1421.3	8.3	
30			2238		-50 36.3			
30	3 1975		23 0		-50 39.7			19
30	3 1975	4.0	2340	23 41.1	-50 37.8	1434.3	8.8	16
31	3 1975	4.0	0 7	23 44.9	-50 36.6	1438.3	9.2.	106
31	3 1975	4.0		23 41.6	-50 23.8	1450.4	8.9	
31	3 1975	4.10			-50 17.7			
31	3 1975	4.0			-50 9.3			
31	3 1975	4.0		23 34.6	-50 1.3	1472.2	9.2	
31	3 1975	420			-49 50.4			
31		4.0		23 31.3	-49 50.1			
					-49 42.5			103
31 31	3 1975 3 1975	4.0	625	23 27.9 23 24.1	-49 36.9 -49 38.1	1495.6 1499.6	9.5 9.2	196 197
31	3 1975	4.0	650 814	23 11.8	-49 42.2	1512.4	10.2	198
31	3 1975	4.0	830	23 9.3	-49 43.1°	1515.1	6.0	199
31	3 1975	4.0	845	23 7.8	-49 43.7	1516.6	0.4	219
31	3 1975	4.0		23 7.3	-49 44.2	1517.4	0.3	326
31	3 1975	4:0		23 7.6	-49 44.4	1517.7	5.1	200
31	3 1975		1147	23 6.9	-49 44.6	1518.4	9.8	198
31	3 1975		1312	22 53.7	-49 49.4	1532.3	9.2	199
31	3 1975	4.0	1430	22 42.4	-49 53.6	1544.3	9.5	199
31	3 1975	4.0	1514	22 35.8	-49 56.1	1551.3	10.3	193
31	3 1975	4.0	1545	22 30.6	-49 57.4	1556.6	8.8	290
31	3 1975	4.0	1658	22 34.2	-50 8.3	1567.3	8.8	288
31	3 1975	4.0	1830	22 38.5	-50 22.3	1580.9	8 • 8	288
31	3 1975	4 20	1932	22 41.4	-50 31.6	1590.0	8 • 4	285
31	3 1975	4.0		22 42.4	-50 35.7	1593.9	9.0	284
31	3 1975	4.0	21 0	22 44.6	-50 45.2	1602.9	9.7	284
31	3 1975	4.0	2118	22 45.3	-50 48.2	1605.8	9.8	283
31	3 1975		22 0	22 46.8	-50 55.5	1612.6	8.5	17
31	3 1975	4.0	2244	22 52.8	-50 53.6	1618.9	8.9	12



DAY	МОМ	YEAR	ΤZ	TIME	LATIT	JDE LON	GITUDE	DIS	TANCE	SPEED	COURSE
1		1975	4.0	0 0	23 3		51.0		30.1	9.1	108
1		1975	4.0	3 0	22 55				57.6	9.3	108
1		1975	4.0	3 4	22 55		22.0		58.2	8.7	103
1		1975	4.0	450	22 51				73.6	8.6	107
1		1975	4.0	542	22 49.		58.1		31.0	8.5	108
1		1975	4.0	6 0	22 48		55.4		33.6	9.2	108
1		1975	4.0	650	22 46		47.5	169	91.2	9.9	105
1		1975	4.0	656	22 46.		46.5		92.2	8.3	12
1		1975	4.0	724	22 49.	.9 -49	45.6	169	96.1	7.9	20
1		1975	4.0	748	22 52		44.5	169	99.3	9.4	286
1		1975	4.0	910	22 56	.5 -49	57.8	17	12.1	8.8	288
1		1975	4.0	936	22 57	6 -50	1.18	17	15.9	9.0	289
1	4	1975	4.0	1030	23 0.	·3 - 50	10.1	173	24.0	8.9	289
1	4	1975	4.0	1032	23 0	4 -50	10.4	177	24.3	8.9	289
1	4	1975	4.0	12 4	23 5	0 -50	24.5	173	38.0	8.8	278
1	4	1975	4.0	1218	23 5	2 -50	26.7	174	40.1	9.4	275
1	4	1975	4.0	1430	23 7	0 -50	49.1	176	50.8	9.4	57
1	4	1975	4.0	16 8	23 15	2 -50	35.1	17	76.1	9.6	54
1	4	1975	4.0	1619	23 16.	3 -50	33.5	17	77.9	9.5	181
1	4	1975	4.0	1722	23 6.	3 -50	33.7	178	87.8	10.6	183
1	4	1975	4.0	1741	23 3	0 -50	33.9	179	91.2	8.6	49
1	4	1975	4 20	1810	23 5.	.7 -50	30.5	179	95.3	8.0	46
1	4	1975	4 e 0	1844	23 8.	8 -50	27.0	1.79	99.9	8.3	46
1	4	1975	4.0	19 8	23 11.	.1 -50	24.4	180	03.2	9.8	47
1	4	1975	4.0	1922	23 12	7 -50	22.6	180	95.5	9.9	156
1	4	1975	4.0	20 0	23 6.	9 -50	19.8	181	11.8	8.4	338
1	4	1975	4.0	2012	23 8.	5 -50	20.5	18	13.4	3.9	339
1	4	1975	4.0	2030	23 9	6 -50	20.9	18	14.6	3.8	322
1	4	1975	4.0	2039	23 10.	.0 -50	21.3	181	15.2	1.0	229
1	4	1975	4.0	2054	23 9	8 -50	21.5	181	15.4	1.1	163
1	4	1975	4.0	2148	23 8.	9 -50	21.2	18	16.4	0.6	193
1	4	1975	4.0	2242		4 -50	21.4		16.9	0.4	147
1	4	1975	4.0	2338	23 8.	0' -50	21.1	181	17.3	0.9	155
2	4	1975	4.0	045	23 7.	2 -50	20.7	18	18.3	3.9	27
2	4	1975	4.0	053	23 7	6 -50	20.4	18	18.8	8.9	22
2	4	1975	4 10	122	23 11.	.6 -50	18.7	183	23.1	8.6	20
2	4	1975	4:0	214	23 18	6 -50	16.0	183	30.5	9.1	19
2	4	1975	4 .0	240	23 22	.3 -50	14.6	183	34.5	8.1	15
2	4	1975	4.0	310	23 26	.3 -50	13.4	183	38.5	3.8	16
2	4	1975	4.0	324	23 27	.1 -50	13.2	183	39.4	9.5	15
2	4	1975	4.0	330	23 28		12.9	184	40.4	0.5	177
2	4	1975	4.0	4 0	23 27.			184	40.6	1.6	89
2		1975	4.0	414	23 27		12.5	184	41.0	0.4	139
2			4.0	6 2	23 27				41.7	0.4	135
2	4	1975	4.0	622	23 27				41.9	1.8	82
2	4	1975	4.0	634	23 27				42.2	0.7	202
2		1975	4.0	651	23 27				42.4	2.0	7
2		1975	4.0	7 0	23 27				42.7	8.4	10
2			4.0	8 4	23 36				51.7	7.5	7
2		1975	4.0	820	23 38				53.7	7.8	16
_	•										



DAY	MON	YEAR	ΤZ	TIME	LAT	T I T U D E	LONG	SITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
DAY 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	444444444444444444444444444444444444444	1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	TIME 830 844 938 1010 1124 1130 1131 12 4 1130 1131 12 6 15 22 1648 17 5 1722 18 0 1542 2015 2026 2112 2128 2138 2150 2240 026 135 312 5 0 732 754 918 1028 1214 13 0 1432 1517 1618	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2	39.3 40.8 48.1 37.1 32.5 27.4 18.0 59.9 47.5 7.9 9.0 9.7 9.0 9.7 9.0 9.7 9.0 9.0 11.7 17.6 9.3 28.6 28.1 27.3 28.6 28.6 28.7 27.3 28.6	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	9.1 8.6 7.1 13.2 13.1 13.1 13.7 25.0 26.4 32.4 31.4 29.1 21.1 20.8 15.0 14.3 13.2 13.2 13.2 13.2 13.5 14.4 11.9 12.1 12.9 14.1 12.9 14.1 12.9 14.1 12.9 14.1 12.9 14.1 12.9 14.1 12.9 14.1 12.9 14.1 12.9 14.1 14.9 12.9 14.1 12.9 14.1 14.9 14.9 15.9 16.9 16.9 17.	DISTANCE 1854.9 1856.6 1864.0 1868.8 1876.7 1880.4 1881.3 1881.3 1886.3 1895.9 1913.1 1916.4 1929.9 1930.9 1933.1 1955.0 1955.0 1955.9 1956.4 1957.8 1963.9 1975.4 1975.4 1985.5 1985.5 1986.4 1987.0 1988.3 1989.1 1991.5 1992.6 1995.6	SPEED 6.9 8.3 9.5 9.0 9.4 9.2 9.0 9.4 7.5 7.0 9.5 9.6 7.5 9.6 9.7 7.5 9.6 9.7 7.5 9.6 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8	COURSE 16 14 221 201 178 182 308 182 203 203 206 20 25 28 29 30 198 19 212 17 21 23 17 181 243 264 96 256 42 27 198 303 238 245 70 245 262
3	4 4 4 4 4 4	1975	4.0	1517	23 23 23 23 23 23 23	28.5	-50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50	11.9	1994.9	0.6	245
3		1975		2110		26.7		15.2	1998.6	7.6	43



DAY	MON	YEAR	ΤZ	TEME	LA	r I T U D E	LONG	GITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
333444444444444444444444444444444444444	444444444444444444444444444444444444444	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	2130 2246 2332 020 039 118 224 3 0 317 345 410 425 454 5 5 4 6 44 738 745 832 850 1036 1136 1230 13 6 1346	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2	28.6 28.3 28.1 28.4 28.4 28.5 28.5 27.5 23.6 26.6 28.7 29.4 21.7 19.1 23.4 30.3 31.4 24.7 27.5 57.4 49.9 52.7 55.7	-5000000000000000000000000000000000000	13.3 13.9 14.5 14.9 12.3 12.6 12.9 13.6 16.0 19.0 20.8 23.1 23.0 23.1 22.7 22.5 25.5 29.8 30.4 31.8 32.1 36.4 38.9 41.4 37.1 32.5	2001.1 2001.8 2002.4 2002.7 2005.1 2005.3 2005.6 2005.7 2006.9 2011.3 2015.4 2017.8 2021.0 2022.4 2032.7 2037.9 2045.9 2045.9 2047.1 2053.9 2056.6 2071.9 2072.8 2072.8 2079.5 2082.0 2089.8 2094.7 2099.9	0.5 0.8 0.4 7.5 0.4 0.2 0.1 4.3 9.5 9.9 10.0 9.2 9.4 10.4 8.8 8.9 10.2 8.8 8.9 10.2 8.8 8.9 10.2 8.8 9.5 9.1 9.6 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.7	249 247 277 84 277 289 266 210 317 318 317 177 295 177 176 327 330 335 191 187 194 193 197 197 55 59
4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	444444444444444444444444444444444444444	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	1030 1036 1120 1136 1230 13 6 1346 1530 1532 1728 18 4 1830 20 8 2030 2138 2154 2236 23 0	23 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2	7.2 6.3 59.8 57.4 49.9 52.7 55.7 2.8 10.8 13.5 15.2 21.9 23.3 25.7 26.4 28.0 28.9	-50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50	36.1 36.4 38.1 38.9 41.4 37.1 32.5 20.0 19.7 5.3 0.6 57.5 45.1 42.1 51.9 54.1 0.2 3.5	2071.9 2072.8 2079.5 2082.0 2089.8 2094.7 2099.9 2113.4 2113.6 2129.1 2134.2 2137.5 2150.7 2153.9 2163.2 2165.3 2171.1 2174.4	9.0 9.1 9.6 8.7 8.2 7.7 7.8 6.9 8.0 8.5 7.6 8.1 8.6 8.2 8.0 8.3 8.1 8.1	194 193 197 197 55 59 59 59 60 59 63 285 289 286 286
5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 4 4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4 · 0 4 · 0	022 040 136 311 324 446 511 520 632 742	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	32.0 32.6 35.7 41.2 41.8 46.0 47.5 47.9 51.5 55.0	-50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50	15.1 17.7 25.4 38.4 40.2 52.2 55.9 57.2 7.6 17.0	2185.4 2187.9 2195.5 2208.7 2210.5 2222.3 2225.9 2227.1 2237.3 2246.6	8.3 8.2 8.3 8.3 8.6 8.7 8.4 8.5 8.0 7.9	285 293 295 291 291 293 291 290 292 300



DAY	MON	YEAR	TZ	TEME	LAT	FTUDE	LONG	GITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975		756 8 C 928 946 1026 11 0 1210 1230 1442 15 0	24	56.1 0.2 1.2 3.4 5.1 8.5 9.5 14.3 15.0	-51 -51 -51 -51 -51 -51 -52 -52	18.7 19.2 30.9 33.1 38.8 43.5 52.9 55.7 14.0 16.5	2248.4 2248.9 2260.4 2262.6 2268.2 2272.9 2282.1 2284.8 2302.2 2304.6	7.7 7.8 7.4 8.5 8.2 7.9 8.1 7.9 7.8 7.6	291 291 297 292 291 291 292 286 286 287
5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	1626 18 0 1812 19 0 1958 2048	24 24 24 24	18.1 21.0 21.3 22.8 24.4	-52 -52 -52 -52	28.0 40.0 41.5 47.1 54.4	2315.5 2326.8 2328.2 2333.5 2340.4	7.2 6.9 6.7 7.1 7.1	285 285 285 284 283
5 5 5 5 5	4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0	21 0 21 4 2248 23 0 2328	24 24 24 24	25.7 26.1 26.2 28.7 28.9	-53 -53 -53 -53	0.7 2.3 2.8 15.5 17.0 18.2	2346.3 2347.8 2348.2 2360.1 2361.4 2365.0	7.3 6.9 6.8 6.7 7.6 8.1	283 283 282 279 342 341
6 6 6 6	4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	0 C 114 234 3 0 420	24 24 24 24	36.3 45.9 56.5 59.8 10.1	-53 -53 -53 -53	19.7 23.3 26.9 28.2 32.2	2369.3 2379.4 2390.5 2394.0 2404.9	8.2 8.3 8.1 8.2 8.6	341 343 341 341 343
6 6 6 6	4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	435 5 0 524 618 654	25	12.2 10.7 9.2 5.8 3.3	-53 -53 -53 -53	32.9 35.0 36.9 41.5 44.5	2407.1 2409.4 2411.8 2417.2 2420.9	5.7 5.9 6.0 6.2 5.7	232 229 231 228 232
6 6 6 6	4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	710 8 0 840 1040 11 0	24	2.3 59.1 56.5 49.3 48.0	-53 -53 -54 -54	45.9 50.3 53.8 4.2 5.9	2422.4 2427.6 2431.7 2443.5 2445.5	6.2 6.1 5.9 6.0 6.0	231 231 233 228 228
6 6 6 6	4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0	1116 1222 13 2 1354 1530 1540	24	46.9 41.9 47.0 53.3 5.7 5.6	-54 -54 -54	7.2 12.6 14.0 15.4 17.5	2447.1 2454.2 2459.4 2465.9 2478.4 2479.5	6.4 7.9 7.4 7.8 6.5 5.8	225 346 349 352 268 273
6 6 6 6	4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	17 6 1715 1736 1852 1930	25 25 25 25 24 24	6.1 6.2 4.2 57.4	-54 -54 -54 -54	27.8 28.9 30.2 34.5 37.1	2487.8 2488.7 2491.0 2498.9 2503.0	6.3 6.5 6.2 6.5 6.4	272 213 210 215 215
6 6	4	1975 1975 1975	4 • 0 4 • 0 4 • 0	1958 2030 2144		51.6 48.7 57.4	-54	39.0 41.5 46.3	2506.0 2509.6 2519.4	6.9 7.9 7.1	217 334 334



DAY	MON	YEAR	ΤZ	TIME	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSI
6		1975		22 0	24 59.1	-54 47.2	2521.4	8.0	336
6		1975		2227	25 2.4	-54 48.8	2525.0	7.1	195
6		1975	4.0		25 2.1	-54 48.9	2525.3	6.8	197
7		1975	4.0	0 0	24 52.3	-54 52.3	2535.6	7.1	197
7		1975	4.0	018	24 50.3	-54 53.0	2537.7	7.5	197
7		1975	4.0	045	24 47.0	-54 54.1	2541.1	7.3	303
7		1975	4.0	146	24 51.1	-55 0.9	2548.5	7.1	306
7		1975	4.0	330	24 58.2	-55 11.9	2560.8	7.0	306
7		1975	4.0	332	24 58.4	-55 12.1	2561.0	7.5	305
7		1975	4.0		25 2.1	-55 18.1		7.2	205
7		1975	4.0	528		-55 21.6	2575.2	7.5	205
7		1975	4.0	6 2	24 51.4	-55 23.6	2579.4	7.9	202
7		1975	4.0	651	24 45.4	-55 26.3	2585.9	7.9	350
7		1975	4.0	746	24 52.5	-55 27.6		7.9	
7		1975	4.0		25 7.0	-55 30.2	2607.9	7.7	349
7		1975		10 0	25 9.8	-55 30.8	2610.7	7.5	278
7		1975		12 6	25 12.0	-55 48.0	2626 • 4	7.2	283
7		1975		1251	25 13.2	-55 53.8	2631.8	7.2	285
7		1975	4.0	1452	25 17.1	-56 9.3	2646.3	7.6	284
7		1975		1520	25 18.0	-56 13.2		0.2	
7		1975		1521	25 18.0	-56 13.1	2649.9	7.4	282
7		1975		1648	25 20.2	-56 24.7	2660.6	7.2	279
7		1975		1744	25 21.2	-56 32.0	2667.3	7.6	230
7		1975		1830	25 22.2	-56 38.4	2673.1	7.6	280
7		1975		1910	25 23.1	-56 43.9		7.3	
7		1975		1928	25 23.5	-56 46.3		7.2	281
7		1975		2058	25 25.5		2691.1	7.0	282
7		1975		2130	25 26.3	-57 2.0		6.7	
7		1975		22 C	25 27.0	-57 5.7			
7				2250		-57 11.9	2704.1	8.1	290
7		1975	4.0	23 0	25 29.4	-57 13.3	2705.5	4.6	104
7		1975		2316	25 29.1	-57 12.0	2706.7	0.4	334
7		1975		2322	25 29.1	-57 12.0	2706.8	0.7	100
8		1975	4.0	110	25 28.9	-57 10.7	2708.0	0.7	110
8		1975	4.0	230	25 28.6	-57 9.6	2709.0	2 • 8	295
8		1975	4.0	246	25 28.9	-57 10.4	2709.7	2.7	297
8		1975	4.0	3 30	25 29.8	-57 12.3	2711.7	7.2	295
8		1975	4.0	430	25 32.9	-57 19.6	2718.9	7.2	296
8		1975	4 40	626	25 39.0	-57 33.3	2732.8	7.5	299
8		1975	4.0	630	25 39.3	-57 33.8	2733.3	7.4	299
8		1975	4.0	7 4	25 41.3	-57 37.9	2737.5	7.5	299
8		1975	4.0	826	25 46.2	-57 47.8	2747.7	6.6	303
8		1975	4.0	850	25 47.6	-57 50.3	2750.3	7.5	296
8		1975	4.0	930	25 49.9	-57 55.3	2755.3	7.2	297
8		1975		1042	25 53.7	- 58 3.9	2764.0	7.6	297
8		1975	4.0	1112	25 55.4	-58 7.6 50 14 3	2767.8	6.9	298
8	4	1975	4.0	1210	25 58.5	-58 14.2	2774.4	1.9	307
8		1975		1224	25 58.8	-58 14.6	2774.9	0.8	82
8		1975		13 0	25 58.9	-58 14.0	2775.4	0.8	80
8	4	1975	4.0	1550	25 59.2	-58 11.7	2777.5	0.1	204



DAY	NOM	YEAR	ΤZ	TEME	LA	TITUDE	LONG	GITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
8	4	1975	4.0	1640	25	59.1	-58	11.7	2777.6	1.1	149
8		1975	4.0	1645	25	59.0	-58	11.7	2777.7	2.7	282
8		1975	4 + 0	17 2	25	59.2		12.5	2778.4	5 • 8	289
8		1975	4.0	1744	26	0.5		16.8	2782.5	6.6	292
8		1975	4.0	1822	26	2.1	-58	21.2	2786.7	6.5	290
8		1975 1975	4.0	20 0 20 8	26 26	5.7		32.3	2797.4	6.0	290
8		1975	4.0	2035	26	6.0 7.0		33.1 35.9	2798.2 2800.8	5.9 3.3	292 289
8		1975	4.0	2128	26	7.9		39.0	2803.8	6.0	292
8		1975	4.0	2154	26	8.9	-58	41.7	2806.4	6.5	294
8	4	1975	4.0	2228	26	10.4	-58	45.4	2810.1	6.2	293
9		1975	4.0	0 0	26	14.1		55.2	2819.6	6.5	293
9		1975	4.0	016		14.8		57.0	2821.3	6 • 4	294
9		1975	4.0	156	26	19.2		7.8	2832.0	6.5	297
9		1975 1975	4.0	3 0 342	26 26	22.3	-59 -59	14.7	2838.9	6.7	297 294
9		1975	4.0	530	26	29.2		31.3	2843.6 2855.3	6.5 6.4	294
9		1975	4 20	532	26	29.2		31.5	2855.5	7.1	297
9		1975	4.0	630	26	32.3		38.3	2862.3	8.3	156
9	4	1975	4.0	720	26	26.0		35.1	2869.2	8.0	157
9		1975	4.0	8 0	26	2.1 • 1	-59	32.8	2874.6	8.2	156
9		1975	4.0	930	26	9.9	-59	27.2	2886.8	8.2	156
9		1975	4.0	946	26	7.9	-59	26.2	2889.0	7.6	154
9		1975 1975	4.0	1018 12 0	26 25	4.3		24.2 18.0	2893.0 2907.0	8.2 9.1	157 156
9		1975	4.0	12 4	25	51.0	-59	17.8	2907.6	9.2	155
9		1975	4.0	1430	25	30.8		7.2	2929.9	9.1	155
9		1975	4.0	15 2		26.4	-59	5.0	2934.7	9.5	156
9	4	1975	4.0	1536	25	21.5	-59.	2.5	2940.1	9.5	109
9		1975		1648		17.8		50.7	2951.4	9.5	107
9		1975		1714		16.5		46.3	2955.6	9.2	109
9		1975		1842		12.2		32.1	2969.1	9.2	110
9		1975 1975		1854 19 4		11.6		30.2	2971.0 2971.7	4.6 5.1	111 116
9		1975		1912		11.0		28.7	2972.4	0.7	193
9		1975		1918		10.9		28.8	2972.5	0.5	108
9		1975		21 6		10.6		27.8	2973.4	0.1	168
9	4	1975	4.0	2215	25	10.5	-58	27.7	2973.6	4.5	110
9		1975		2230	25	10.1		26.6	2974.7	9.7	110
9		1975		2256	25	8.7		22.2	2978.9	9.4	110
9		1975		2320	25	7.4		18.3	2982.6	9.2	108
10		1975 1975	4.0	1 6 130	25 25	2.5 1.5		1.3	2998.8 3002.5	9 • 2 9 • 8	105 106
10		1975	4.0	218		59.4		49.1	3010.3	8.6	107
10		1975	4.0	256	24			43.3	3015.8	8.7	113
10		1975	4.0	318		56.5		40 + 1	3019.0	9.3	115
10	4	1975	4.0	440	24	51.1	-57	27.3	3031.7	9.1	118
10		1975	4.0	6 0		45.4		15.6	3043.9	9.0	118
10		1975	4.0	614		44.4		13.5	3046.0	8.9	118
10	4	1975	4.0	634	24	43.0	-57	10.6	3048.9	9 • 5	111



DAY	MON	YEAR	TZ	TIME	LΔ	TITUDE	LONG	GITUDE	DISTANO	CE	SPEED	COURSE
10	4	1975	4.0	710	24	40.9	-57	4.8	3054.6	5	9.4	116
10	4	1975	4.0	756		37.8		57.7	3061.8			115
10	4	1975	4.0	817	24	36.4	-56	54.3	3065.2	2		
10	4	1975	4.0	9 0	24	29.8		57.4			10.0	
10	4	1975	4.0	936	24	24.2	-56	59.7	3078.2		8.7	286
10	4	1975	4.0	1044	24	27.0	-57	10.1	3088.2	2	8.9	289
10	4	1975	4.0	11 8	24	28.2	-57	13.8	3091.	7	9.0	285
10	4	1975	4.0	1230	24	31.3	-57	26.9	3104.0	О	8.9	285
10	4	1975	4.0	1254	24	32.2	-57	30.7	3107.0	5	9.1	285
10		1975		1414	24	35.3	-57	43.6	3119.	7	9.4	288
10		1975		1424		35.8		45.2	3121.3	3	4.3	286
10		1975		1439		36.1		46.4	3122.4		0.5	244
10		1975		1558		35.8		47.0				290
10		1975		1736		35.9		47.3				
10		1975		1746		36.3		48.1	3124.		9.0	300
10		1975		1830		39.6		54.4			9.4	
10		1975		1940		45.3		4.6			9.1	304
10		1975		2018		48.5		9.9			8.8	301
10		1975		2039		50.1		12.9			9.1	
10		1975		22 4		54.0 57.9		26.3			8.9	
11		1975 1975		2330		59.7		39.8	3176.		9.1	288 286
11		1975				4.0		2.8	3182.2 3197.9		8 • 1 8 • 8	289
11		1975		236		5.5		7.4				
11		1975				57.2		10.9			6.4	
11		1975		5 6		50.2		14.5			6.7	
11		1975				47.8			3221.5			
11		1975		546		46.2		16.6			7.3	
11								18.7	3227.2		8 . 8	
11		1975	4.0	654		41.2	-59	13.2	3232.9		8.7	111
11	4	1975	4.0	9 0	24	34.7	-58	54.3	3250.8	3	8.8	111
11	4	1975	4.0	954	24	31.9	-58	46.2	3258.	7	9.0	108
11	4	1975	4.0	1158	24	26.3	-58	26.8	3277.3	3	8.8	107
11	4	1975	4.0	12 0	24	26.3	-58	26.5	3277.6	ć	8.8	107
11				1356	24	21.4	-58	8.7	3294.5		3.6	105
11		1975		1415		21.1	-58	7.4	3295.6		0.5	311
11		1975		1512		21.5	-58	7.9	3296.1		1.0	276
11		1975		1648		21.6	-58	9.6	3297.		0.7	328
11		1975		1730		22.0	-58	9.9	3298.2		4.5	93
11		1975		1741		22.0	-58	9.0	3299.0		8.6	97
11		1975		1832		21.1	-58	1.0	3306.3		8.0	99
11		1975		1930		19.9	-57 -57	52.7	3314.0		8.3	100
11		1975		2030		18.5 17.5	-57 -57	43.7	3322.4 3328.4		8.6	100 98
11		1975 1975		23 0		15.3		20.5	3343.		8.9	99
11		1975	4.0	2330		14.6	-57	15.7	3348.2		8.9	99
12		1975	4.0	1 2		12.4	-57	1.0	3361.8		9.5	100
12		1975	4.0	230	24			46.0	3375.6		7.9	100
12		1975	4.0	3 8	24	9.1		40.6	3380.7		8.3	99
12		1975	4.0	530	24	6.0		19.4	3400.3		11.0	99
	•						_					



DAY	MON	YEAR	TZ	TIME	LA	TITUDE	LONG	SITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
12	4	1975	4.0	544	24	5.6	-56	16.6	3402.8	8.7	100
12	4	1975	4.0	720	24	3.2		1.5	3416.8	10.0	97
12	4	1975	4.0	836	24	1.7		47.7	3429.5	8.6	192
12	4	1975	4.0	1030	23	45.7	-55	51.5	3445.9	10.2	282
12	4	1975	4.0	1050	23	46.4	-55	55.1	3449.3	9.8	277
12	4	1975	4.0	11 6	23	46.7	-55	57.9	3451.9	9.3	281
12		1975		1250	23	49.6	-56	15.2	3468.0	9.5	279
12		1975		1330		50.6		22.1	3474.3		279
12		1975		1424		52.0		31.8	3483.3	9.4	281
12		1975		16 8		55.0		49.2	3499.5	9.6	280
12		1975		1630		55.7		53.0	3503.1	9.4	280
12 12		1975 1975		18 0 1840		58.2 59.7		8,2	3517.1	9.0	285
12		1975		1912		0.7		14.5	3523.1 3528.2	9.4 9.7	282 282
12		1975		1930	24			23.0	3531.1	9.6	282
12		1975		2020	24	3.1		31.6	3539.1	9.6	280
12		1975		21 0	24	4.1		38.5	3545.5	9.9	270
12		1975		22 6	24	4.2		50.4	3556.3	10.3	271
12		1975		2222	24			53.4	3559.1	9.6	265
12	4	1975	4.0	23 0	24	3.8	-58	0.0	3565.2	9.5	284
13	4	1975	4.0	0 0	24	6.1	-58	10.1	3574.7	9.6	284
13	4	1975	4.0	0 8	24	6.4	-58	11.5	3576.0	9.6	288
13	4	1975	4.0	214	2.4	12.5	-58	32.5	3596.0	9.3	287
13		1975	4 . 0	3 0		14.6		39.9	3603.2	9.4	287
13		1975	4.0	4 2		17.4		50.1	3612.8	10.2	
13		1975	4.0	5 5		19.7		1.6	3623.5	6.1	
13		1975	4.0	55?		23.9		59.1	3628.3		
13 13		1975	4 • 0	8 0		34.2 35.0		53.4 52.9	3639.8 3640.7	5.3 5.5	
13		1975	4.0	944		42.9		49 2	3649.3	8.7	24
13		1975	4.0	958		44.7		48.3	3651.3	8.8	21
13		1975		1012		46.6		47.5	3653.4	9.8	25
13		1975		11/30		58.2		41.6	3666.1	9.6	37
13		1975		1158				38.6	3670.6	10.1	37
13		1975		1245	25	8.1		33.4	3678.5	10.1	358
13	4	1975	4.0	1522	25	34.6	-58	34.4	3705.0	10.5	360
13	4	1975	4.0	1545	25	38.6	-58	34.4	3709.0	9.9	352
13		1975		17 0		50.9		36.3	3721.5	8.8	156
13		1975		1712		49.3		35.5	3723.2	9.2	156
13		1975		18 6		41.8		31.9	3731.5	8.8	156
13		1975		1938		29.4.		25.7	3745.0	8 • 2	154
13		1975		1954		27.4		24.6	3747.2	9.5	155
13		1975 1975		20 4 2045		26.0		23.9	3748.8 3755.2	9.3 9.8	175 14
13 13		1975		2116		24.6		21.9	3760.2	9.9	10
13		1975		2312		43.4		18.1	3779.4	9.1	14
13		1975		2330		46.0		17.4	3782.1	9.4	14
14		1975	4.0	128	26	4.0		12.6	3800.6	10.5	8
14		1975	4.0	145	26			12.2	3803.6	8.9	170
14	4	1975	4.0	314	25	53.9	-58	9.7	3816.8	9.0	168



DAY	MON	YEAR	TZ	TIME	LA	TITUDE	LONG	SITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
DAY 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	YEAR 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 197	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	71ME 430 5 6 7 2 730 820 9 8 11 0 11 3 1118 1130 1246 1434 15 0 1512 1620 17 0 18 0 1842 1951 2024	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	42.8 37.5 20.6 16.6 9.1 15.7 31.6 32.0 34.1 35.1 36.0 36.9 36.9 36.9 36.9 36.9 36.9 36.9 36.9 36.8	-58 -58 -57 -57 -57 -57 -57 -57 -57 -57 -57 -57	7 • 2 6 • 0	3828.2 3833.5 3850.8 3855.0 3862.7 3870.8 3890.1 3890.7 3893.3 3894.6 3896.3 3898.2 3898.4 3899.2 3910.0 3916.4 3926.3 3932.8	8.9 8.9 9.0 9.3 10.1 10.3 11.1 10.5 6.3 1.3 1.1	168 161 168 35 35 37
14 14 14 15 15	4 4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0	22 0 2210 2340 0 6 2 5 226	25 25 25 25 25 25	16.6 15.1 1.4 4.3 17.3	-57 -56 -56 -56	0.3 59.6 54.2 52.2 41.9	3961.3 3963.0 - 3977.5 3980.9 3997.0	9.7. 9.7	156 161 33 36 163 167
15 15 15 15 15 15	4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	412 420	24 24 25 25 25 25 24	57.1 55.9 6.3 11.2 12.9 57.2 50.2	-56 -56 -56 -56 -56	36.6 36.2 28.2 24.8 23.6 26.2 26.9	4017.7 4019.1 4031.8 4037.6 4039.6 4055.5	10.0 8.0 7.9	165 35
15 15 15 15 15 15 15	4 4 4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	10 2 1154 1224 1344 15 0 1538 16.5 1632	24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	55.8 9.2 12.8 15.2 17.6 18.8 19.8 20.3	-56 -56 -56 -56 -56 -56 -56	22.4 13.6 11.0 24.9 37.7 44.1 48.5 50.4	4069.4 4085.0 4089.2 4102.0 4113.8 4119.7 4123.9 4125.6	8.4 8.5 9.6 9.3 9.3 9.3 9.3	31 33 281 282 282 284 284 281
15 15 15 15 15 16 16	4 4 4 4 4 4	1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	1722 1920 1937 2120 2230 23 8 0 0 054 136	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	21.7 25.0 25.5 31.2 35.3 37.6 39.9 42.3 44.7	-57 -57 -57 -57 -57 -57 -58	59.0 18.0 20.6 36.1 46.2 51.7 59.7 8.1 14.6	4133.6 4151.0 4153.4 4168.6 4178.5 4184.0 4191.5 4199.5 4205.8	8.9 8.6 8.8 8.5 8.6 8.7 8.9 9.0	281 281 292 294 294 288 288 292 291





DAY	MON	YEAR	Т 7.	TIME	1 Δ	TETUDE	LONG	GITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
17		1975		1946		11.9		58.4	4570.6	10.1	285
17 17		1975 1975	4.0	1956 2122		12.4		0.2	4572.3	9.5	289
17		1975	4.0	2230	25			24.8	4585.9 4595.9	8.8 8.8	290 290
17		1975	4.0	23 4	25	21.9		30.0	4600.9	8.8	287
18		1975	4.0	0 C		24.3		38.7	4609.1	8.5	287
18		1975	4.0	015		25.0		40.9	4611.2	1.2	89
18	4	1975	4.0	016	25	25.0		40.9	4611.2	8 • 4	276
18	4	1975	4.0	048	25	25.4	-58	45.8 .	4615.7	8.6	273
18		1975	4.0	216		26.1		59.8	4628.4	9.6	353
18		1975	4.0	332	25	38.2		1.5	4640.6	9.6	347
18		1975	4.0	420		45.8	-59	3.4	4648.3	9.3	346
18 18		1975 1975	4.0	430 5 0	25	47.3	-59 -59		4649.8 4654.2	8 • 8 8 • 9	345 345
18		1975	4.0	520		54.4	- 59		4657.2	9.9	346
18		1975	4.0	551	25	59.4		7.2	4662.3	10.1	205
18		1975	4.0	719		45.9		14.1	4677.1	4.9	206
18	· 4	1975	4.0	728	25	45.3		14.5	4677.8	5.2	208
18		1975	4.0	735		44.7	-59	14.8	4678.4	0.5	262
18		1975	4.0	7 50		44.7		14.9	4678.5	0.5	266
18		1975	4.0	934	25	44.7		15.9	4679.4		236
18		1975		1054	25	44.5		16.2	4679.7	1.0	283
18 18		1975 1975		1137		44.7		16.9	4680.4 4681.4	4.3	308 312
18		1975		1336	25	57.1		32.4	4699.1	10.1	225
18		1975		1454	25			42.7		8.7	219
18		1975		1630		37.1		52.4	4726.1	8.6	
18	4	1975	4.0	1748	25	28.5	-60	0.2	4737.2	8.7	218
18	4	1975	4.0	1830			-60	4 . 4	4743.3	8.6	
18		1975		19 6		19.6	-60	7.9	4748.5	8 . 8	218
18		1975		1915		18.5		8.8	4749.8	9.0	218
18		1975 1975		1934 2032	25 25	9.6		10.7	4752.7 4761.5	9.1 9.8	221 223
18 18		1975		2054		7.0		19.8	4765.1	9.0	224
18		1975		22 0		59.9		27.3	4774.9	8.3	224
18		1975		2210	24			28.4	4776.3	8.5	224
18	4	1975	4.0	2230	24	56.8	-60	30.6	4779.1	9.3	223
18	4	1975	4 • 0	2356	24	47.1		40.6	4792.5	8.9	221
19		1975		0 0		46.7		41.1	4793.1	9.1	221
19		1975	4.0			27.7		59.1	4818.1	9.4	219
19		1975	4.0	3 0				0.6	4820.3	9.5	219
19 19		1975 1975	4.0	430 458		15.0		10.5	4834.5 4839.1	9.7 9.4	218 219
19		1975	4.0	6 0		3.9		20.2	4848.8	9.4	219
19		1975	4.0	618		1.8		22.2	4851.6	8.7	216
19		1975	4.0	646		58.5		24.8	4855.6	8.8	219
19	4	1975	4 • 0	822	23	47.5	-61	34.5	4869.7	8.9	219
19		1975	4.0	846		44.7		36.9	4873.3	9.5	222
19		1975	4.0	9 0		43.1		38.5	4875.5	9 • 4	222
19	4	1975	4.0	939	23.	38.5	-61	43.0	4881.6	4 • 4	224



DAY	мои	YEAR	ΤZ	TIME	LAT	TITUDE	LONG	SITUDE	DISTANCE	SPEED	COURSE
19	4	1975	4.0	957	23	37.6	-61	44.0	4882.9	9.5	222
19	4	1975	4:0	10 8	23	36.3	-61	45.2	4884.6	9.1	223
19		1975		1146		25.4		56.4	4899.5	9.7	221
19		1975		1230		20.1		1.5	4906.6	9.0	222
19		1975		14 0		10.0		11.2	4920.1	9.4	222
19		1975		1548		57.4		23.4	4937.0	8.9	225 .
19		1975		1642		51.7		29.5	4945.0	8.5	222
19		1975		17 0		49.8		31.3	4947.5	8.7	222
19		1975		1738		45.7		35.4	4953.1	8.6	221
19		1975		1940		32.6		47.7	4970.4	8.7	222
19		1975		20 0		30.5		49.8	4973.3	8.5	218
19 19		1975		2126		21.0		58.0	4985.5	9.4	215
19		1975 1975		2152		17.6		0.5	4989.5 4990.8	9.1 8.3	217 217
19		1975	4.0	22 0 23 C		16.6		6.7	4999.1	8.9	217
20		1975	4.0	0 0	22			12.3	5008.0	9.0	215
20		1975	4.0	048		56.9		16.8	5015.2	9.1	215
20		1975	4.0	156		48.5		23.1	5025.4	9.2	218
20		1975	4.0	3 0		40.8		29.7	5035.2	9.2	218
20		1975	4.0	340		36.0		33.8	5041.4	9.1	221
20		1975	4.0	540		22.1		46.5	5059.7	9.3	222
20		1975	4.0	6 0		19.8		48.8	5062.8	8.8	222
20		1975	4.0	724		10.6		57.7	5075.1	8 . 8	221
20		1975	4.0	9 0		59.9		7.6	5089.3	8.9	221
20		1975	4.0	942	20	55.2		12.0	5095.5	8.9	221
20		1975		10 0		53.1		13.9	5098.2	9.3	215
20		1975		1048		47.1		18.4	5105.6	9.2	216
20	4	1975		12 0		38.1	-64	25.3	5116.7	8.5	21.6
20	4	1975	4.0	15 0	20	17.4	-64	41.3	5142.2	9.4	216
20	4	1975	4.0	1720	19	59.6	-64	54.8	5164.1	9.2	215
20	4	1975	4.0	18 0	19	54.6	-64	58.6	5170.2	9.4	215
20	4	1975	4.0	1834	19	50.3	-65	1.9	5175.5	10.4	214
20	4	1975	4 20	19 2	19	46.3	-65	4.7	5180.4	10.0	214
20	4	1975	4.0	1920	19	43.8	-65	6.5	5183.4	9.6	214
20	4	1975	4.0	20 0	19	38.4		10.3	5189.8	10.3	214
20		1975	420	2036		33.3		14.0	5196.0	10.2	213
20		1975	4.0	21 4		29.3		16.7	5200.8	10.2	213
20	4	1975	4.0	2224	19	17.9		24.6	5214.3	10.1	210
20		1975	4.0	23 0	19	12.7		27.9	5220.4	10.3	223
20		1975	4.0	2354	19	5.9		34.6	5229.7	11.6	223
21		1975	4.0	0 0	19			35.4	5230.8	12.0	223
21		1975	4.0	320	18	35.7		3.9	5270.7	11.6	218
21	4	1975	4.0	4 0	18	29.6	-66	8.9	5278.4		



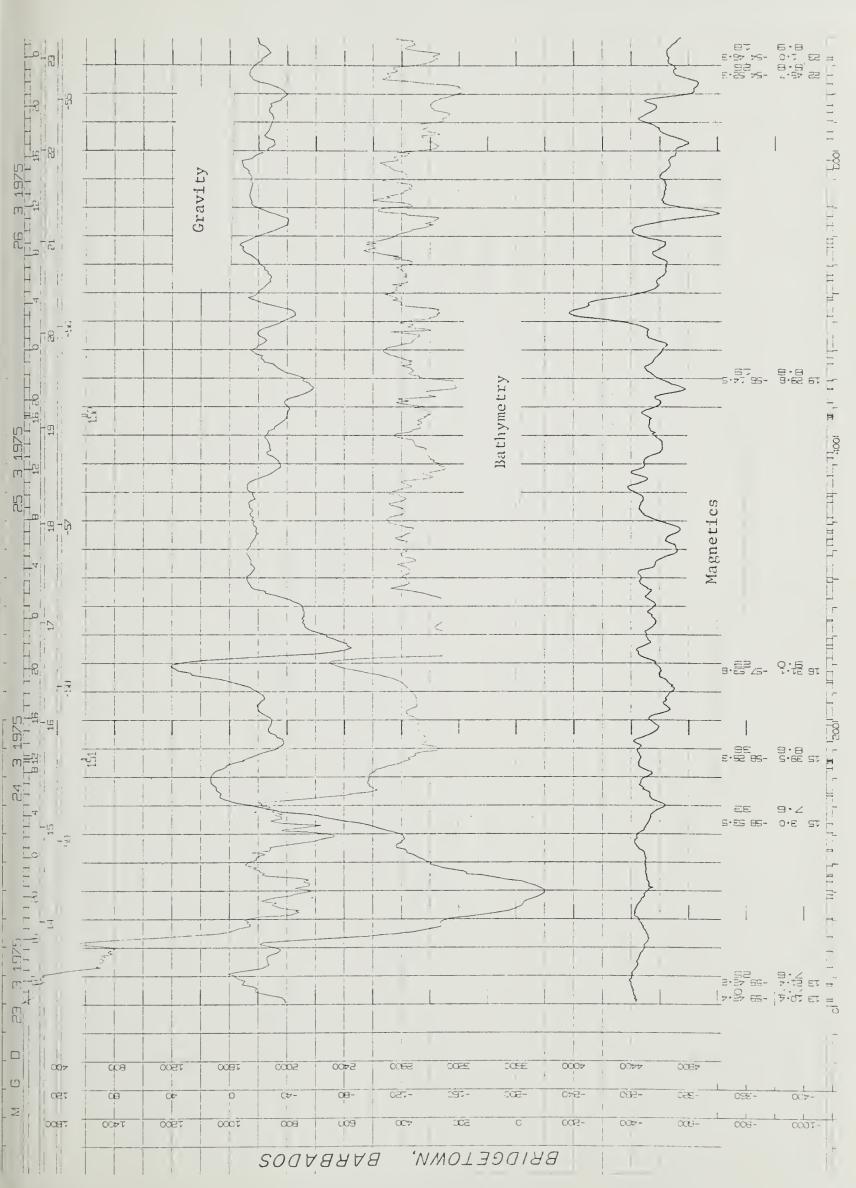
PART B

Bathymetric, Geomagnetic and Gravity profiles

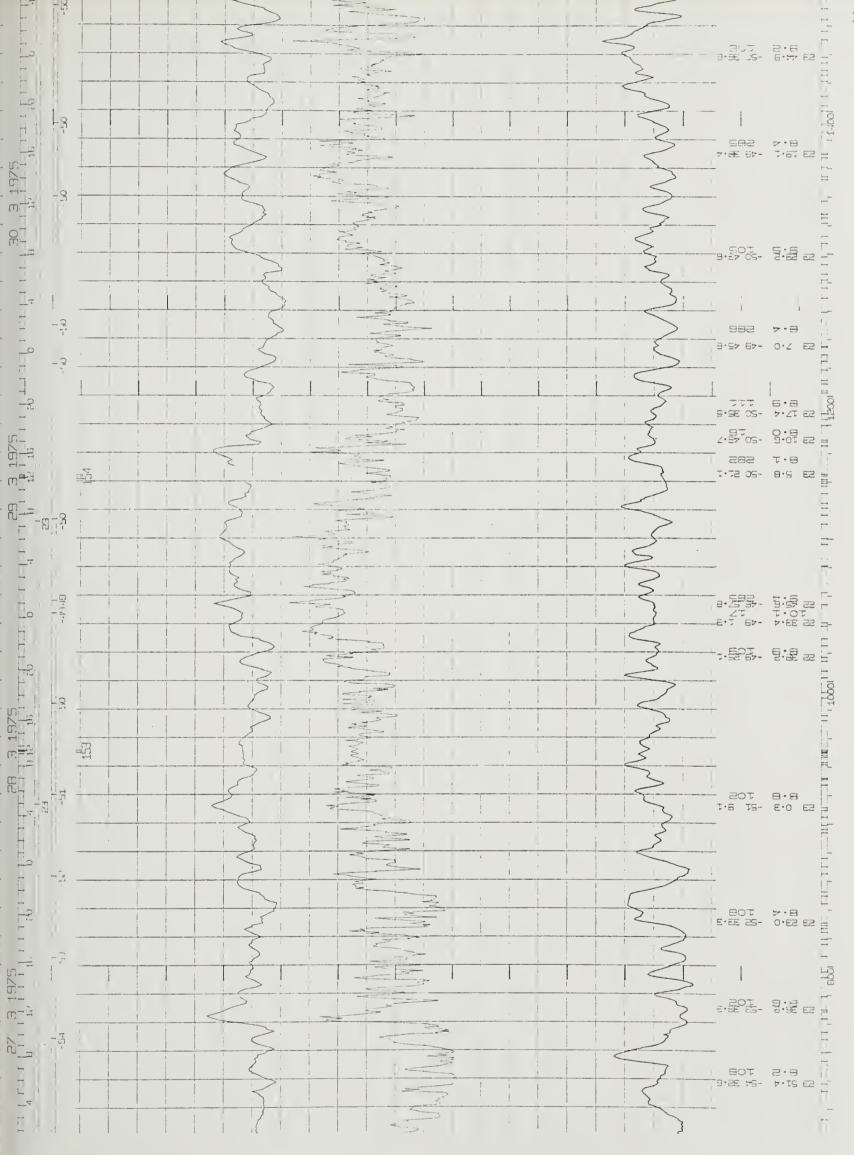
All bathymetric, gravimetric, magnetic and navigational data were digitized and reduced with the aid of an IBM 1130 digital computer and on-line Calcomp plotter. The entire data processing procedure including program listings is given in Talwani (1969).

The profiles of topography are plotted at a vertical exaggeration of 100:1. The units of depth used are nominal fathoms (1/400 sec reflection time). Residual geomagnetic anomalies are plotted in gammas (10⁵ gammas = 1 oersted). They are obtained by subtracting the regional magnetic field (Cain et al., 1964) from the observations of the total magnetic field. Free-air gravity anomalies are plotted in milligals (1 mgal = 10^{-3} cm/sec²). The topographic, geomagnetic, and gravity profiles are plotted with respect to distance, which is annotated at intervals of 200 nautical miles near the bottom of each profile. In addition, tick marks shown above the distance scale indicate the distance at which any change in course or speed occurred. The corresponding course and speed between changes and the coordinates at the points of change are annotated above the distance scale listings. Navigational changes which occur too frequently to be annotated in the space available or only minor adjustments in course or speed are indicated only by tick marks. Listings of the entire detailed navigation as well as navigation plots appear in Part A. The course and speed apply to the time interval following each entry.

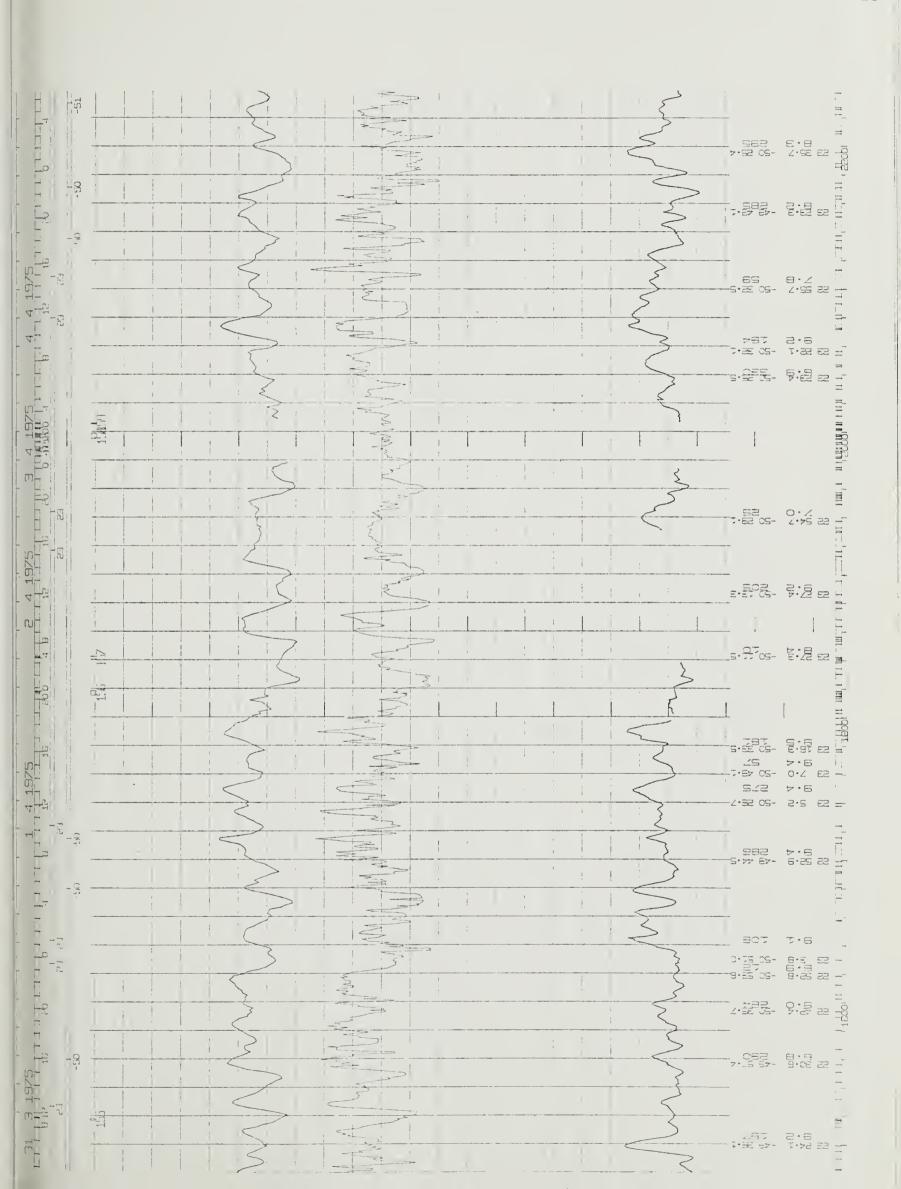




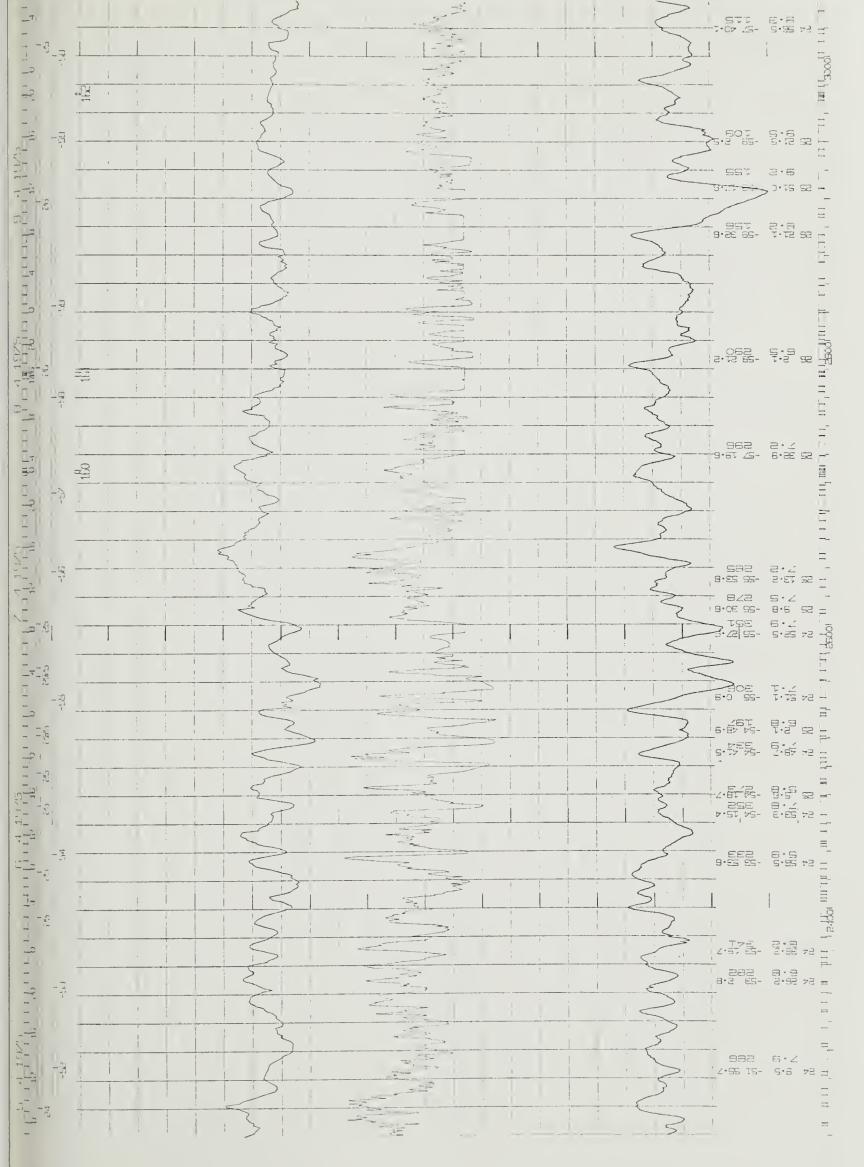




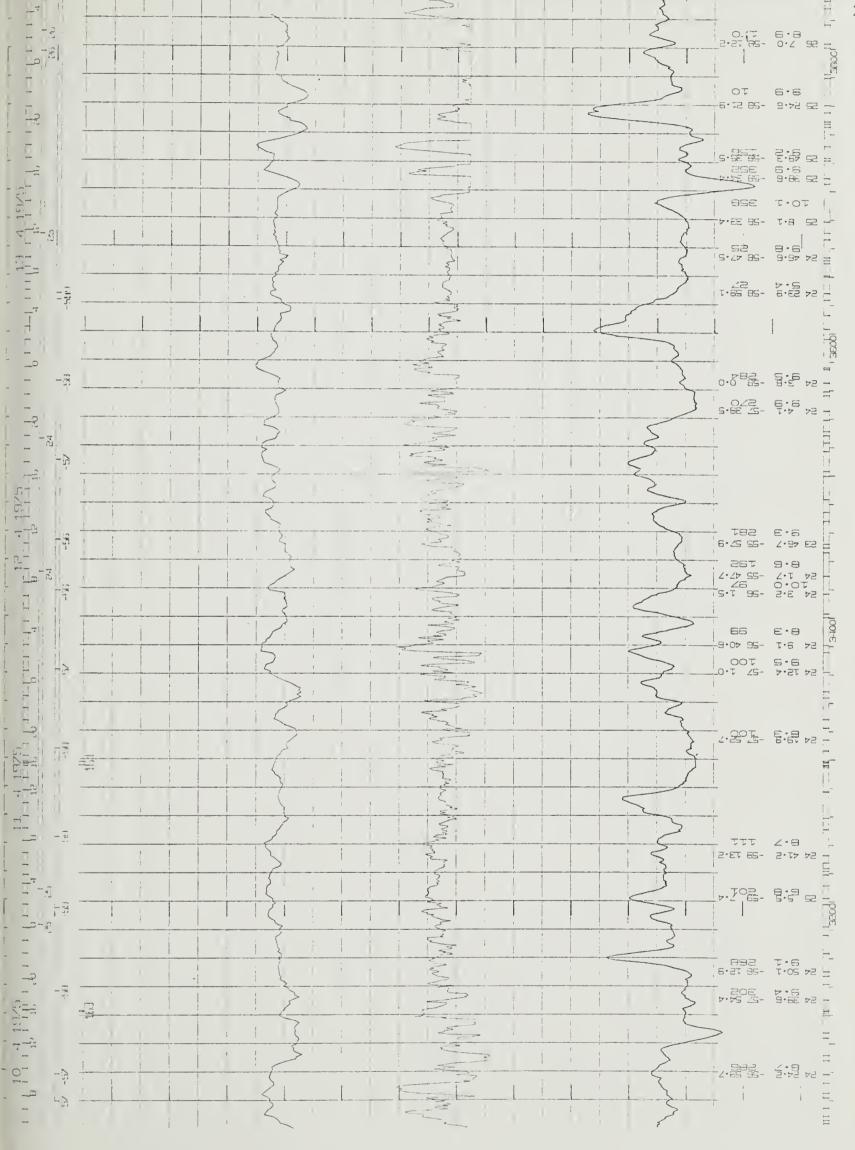






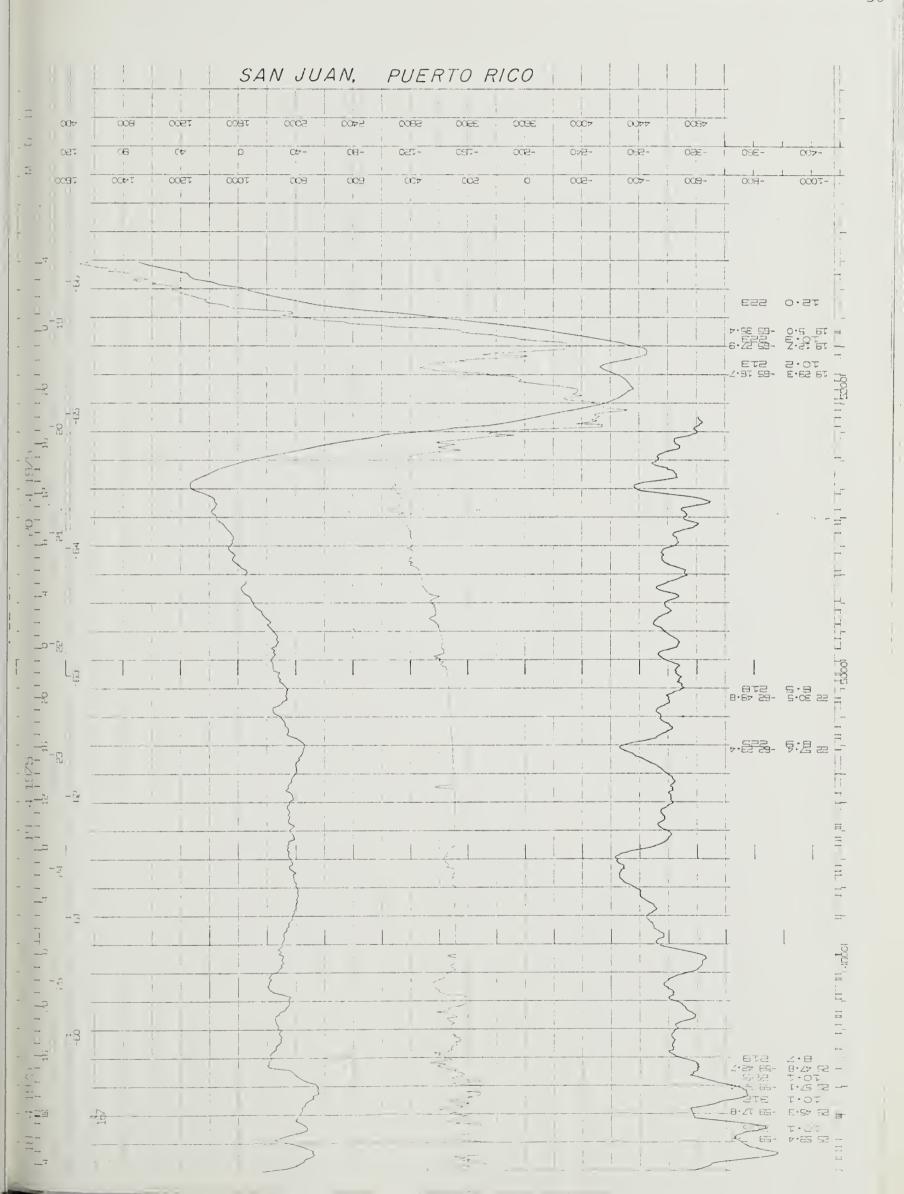














PART C

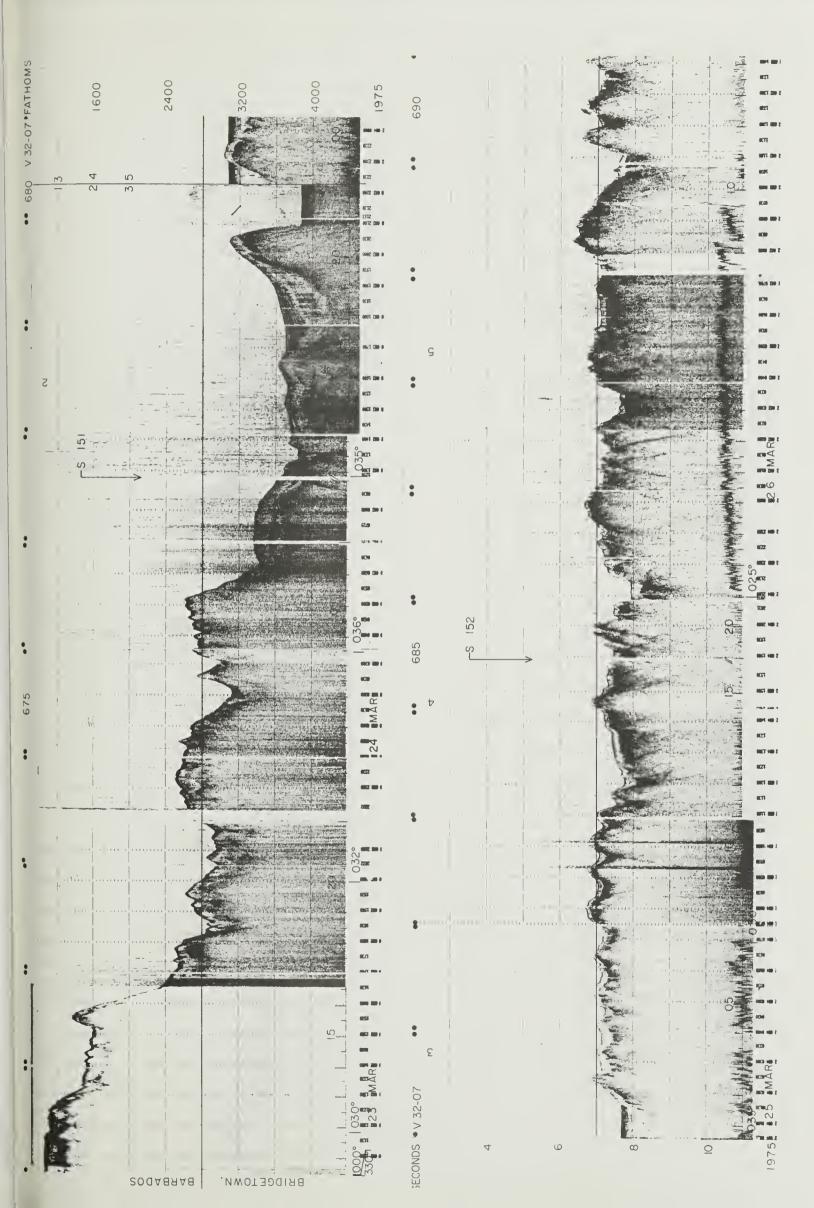
Seismic Reflection Records

Seismic profiler data are presented as reduced copies of the original recordings. The vertical scales on the left side and right side of each page are seconds of two-way reflection time and nominal fathoms.

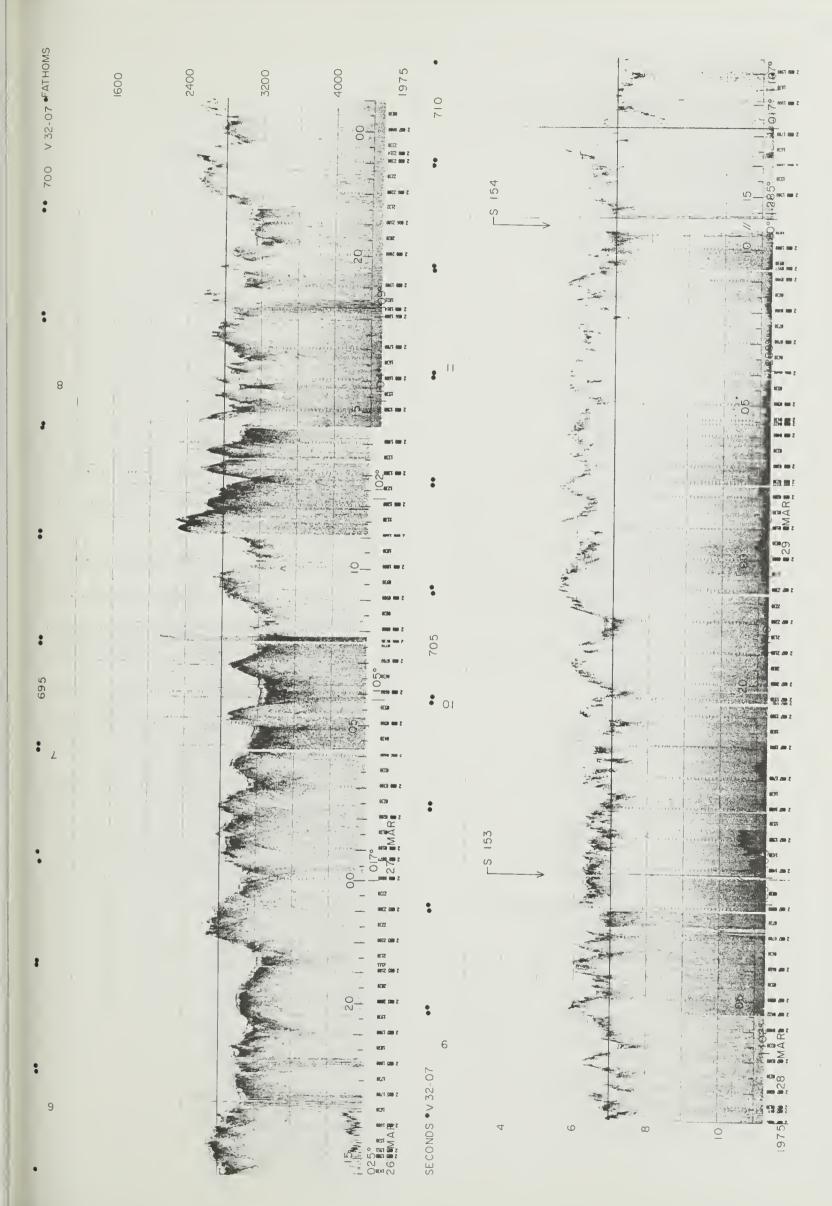
The time of day and ship's heading appear along the bottom of the profiler sections. The courses shown are courses steered as taken from the shipboard logs. These courses generally do not agree precisely with the tabulated navigational data, which are based on the course and speed made good. Hundreds of nautical miles are also annotated on the profiler records.

Each fifth profiler sheet number appears at the top of the pages; the intervening sheets are bracketed by two black dots. Major time-breaks in the profiler records are indicated by slanted lines in the lower time scale. The station locations are prefixed by the letter S followed by the station number. Sonobuoy locations are prefixed by the letter R.

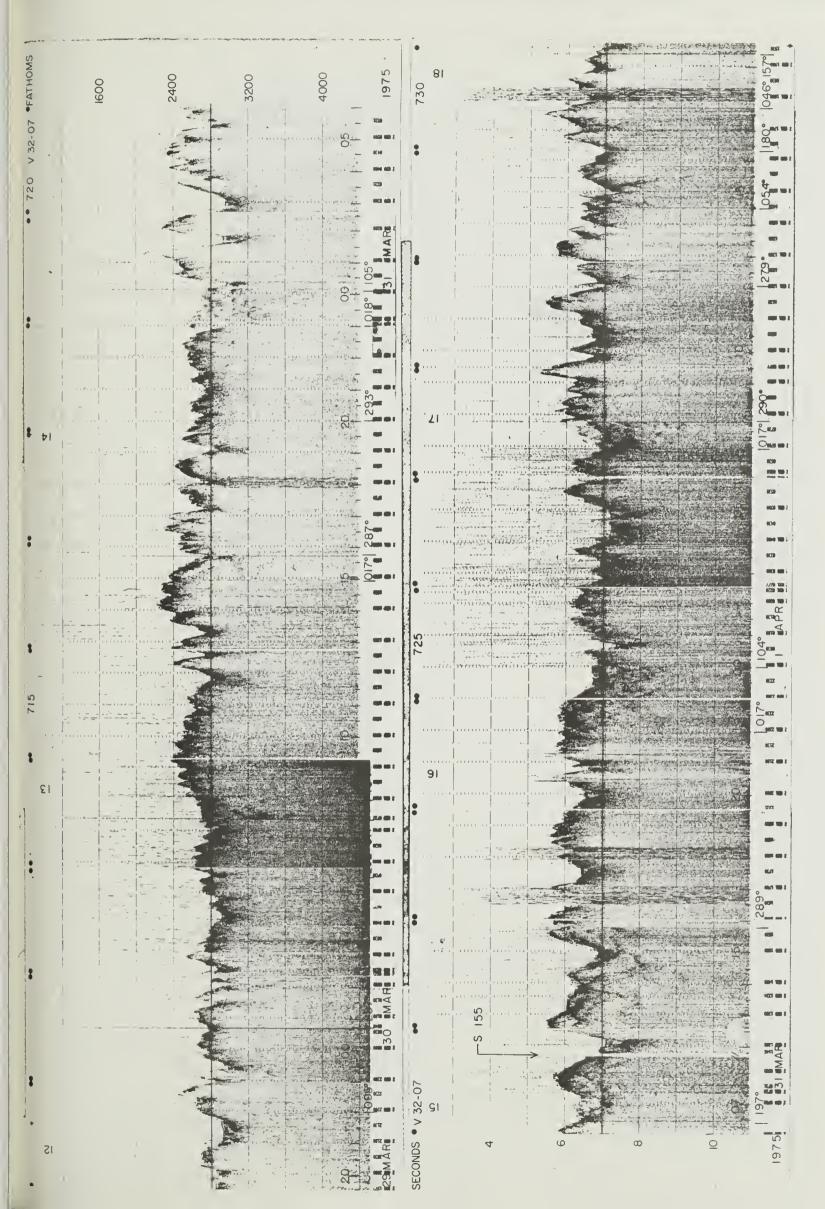




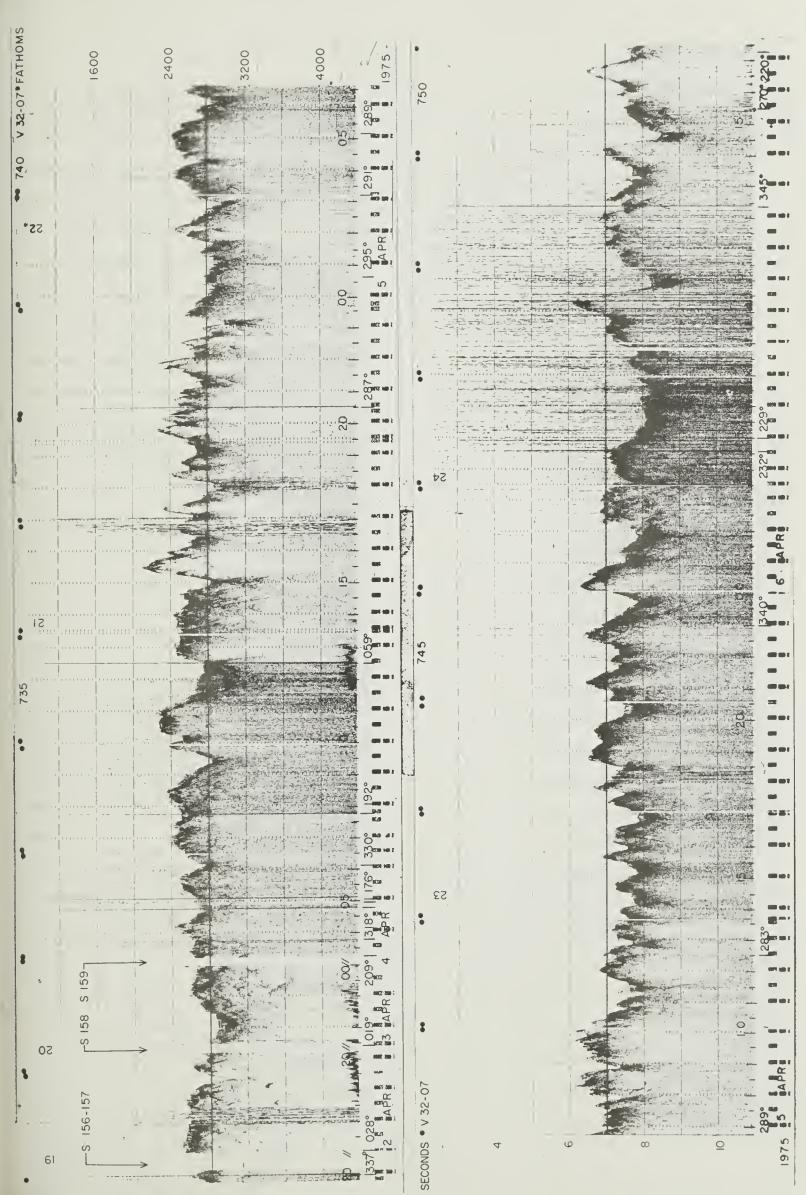




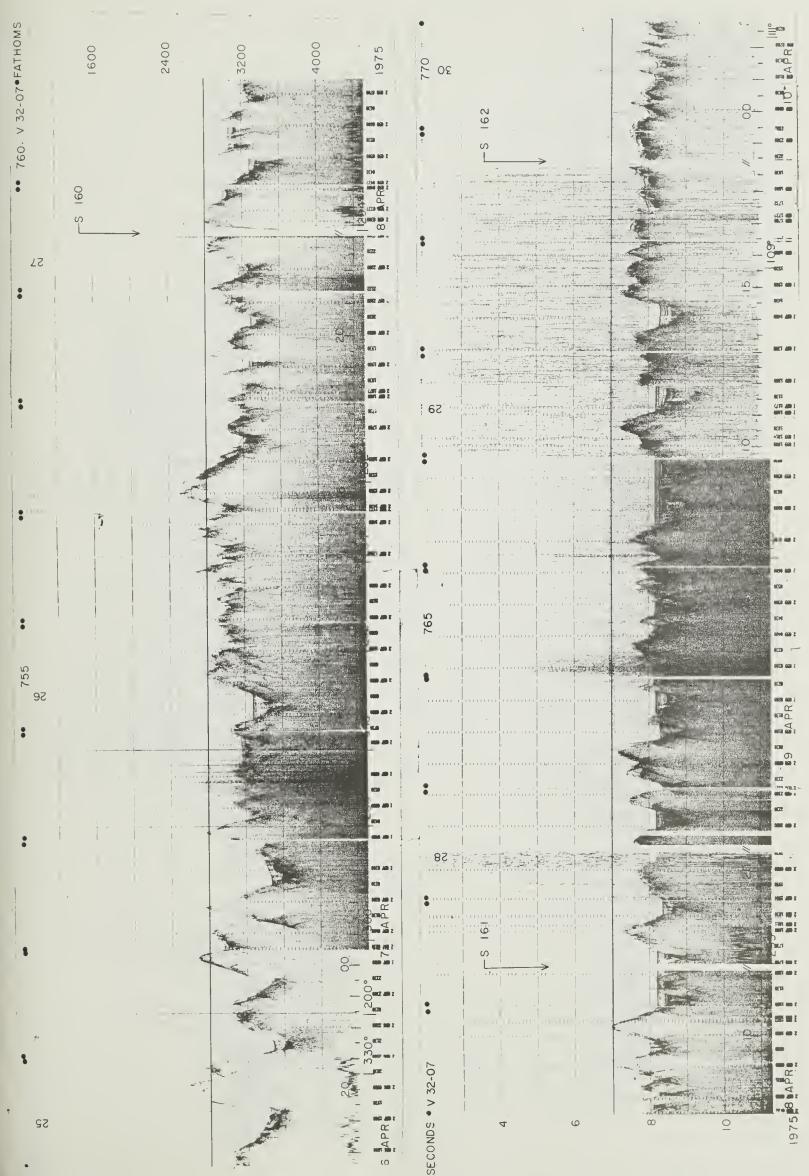




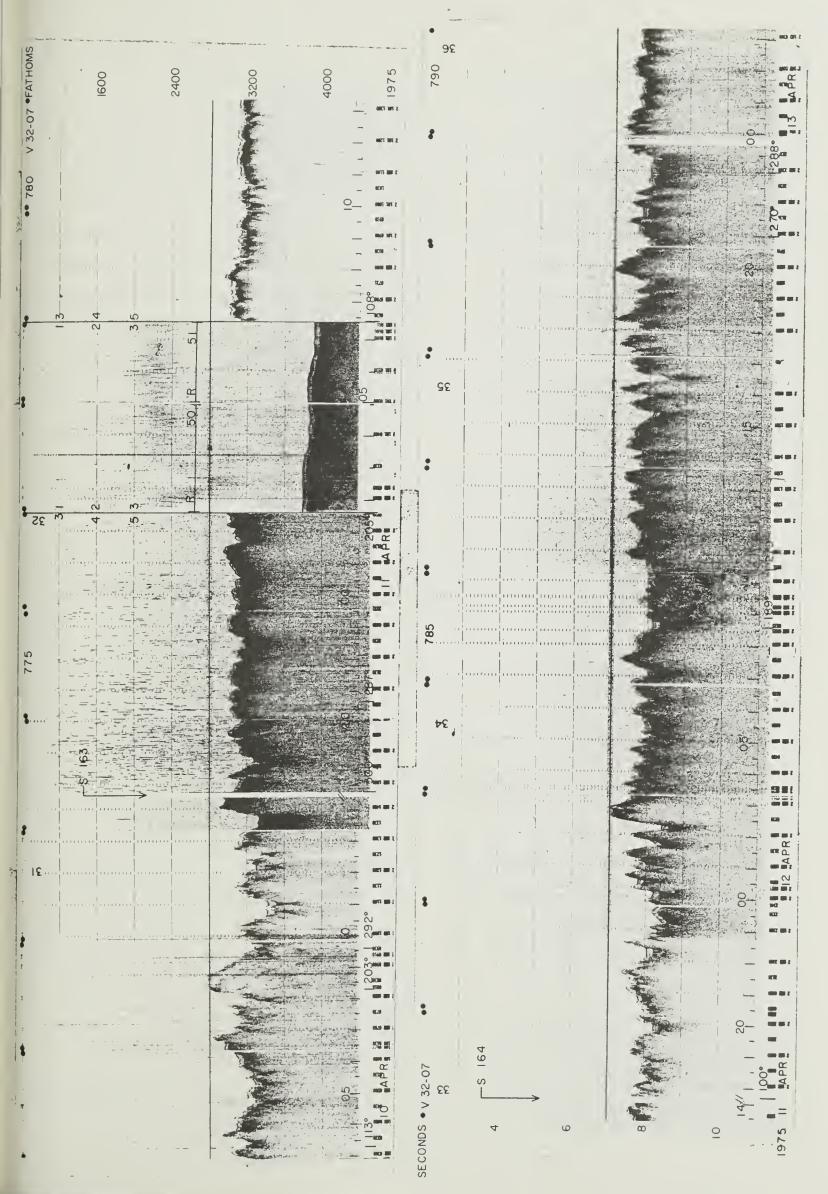




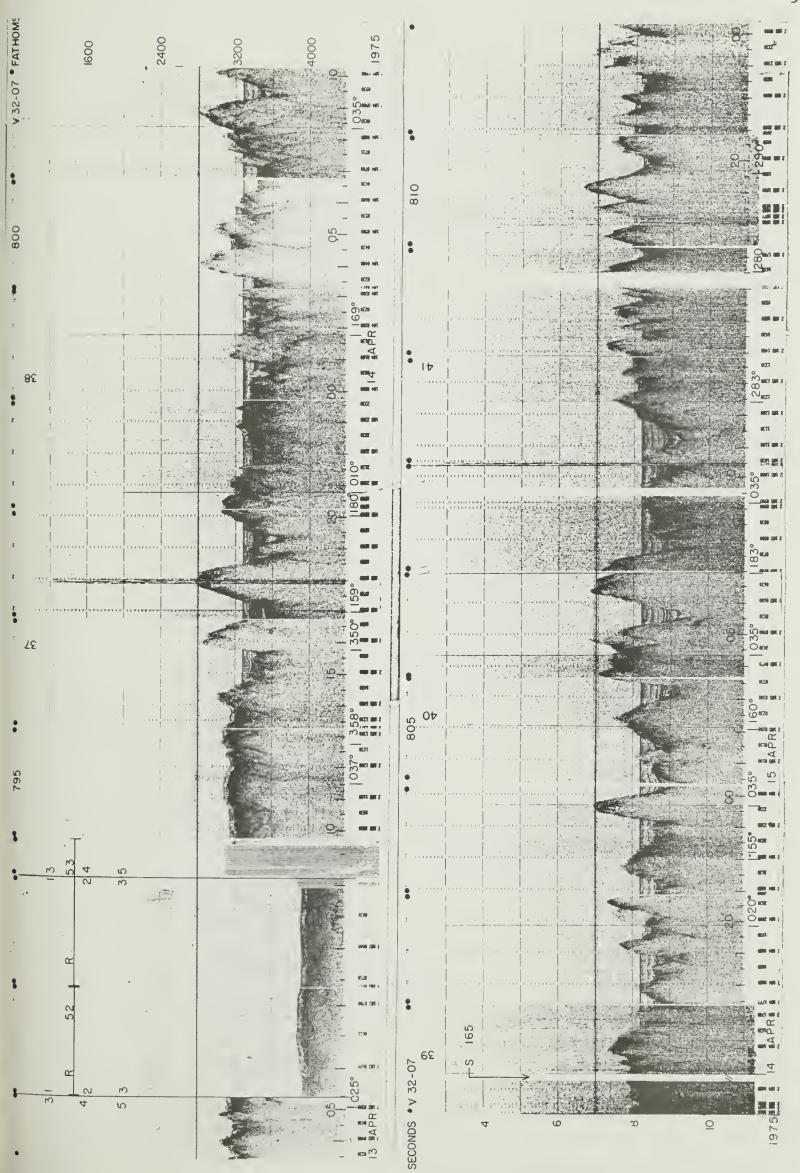




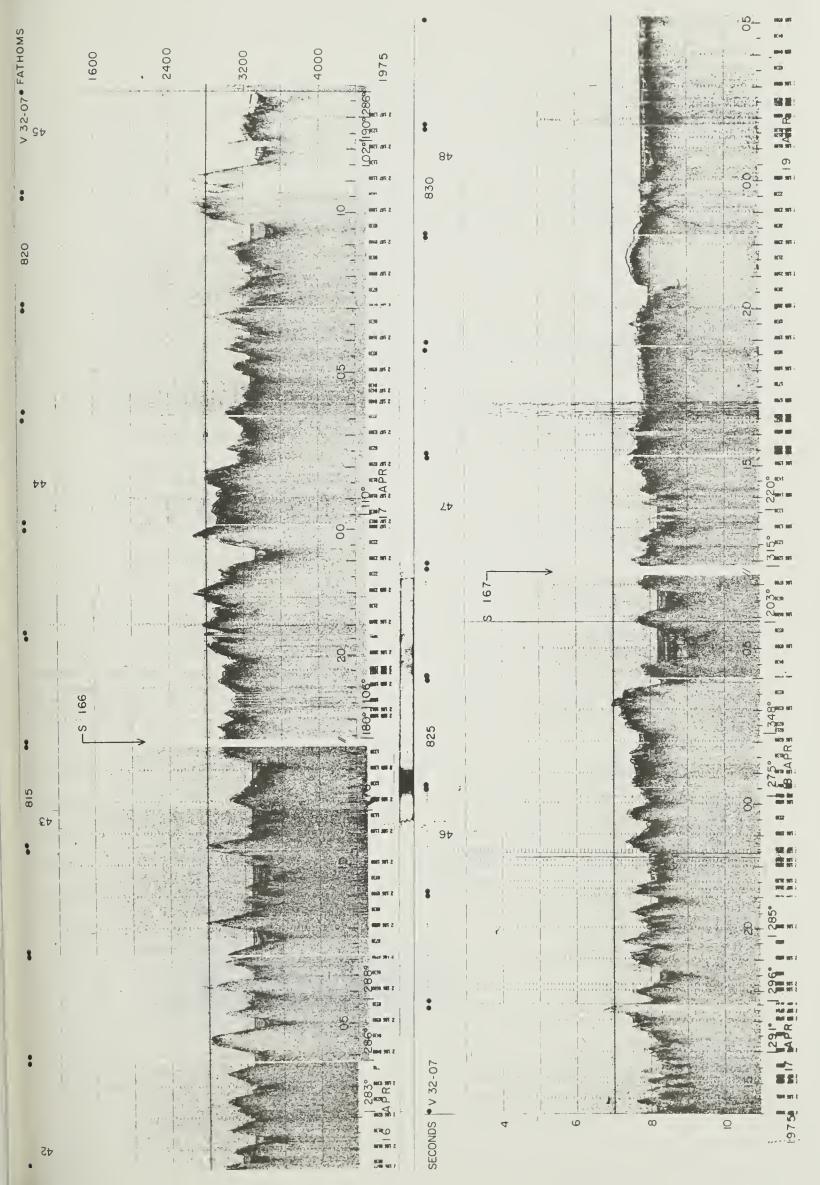


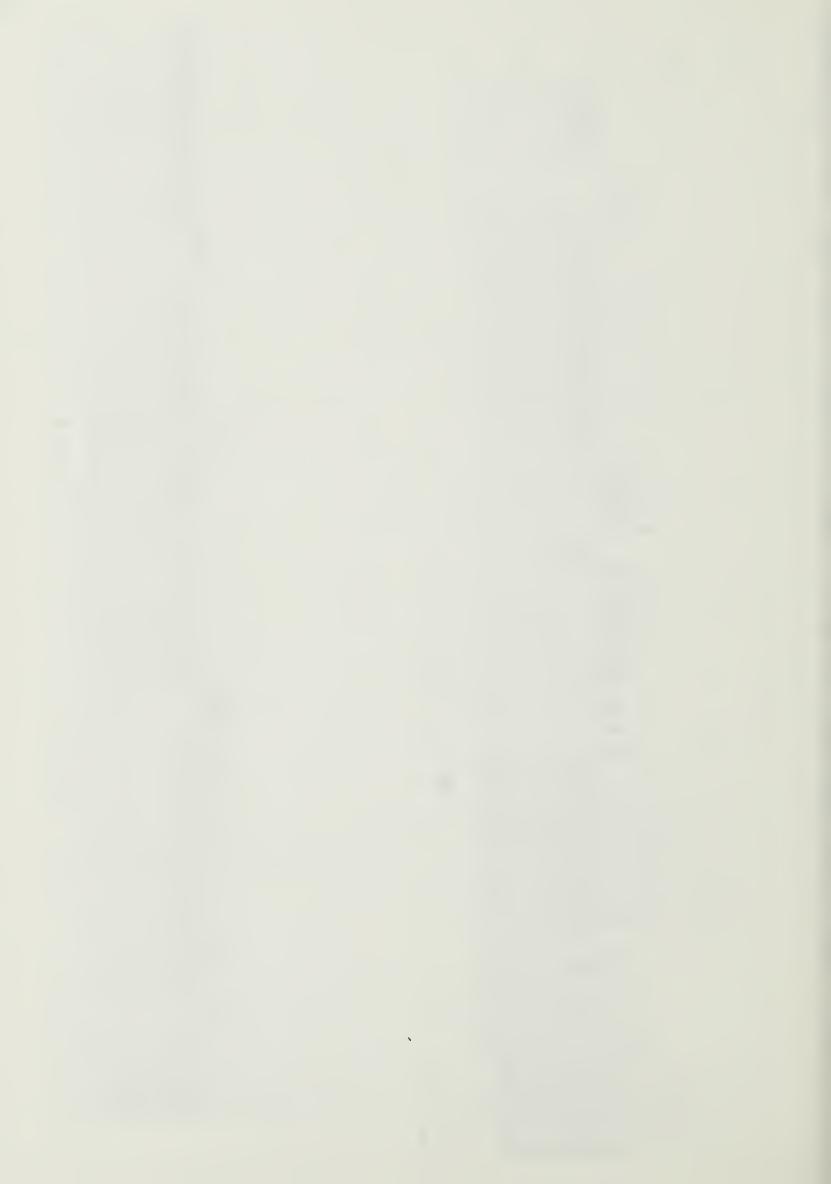


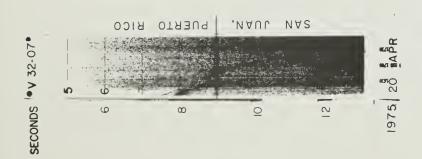














PART D. SONOBUOY RESULTS

Sonobuoy #50, 25°04.1'N, 59°07.9'N, profiler record #777

<u>v</u> ₂	<u>v</u> ₃	<u>V</u> _4	<u>v</u> ₅	Water Depth	<u>h</u> 2	h ₃	h ₄
1.80*	4.70	6.25	6.70	5.61	0.28	0.49	1.55

Sonobuoy #51, 24°50.8'N, 59°14.2'W, profiler record #778

$\frac{v_2}{}$	<u>v</u> 3	<u>4</u>	Water Depth	h 2	^h 3
1.80*	4.75	6.00	5.73	0.21	0.84

Sonobuoy #53, 24°31.3'N, 58°55.0'W, profiler record #793

<u>v</u> 2	<u>v</u> 3	<u>V</u> _4	V 5	Water Depth	h ₂	<u>h</u> ₃	h ₄
1.80*	4.70	6.15	7.10	5.88	0.30	0.60	1.60

all velocities are unreversed refraction velocities

^{*} Assumed velocity velocities (V) in km/sec thicknesses (h) in km insufficient data to compute sonobuoy #52



SECTION II

STATION DATA

Station Index

PART A: Core Descriptions

PART B: Heat Flow Measurements

PART C: Deep-Sea Photography

PART D: Nephelometer Results



VEMA 3207 STATION INDEX

z	Station									32	33	34	35A	35	36	37	8 8
×			19	62	63					19	65	99	67	•89	69	70	71
TG	. Test	10	11	12A	12B	12C	12	13	14	15	16	17A	17	18	19	20A	20
O	0.B.S.	72	73	74	75	92	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	48	82	98	87
W Longitude	58028.1	56024.31	50032.81	50°23.51	49044.21	50021.1	50012.01	50014.01	50012.61	57010.7	58013.31	58°27.81	57047.01	58008.51	57°36.81	59057.31	59015.91
N Latitude	15039.31	19007.1	22°51.5'	23°08.41	23°07.3'	23°08.1'	23°27.21	23°27.41	23°28.41	25°28.91	25°59.01	25°10.6'	24035.81	24°21.5'	25°36.01	25°56.51	25044.61
th (corr. m) art End	5390	5662	4774	5074	5159	4973	4726	7474	5013	5251	6247	5903	5637	2900	5662	5651	5826
Depth (Start	5415	5606	6694	5169	5097	5161	4958	0964	. 4885	5280	6779	5817	5627	. 4809	4409	5523	5985
Time End	1240	1850	1341	1407	1139	0045	0651	2040	0300	0230	1640	2215	1736	1730	1500	1658	1137
Start	0928	1614	0915	1057	0845	2148	0414	1818	6600	2316	1224	1912	1439	1415	1130	1400	0735
Date	24 Mar.	25	28	29	31	1-2 Apr.	2	m	#	7-8	ω	თ	10	11	14	16	8 1
Ship Station	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	. 163	164	165	166	167

N = Nephelometer K - Camera C = Core TG - Thermograd

Letter suffix denotes equipment malfunction on station - NO DATA



PART A

CORE DESCRIPTIONS - VEMA CRUISE 3207

(Preliminary shipboard descriptions by Dave Pratt)

Date: 25 March 1975 Latitude: 19°07.1'N

Ship Station No.: 152 Longitude: 56°24.3'W

Core No: 72 Depth: 5627 m

Site: Not in site region

Core Length: 1071 cm

0-710 cm

Clay; moderate to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content nil. Coarse fraction nil.

710-1071 cm

Flow-in



Date: 28 March 1975 Latitude: 22°51.5'N

Ship Station No.: 153 Longitude: 50°32.8'W

Core No: 73 Depth: 4749 m

Site: 4

Core Length: 457 cm

0-99 cm

Foraminiferal marl; moderate yellowish brown (10YR5/4). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content moderate. Coarse fraction 25-30% consisting mainly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera. Negligible echinoid spines, quartz grains and plant debris. Basal contact a sharp irregular color change. Patches of clay and dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2) are interbedded with this unit. Carbonate content and coarse fraction are nil.

99-118 cm

Marl; Grayish orange (10YR7/4) to moderate yellowish brown (10YR5/4).

Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content moderate. Coarse fraction less than 5% consisting mainly of manganese micronodules and planktonic foraminifera. Negligible quartz grains. Basal contact a gradational color change.

118-360 cm

Foraminiferal marl; similar in color composition and texture to unit between 0-99 cm.

360-377 cm

Foraminiferal chalk ooze; Grayish orange (10YR7/4). Moist and firm. Carbonate content high. Coarse fraction about 40% consisting mostly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera. Occasional manganese micronodules, quartz grains and plant debris. Basal contact a gradational color change.

377-457 cm

Foraminiferal marl; similar in color, composition and texture to unit between 0-99 cm.



Date: 29 March 1975 Latitude: 23°08.4'N

Ship Station No.: 154 Longitude: 50°23.5'W

Core No: 74 Depth: 5171 m

Site: 4

Core Length: 533 cm

0-177 cm

Clay; dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content nil. Coarse fraction nil. Basal contact a sharp color change.

177-182 cm

Chalk; Grayish orange (10YR7/4) to moderate yellowish brown (10YR5/4). Moist and firm. Carbonate content high. Coarse fraction 5-10% consisting mostly of planktonic foraminifera. Frequent fish teeth. Negligible benthonic foraminifera and sub rounded quartz grains. Basal contact a gradational color change.

182-349 cm

Clay; similar in color, composition and texture to unit between 0-177 cm.

Basal contact a gradational color and textural change.

349-354 cm

Foraminiferal ooze; Moderate to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist and semi-consolidated. Carbonate content high. Coarse fraction about 80% consisting mostly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera and manganese micronodules. Frequent fish teeth. Negligible echinoid spines. Basal contact a gradational color and textural change.

354-533 cm

Interbedded layers of <u>chalk</u> and <u>clay</u> similar to unit between 0-177 cm and 177-182 cm.



Date: 31 March 1975 Latitude: 23°07.3'N

Ship Station No.: 155 Longitude: 49°44.2'W

Core No: 75 Depth: 5143 m

Site: 4

Core Length: 345 cm

0-169 cm

Clay; dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed.

Carbonate content low. Coarse fraction negligible consisting of planktonic foraminifera. Basal contact a gradational color change.

169-177 cm

Chalk; grayish orange (10YR7/4). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content moderate to high. Coarse fraction less than 5% consisting mostly of planktonic foraminifera. Negligible manganese micronodules. Basal contact an indistinct color change.

177-345 cm

Clay; moderate to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Similar in composition and texture to unit between 0-169 cm.



Date: 1-2 April 1975 Latitude: 23°08.1'N

Ship Station No.: 156 Longitude: 50°21.1'W

Core No: 76 Depth: 5080 m

Site: 4

Core Length: 471 cm

0-73 cm

Clay; moderate yellowish brown (10YR5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content very low. Coarse fraction less than 5% consisting mostly of planktonic foraminifera. Negligible benthonic foraminifera and manganese micronodules. Basal contact a sharp, irregular color change.

73-77 cm

Chalk; grayish orange (10YR7/4). Moist and firm. Carbonate content moderate to high. Coarse fraction 5-10% consisting mainly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera. Negligible sub angular quartz grains and manganese micronodules. Basal contact a gradational color change.

77-210 cm

Clay; similar to unit between 0-73 cm.

210-220 cm

Chalk; similar to unit between 73-77 cm.

220-307 cm

Clay

307-390 cm

Foraminiferal chalk ooze; grayish orange (10YR7/4). Moist and firm. Carbonate content high. Coarse fraction about 40% consisting mainly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera.

398-471 cm

Interbedded layers of chalk and clay similar to previous units.



Date: 2 April 1975 Latitude: 23°27.2'N

Ship Station No.: 157 Longitude: 50°12.0'W

Core No: 77 Depth: 4918 m

Site: 4

Core Length: 412 cm

0-124 cm

Clay; grayish orange (10YR7/4) to moderate yellowish brown (10YR5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content very low. Coarse fraction 5-10% consisting mainly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera. Negligible sub angular quartz grains, fish teeth and manganese micronodules. Basal contact an indistinct gradational color change.

124-147 cm

Foraminiferal chalk; grayish orange (10YR7/4). Moist and firm. Carbonate content high. Coarse fraction about 25% consisting mostly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera. Negligible echinoid spines and fish teeth. Basal contact a gradational color change.

147-412 cm

Interbedded layers of <u>clay</u> and <u>foraminiferal chalk</u>; similar to above units.



Date: 3 April 1975 Latitude: 23°27.4'N

Ship Station No.: 158 Longitude: 50°14.0'W

Core No: 78 Depth: 4914 m

Site: 4

Core Length: 309 cm

0-120 cm

Clay; moderate to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content low. Coarse fraction less than 5% consisting mostly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera. Negligible fish teeth and manganese micronodules. Basal contact a gradational color change.

120-142 cm

Chalk; grayish orange (10YR7/4) to moderate yellowish brown (10YR5/4).

Moist and firm. Carbonate content moderate to high. Coarse fraction less
than 5% consisting mostly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera. Basal
contact a gradational color change.

142-270 cm

Clay; similar to unit between 0-120 cm.

270-307 cm

Chalk; similar to unit between 120-142 cm.

307-309 cm

Clay



Date: 4 April 1975 Latitude: 23°28.4'N

Ship Station No.: 159 Longitude: 50°12.6'W

Core No: 79 Depth: 4914 m

Site: 4

Core Length: 263 cm

0-263 cm

Foraminiferal marl; grayish orange (10YR7/4) to moderate yellowish brown (10YR5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content low to moderate. Coarse fraction about 10% consisting mainly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera. Frequent manganese micronodules. Negligible quartz grains. Size of manganese nodules increases with depth up to about 147 cm. At this depth, coarse fraction is all manganese. Below 147 cm there are no manganese micronodules. From 147-263 cm may be flow in, but too soupy to determine.



Date: 8 April 1975 Latitude: 25°28.9'N

Ship Station No.: 160 .Longitude: 57°10.7'W

Core No: 80 Depth: 5300 m

Site: 3

Core Length: 325 cm

0-240 cm

Clay; moderate to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content very low. Coarse fraction nil. Basal contact a gradational color change.

240-250 cm

Foraminiferal marl; grayish orange (10YR7/4) to moderate yellowish brown (10YR5/4). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content moderate. Coarse fraction about 10% consisting mostly of benthonic and planktonic foraminifera. Occasional manganese micronodules. Basal contact a gradational color change.

250-325 cm

Clay; similar in color, composition and texture to unit between 0-240 cm.



Date: 8 April 1975 Latitude: 25°59.0'N

Ship Station No.: 161 Longitude: 58°13.3'W

Core No: 81 Depth: 6249 m

Site: 3

Core Length: 323 cm

0-60 cm

Clay; pale yellowish brown (10YR6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2).

Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content nil. Coarse fraction nil.

Basal contact a very sharp color change.

60-323 cm

Clay; olive green (5Y4/1). Moist and firm. Carbonate content nil.



Date: 9 April 1975 Latitude: 25°10.6'N

Ship Station No.: 162 Longitude: 58°27.8'W

Core No: 82 Depth: 5885 m

Site: 3

Core Length: 582 cm

0-582 cm

Clay; moderate to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content nil. Coarse fraction nil.



Date: 10 April 1975 Latitude: 24°35.8'N

Ship Station No.: 163 Longitude: 57°47.0'W

Core No: 83 Depth: 5610 m

Site: 3

Core Length: 460 cm

0-460 cm

Clay; moderate yellowish brown (10YR5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content nil. Coarse fraction nil.



Date: 11 April 1975 Latitude: 24°21.5'N

Ship Station No.: 164 Longitude: 58°08.5'W

Core No: 84 Depth: 6034 m

Site: 3

Core Length: 404 cm

0-348 cm

Clay; dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed.

Carbonate content nil. Coarse fraction nil. Basal contact a sharp color and textural change. Several large manganese nodules are scattered throughout this layer.

348-353 cm

Manganese crust; black (N-1). Very firm. Basal contact a sharp color and textural change.

353-404 cm

Clay; moderate reddish orange (10YR6/6) to light brown (5YR5/6).

Moist and firm. Carbonate content nil. Coarse fraction negligible consisting of fish teeth; manganese micronodules and quartz grains. A large manganese nodule is present at the bottom of the core. It appears to be formed around a piece of highly weathered igneous rock; perhaps basement material. This may be so as the cutting edge was folded and crumpled and a very hard pullout was experienced. Sediment cover in the area was very thin.



Date: 14 April 1975 Latitude: 25°36.0'N

Ship Station No.: 165 Longitude: 57°36.8'W

Core No: 85 Depth: 5850 m

Site: 3

Core Length: 323 cm

0-323 cm

Clay; moderate to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content very low. Coarse fraction nil.



Date: 16 April 1975 Latitude: 25°56.5'N

Ship Station No.: 166 Longitude: 59°57.3'W

Core No: 86 Depth: 5570 m

Site: 3

Core Length: 1138 cm

0-1138 cm

Clay; dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed.

Carbonate content nil. Coarse fraction nil.

There is most certainly flow-in present in this core; but due to its homogeneous composition, it is not possible to ascertain its beginning.



Date: 18 April 1975 Latitude: 25°44.6'N

Ship Station No.: 167 Longitude: 59°15.9'W

Core No: 87 Depth: 5820 m

Site: 3

Core Length: 823 cm

0-823 cm

Clay; moderate to dark yellowish brown (10YR4/2). Moist, firm and burrowed. Carbonate content nil. Coarse fraction nil. An occasional manganese nodule is present in the core.



PART B

Heat Flow Measurements

Compiled By: Lois K. Ongley and Marcus G. Langseth

The following pages show the geothermal data for each heat flow station taken durning R/V VEMA cruise 32, leg — The data are presented both graphically and in tabular form.

The graphs show Temperature Difference $(T_{sed}^{-T}H_{2}O)$ and Thermal Conductivity versus Depth of Penetration in the sediment.

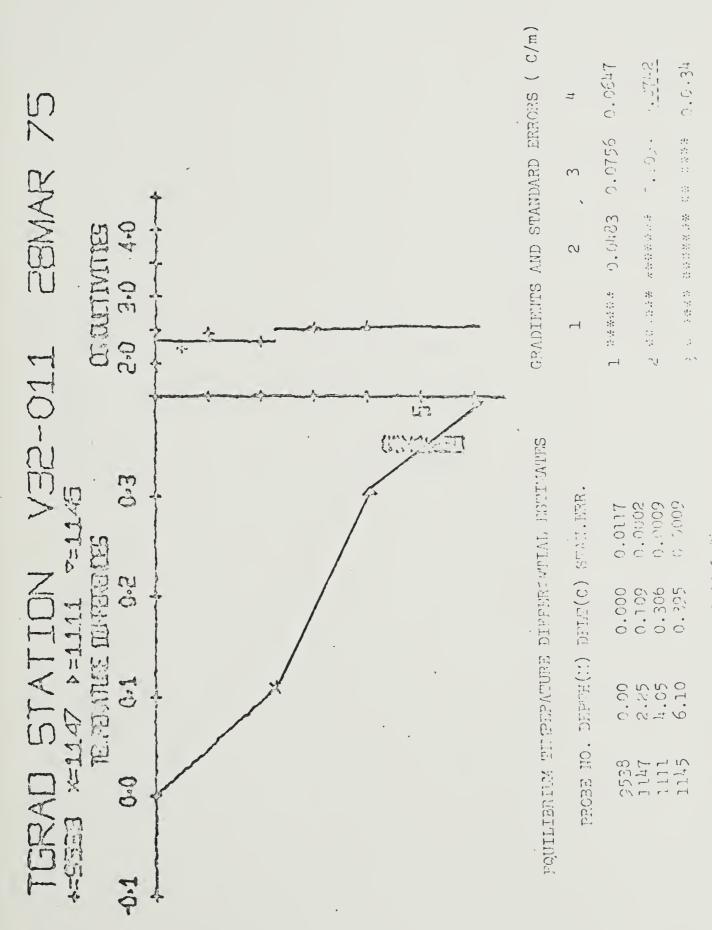
There are two tables for each station. The first shows the depth of penetration, temperature difference and the standard error associated with this temperature difference for each probe. The calculated bottom water temperature is given.

The second table is a gradient and standard error matrix. The values are arranged as follows:

PROBE 1	PROBE 2	PROBE 3	PROBE 4
	gradient(2-1) stan.err.	gradient(3-1) stan.err.	gradient(4-1) stan.err.
স্বাধ স্থাৰ স্থাৰ স্থাৰ স্থাৰ স্থাৰ	*******	gradient(3-2)	gradient(4-2)
भूत्र के के के के के क	স্কুত স্কুত স্কুত স্কুত স্কুত	stan.err.	stan, err,
मेर और और और और और और	ok ok ok ok ok ok ok ok ok	******	gradient(4-3)
भूद भूद भूद भूद भूद भूद भूद	5/5 5/5 5/5 5/5 5/5 5/5 5/5	স্থান সং সং সং সং সং	stan.err.

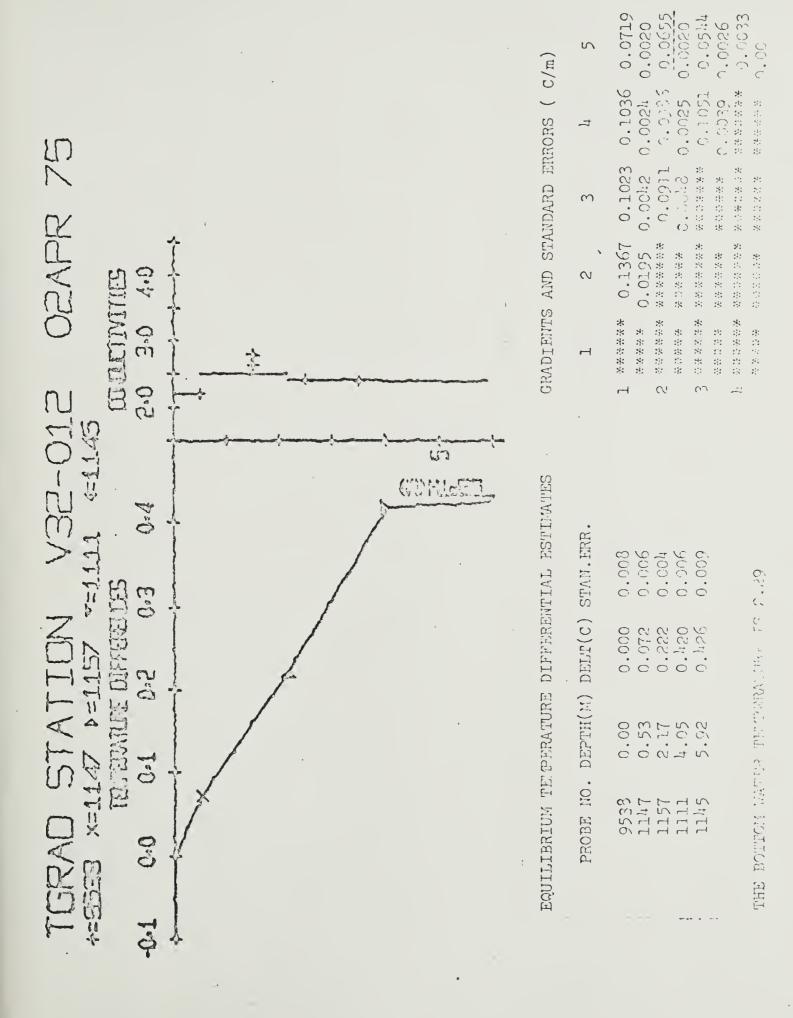
The gradient chosen for heat flow calculations is underlined or oted separately. Where the temperature differences were not calulated by computer (V32-011) there are no standard error calculations.



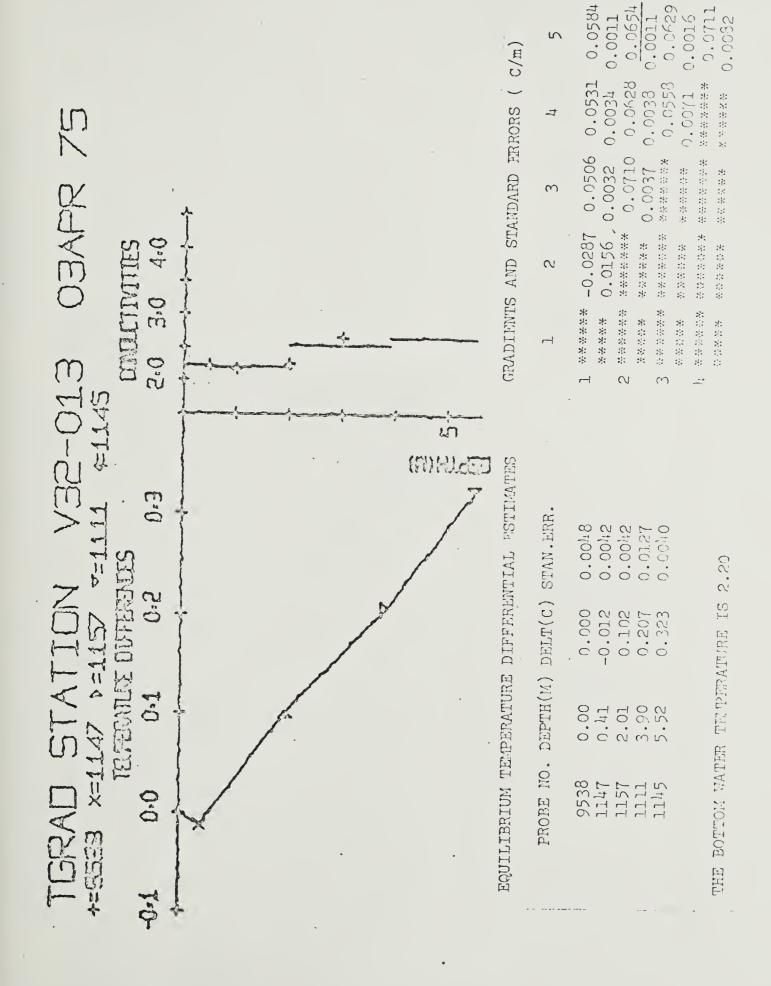


THE PARTY CALLS OF THE PARTY TO THE

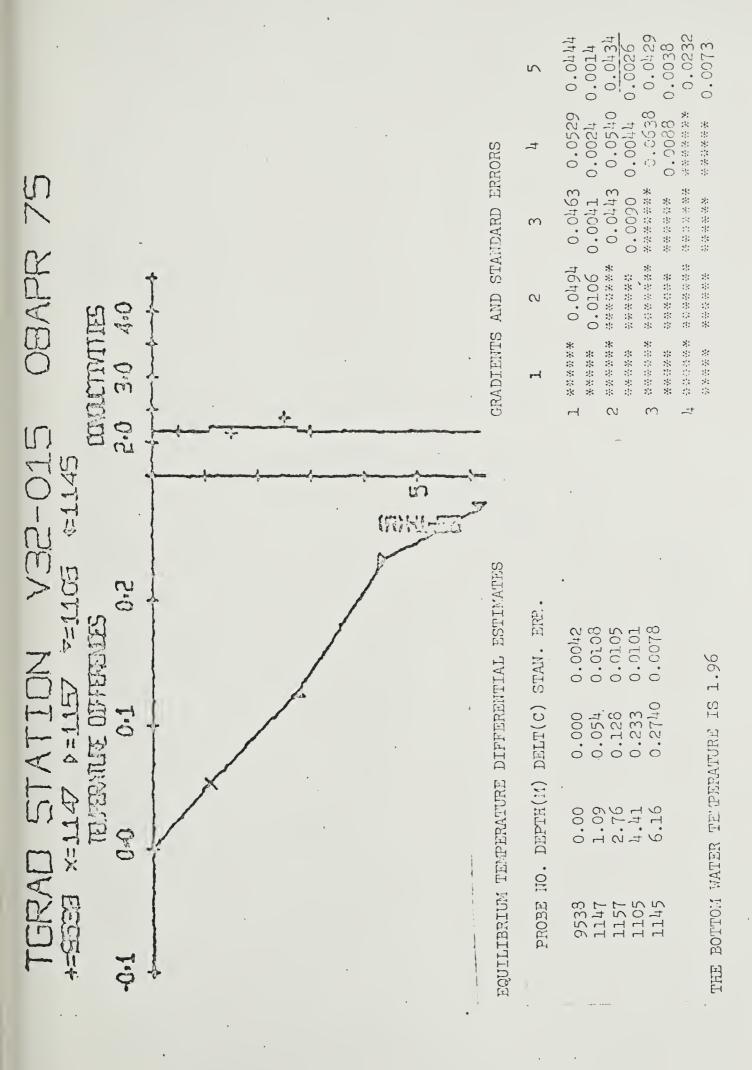




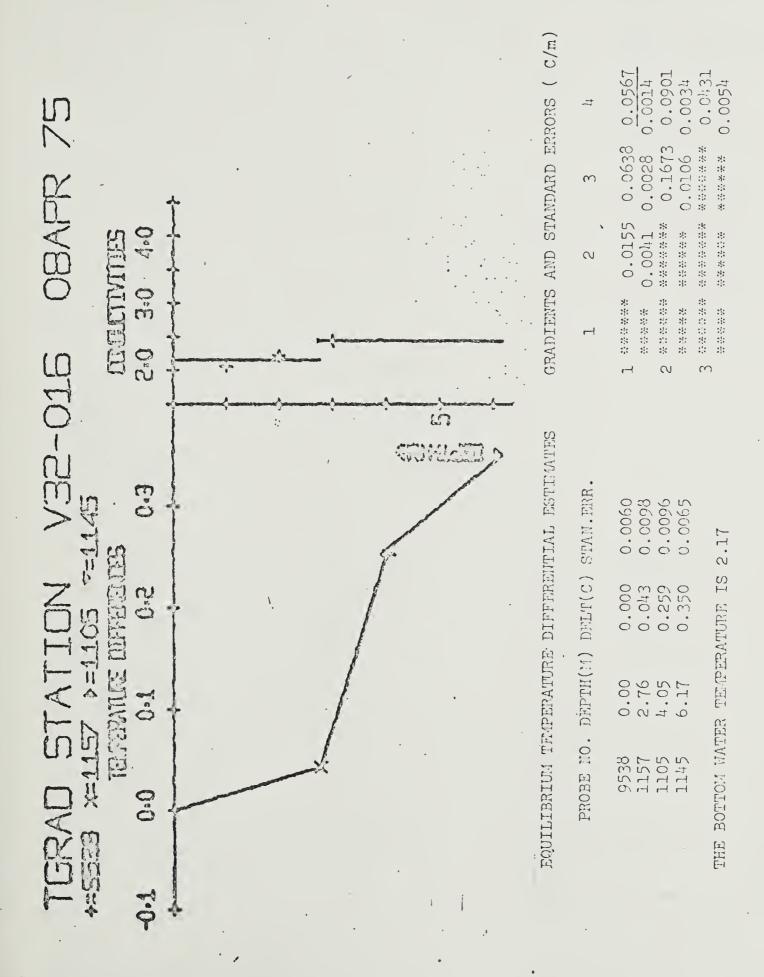




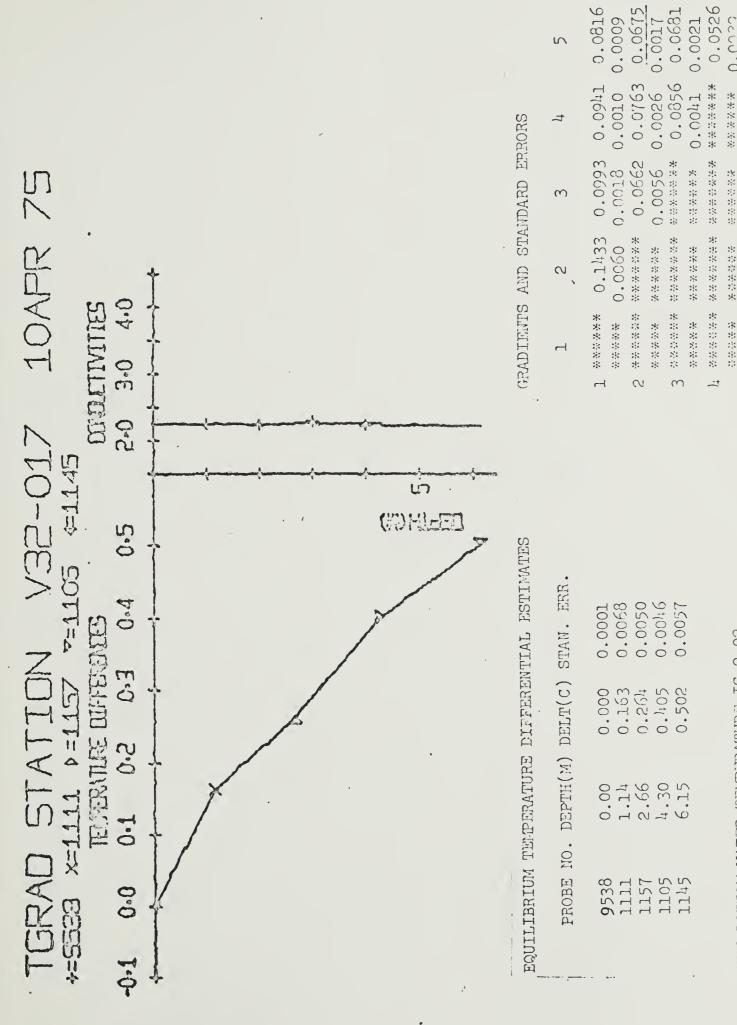






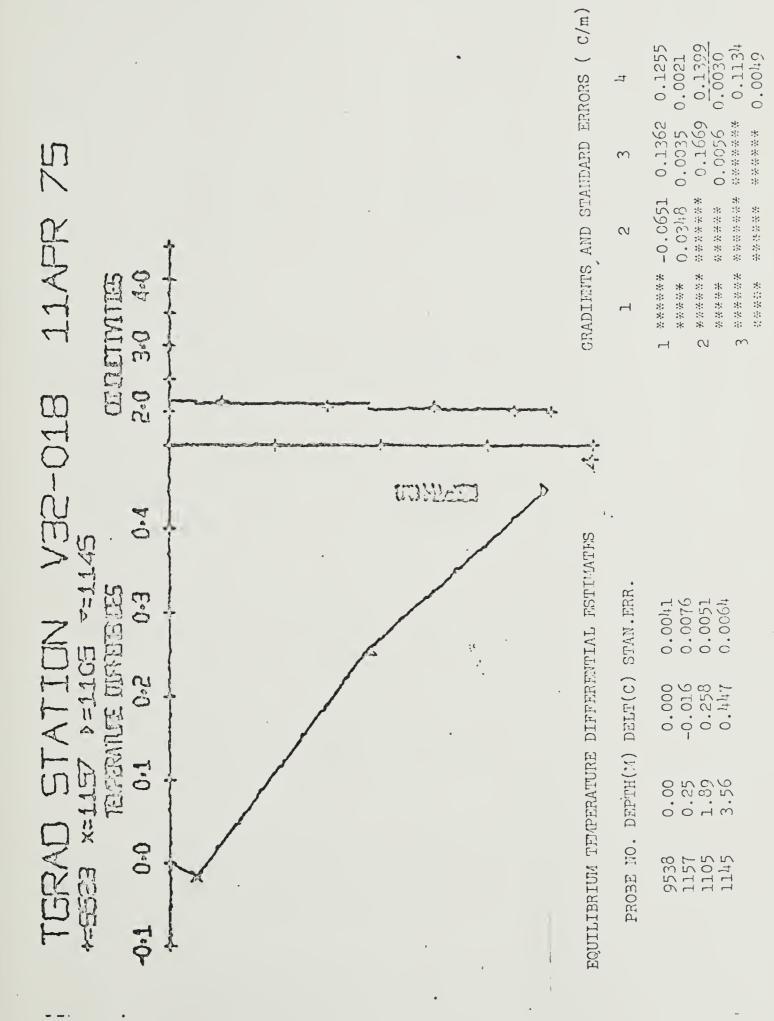






THE BOTTOM WATER TENTINATURE IS 2.02





THE BOTTOM WATER. TEMPERATURE IS 2.04



TABLE

VEMA CRUISE 32 DATA AT SITES 3 AND 4

Longitude (W)	Depth (Corrm)	(cm)	Z	Gradient (°C/10 m)	G/10 m) (mcal/°C sec cm)	Heat Flow (HFU)	Evaluation	T'Grad
~	4749	610	<i>(</i> 1)	0.74	2.09	1.55	9	=
5	5171				1.93	•		12A
2,1	5143				1, 83			12B
50°12.21	4918	592	4	0.66	2 91	1.33	9	12
0	4914	552	4	0.654	2.03	1.32	10	13
50°12.6¹	. 4914				1.85			41
10.71	. 5300	919	4	0. 4 3.4	1.80	0.78	. ∞	15
.13.31	6249	617	3	0.57NL	1.90	1.08	9	16
7.0'	5610	615	4	0.675	1.85	1, 25	7	17
.5	6034	356	ج	4.1	1.73	2.4	9	18

P = penetration into sediment, N = number of probes in the mud, NL = non-linear gradient.



PART C

DEEP-SEA PHOTOGRAPHS

One representative photograph is shown for each camera station obtained. We show all 12 frames for station K-70 in which large variability in sea-floor microtopography is observed. The field of view for camera stations K61 - K63 is $\sim 4.5 \times 4$ meters and for stations K64 - K71 is $\sim 1.8 \times 1.6$ meters.



28 March 1975

к #61, 4749 m

Lat: 22°51.5N

Long: 50°32.8W

Frame 2 of 15



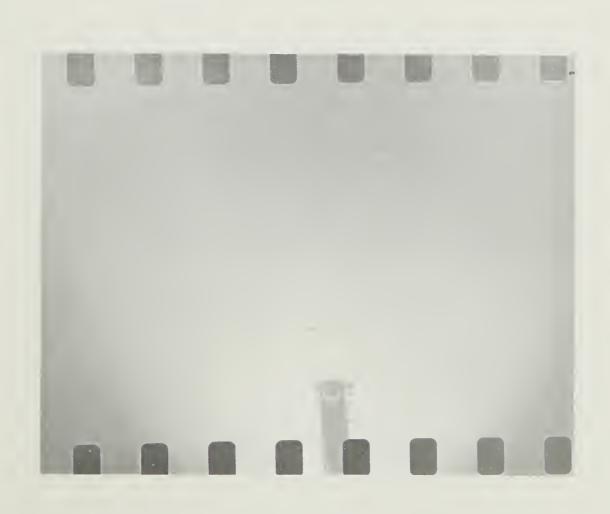
29 March 1975

K #62, 5171 m

Lat: 23°08.4N

Long: 50°23.5W

Frame 2 of 18





31 March 1975

к #63, 5143 m

Lat: 23°07.3N

Long: 49°44.2W

Frame 4 of 19



08 April 1975

K #64, 5300 m

Lat: 25°28.9N

Long: 57°10.7W

Frame 5 of 15





08 April 1975

K #65, 6249 m

Lat: 25°59.0N

Long: 58°13.3W

Frame 12 of 14



09 April 1975

K #66, 5885 m

Lat: 25°10.6N

Long: 58°27.8W

Frame 9 of 14





10 April 1975

K #67, 5610 m

Lat: 24°35.8N

Long: 57°47.0W

Frame 10 of 14



11 April 1975

K #68, 6034 m

Lat: 24°21.5N

Long: 58°08.5W

Frame 7 of 9





14 April 1975

K #69, 5850 m

Lat: 25°36.0N

Long: 57°36.8W

Frame 2 of 8



18 April 1975

K #71, 5820 m

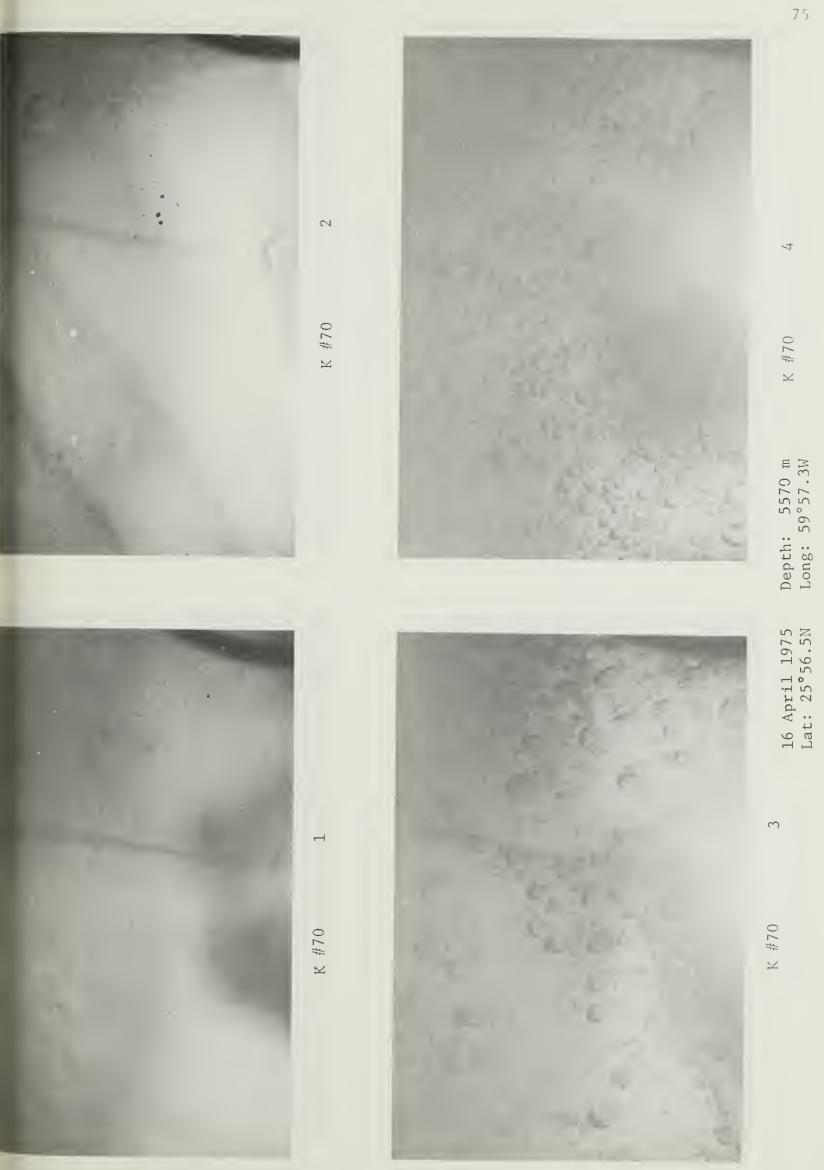
Lat: 25°44.6N

Long: 59°15.9W

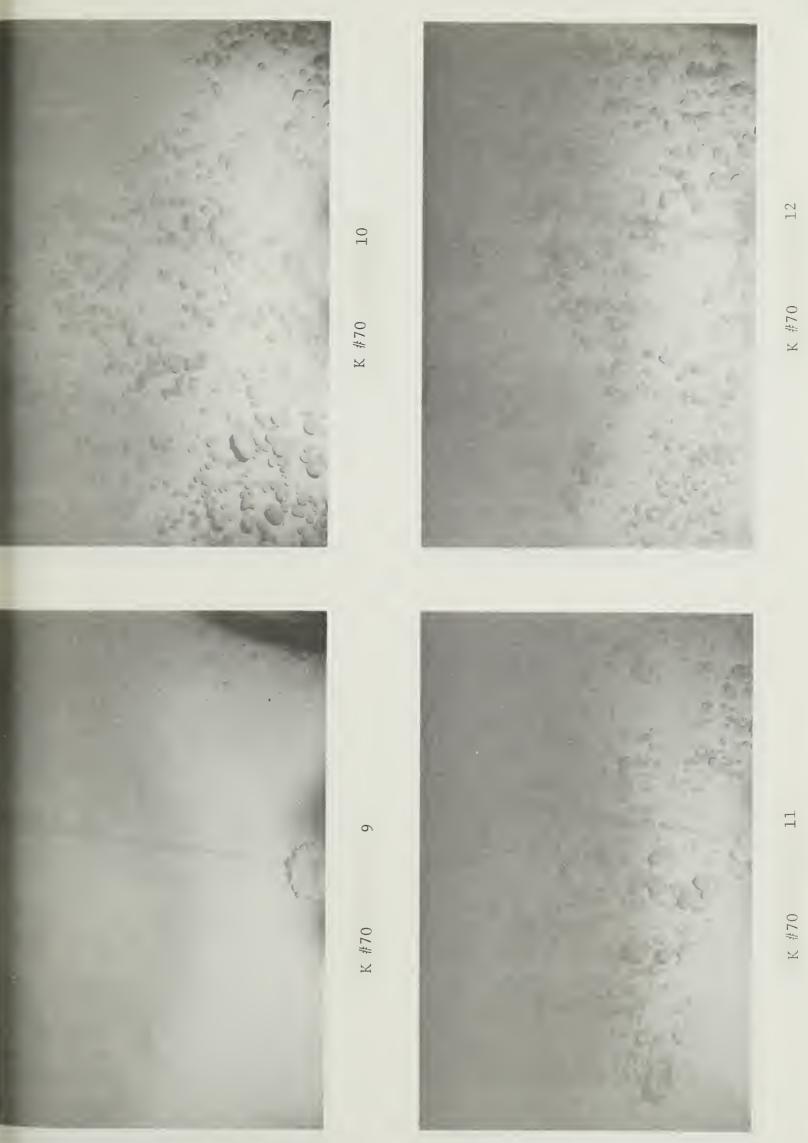
Frame 1 of 6



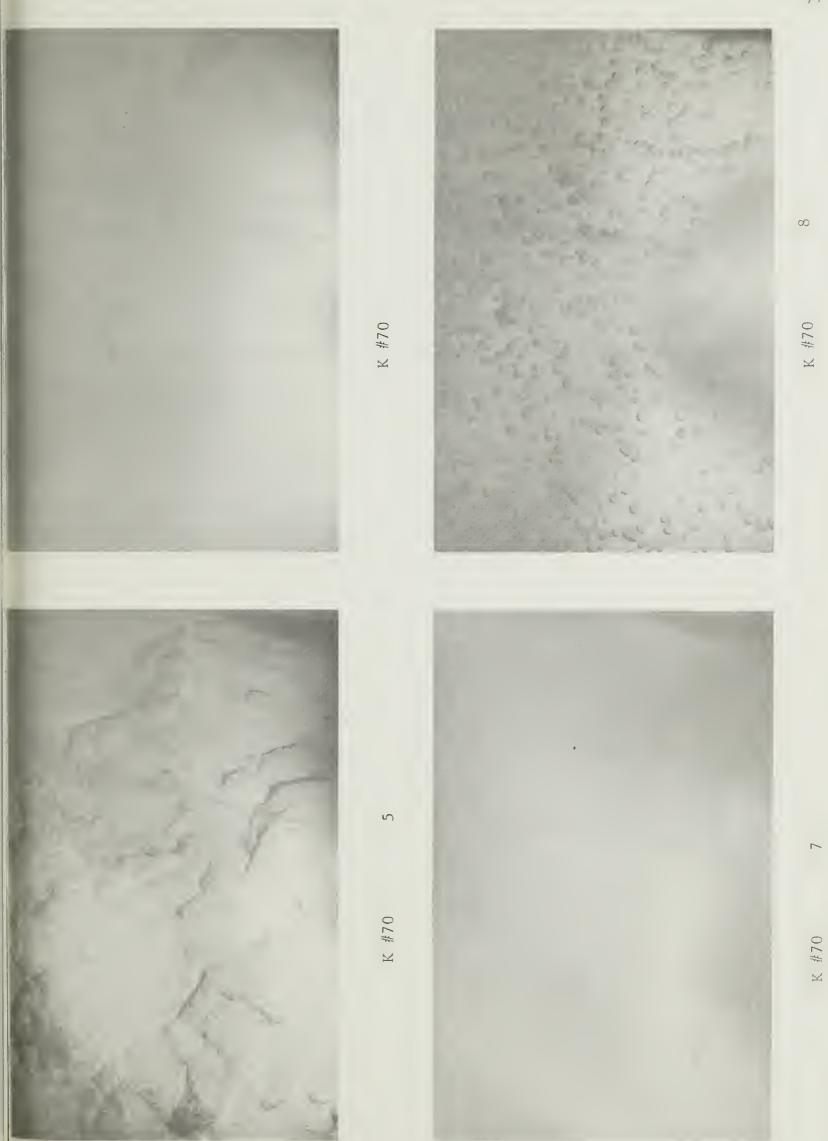












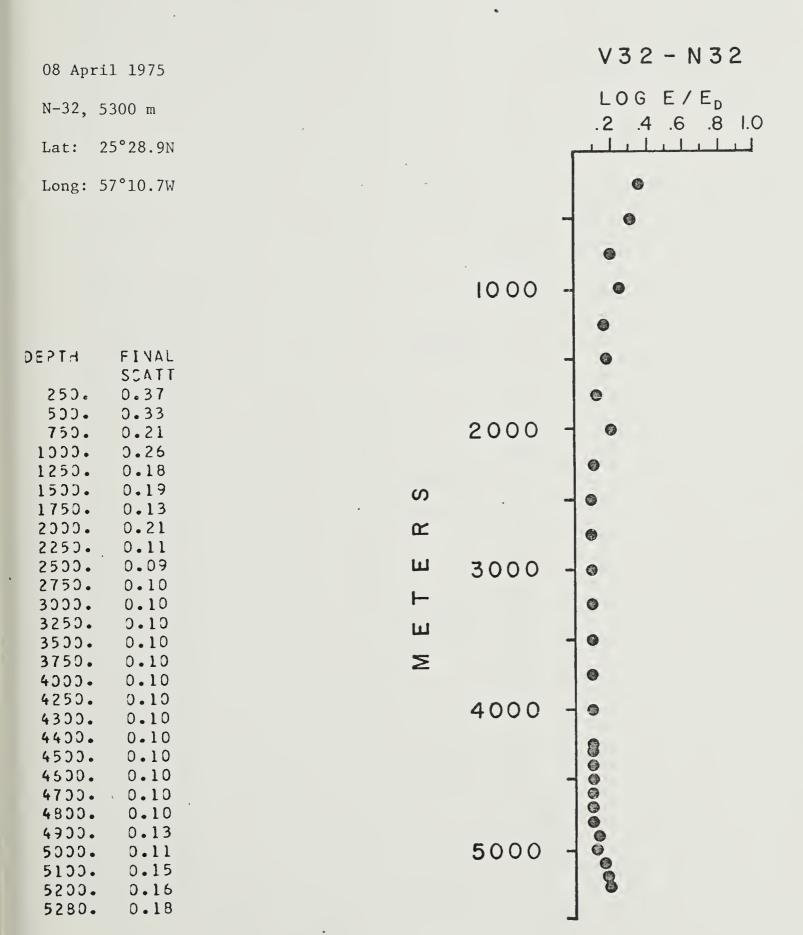


PART D

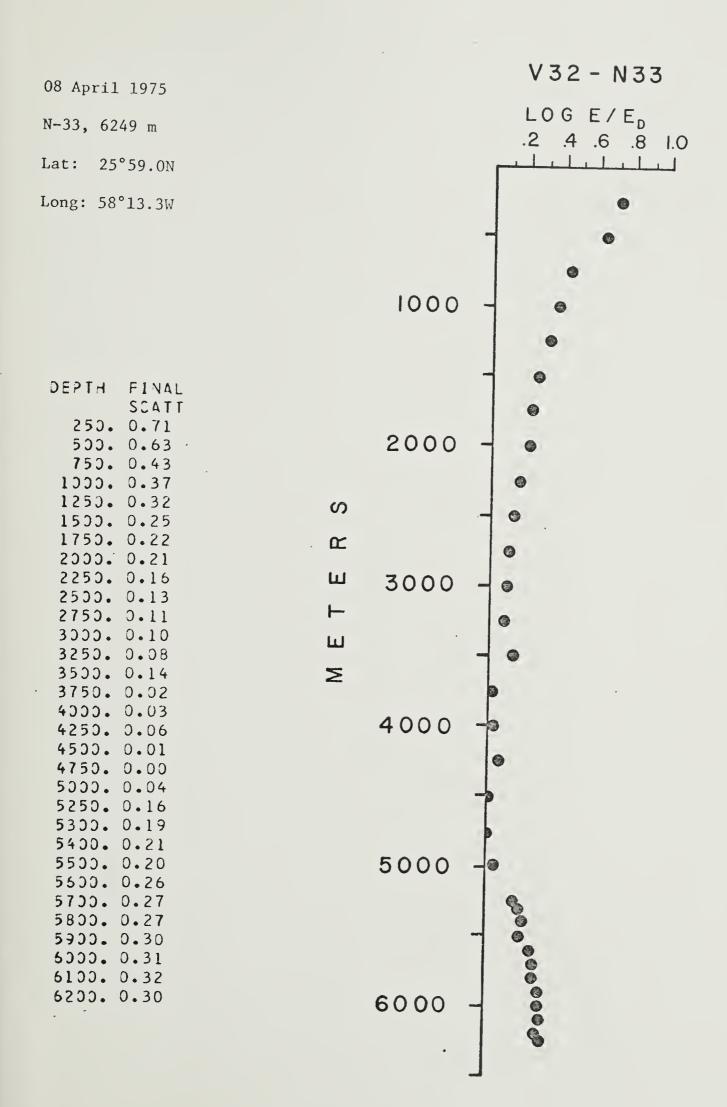
NEPHELOMETER RESULTS

The units of measure are a ratio of the film exposures produced by the scattered light E to that produced by the direct, attenuated light ${\rm E_D}$. The use of the ratio ${\rm E/E_D}$ compensates for any changes in intensity of the light source, transport speed of the film, developing of the film, or film sensitivity and is a function of scattering only. For a complete description of the data reduction methods the reader is referred to Sullivan et al. (1973).

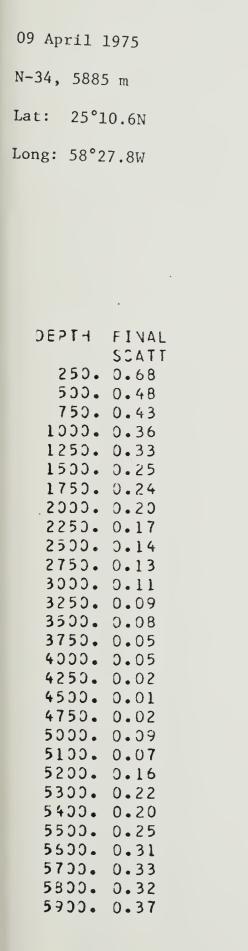


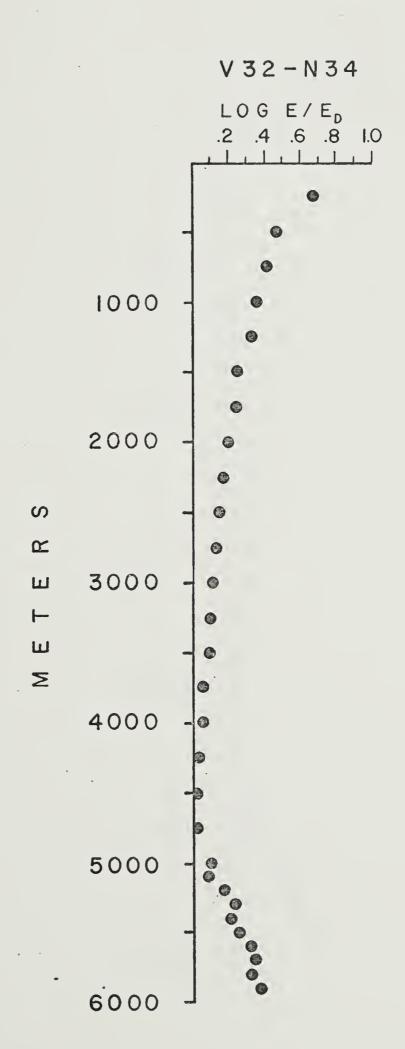




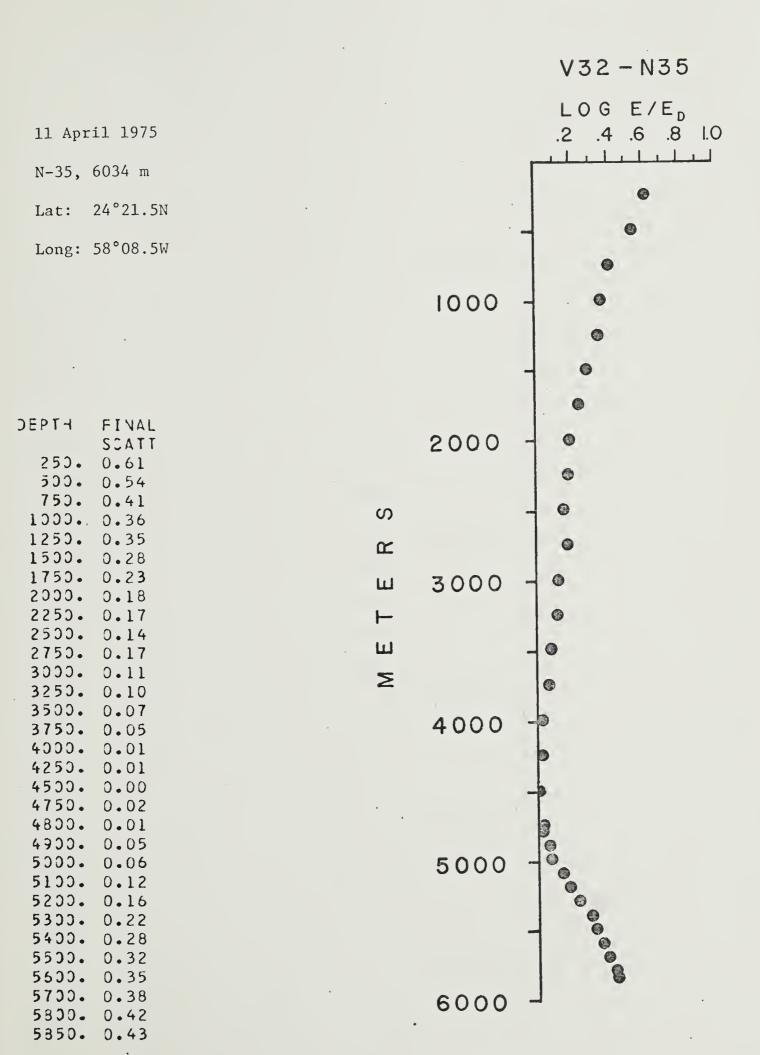




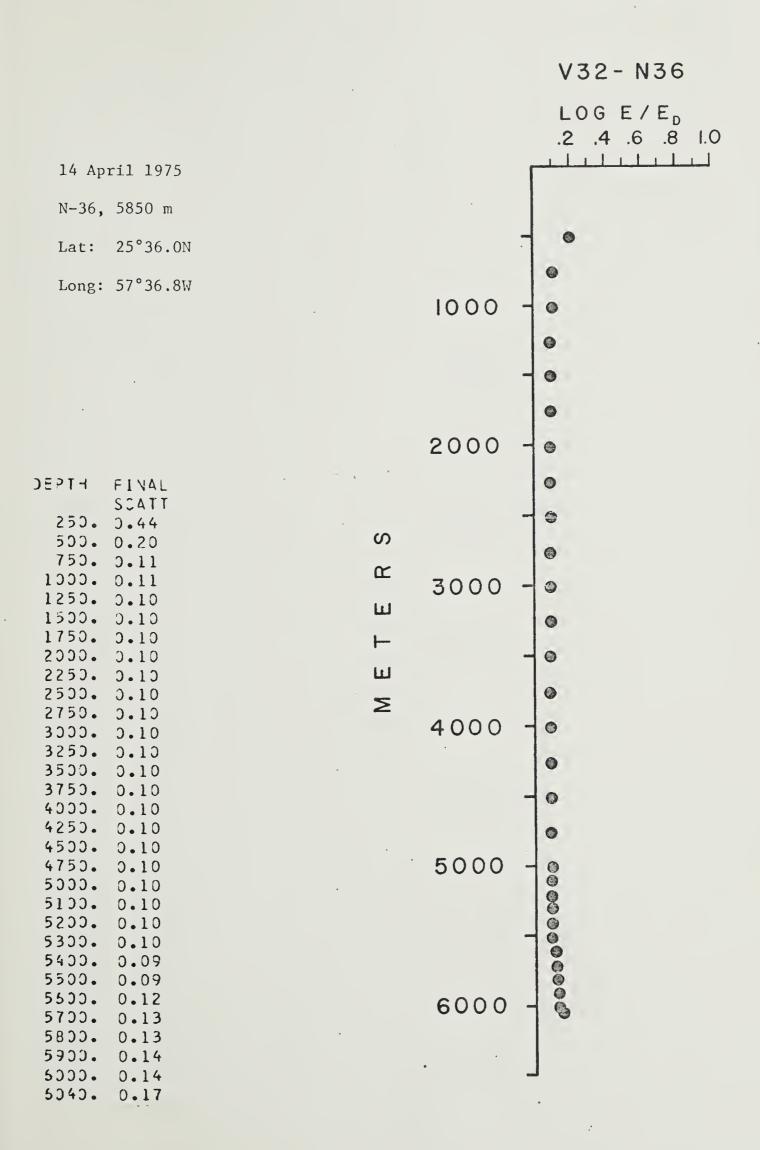




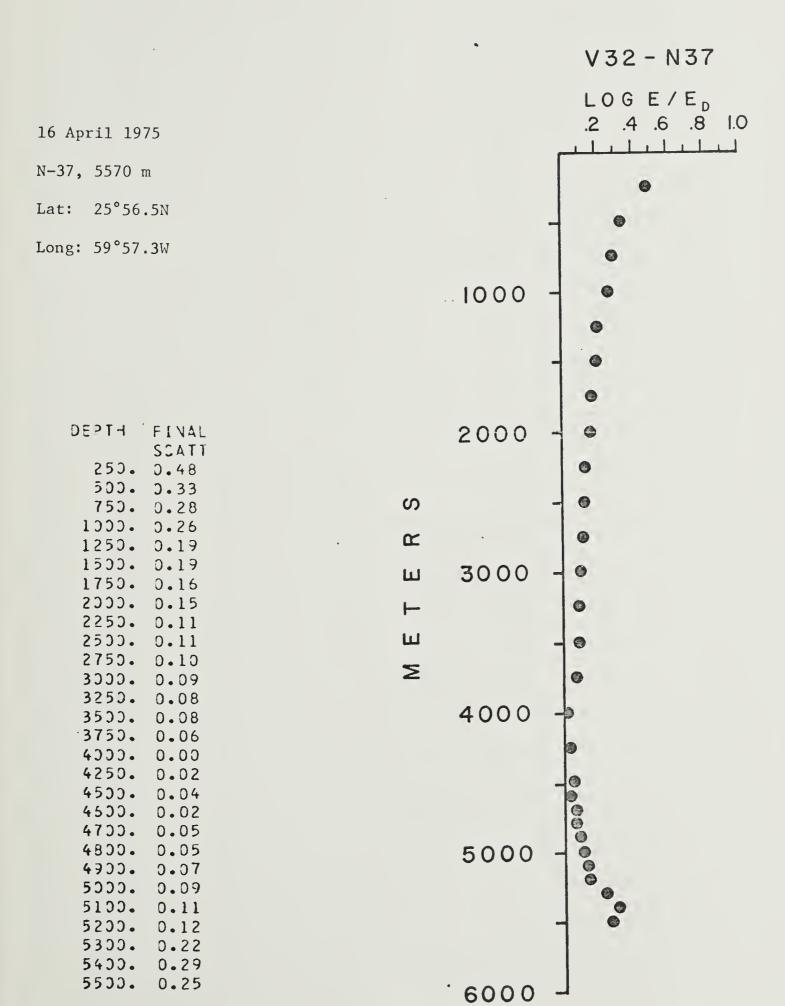






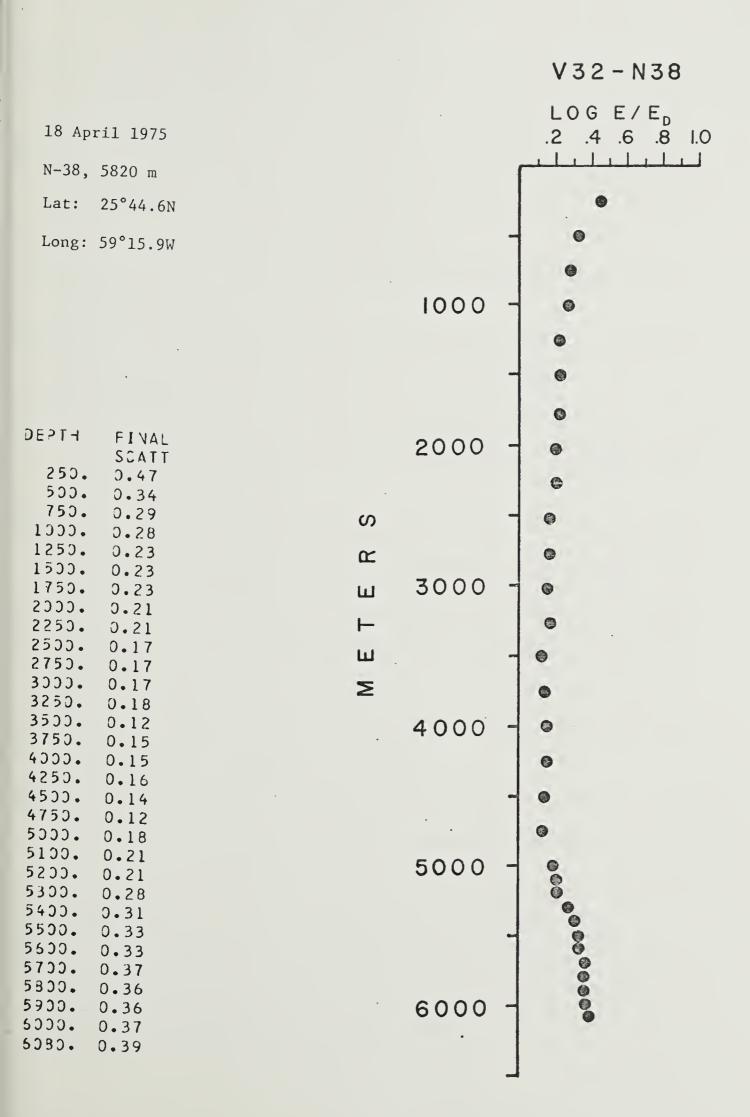






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LAMONT-DOHERTY GEOLOGICAL OBSERVATORY OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

PALISADES, NEW YORK



Results of IPOD Site Surveys Aboard R/V VEMA Cruise 3207

PART B: CANDIDATE SITE 4

Philip D. Rabinowitz and William J. Ludwig

Technical Report No. CU-3-75

International Phase of Ocean Drilling Grant 25905 of National Science Foundation Subcontract UC-NSF-C842-2



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction 1	
Interpretation of Site 4 Data	
Recommendations for Drilling	
Acknowledgements	
Illustrations	
Figure 1 - Proposed Atlantic drilling sites2	
2 - Bathymetry - Site 44	
3 - Bathymetric profiles - Site 45	
4 - Free-air gravity anomaly map - Site 46	
5 - Magnetic profiles - Site 47	
6 - Navigation - Site 49	
7-1 to 7-1/ - Profiler Poperds - Site /	,



Introduction

As one of several organizations in the United States participating in the International Phase of Ocean Drilling (Geotimes, June, 1975), the Lamont-Doherty Geological Observatory recently conducted the first in a series of problem-oriented surveys of the candidate site areas (Figure 1) for the purpose of providing the information necessary to locate optimum sites for deep drilling and to integrate the corehole results with the regional geological and geophysical setting. The site surveys were made aboard R. V. VEMA during February and March of 1975. Continuously recorded bathymetric, seismic reflection, gravity, and magnetics measurements were obtained along the ship's track. On station coring, heat flow, camera and nephelometer stations were made in select locations. The data collected on these sites are given in part A of these data reports.

In this report the scientific results of candidate site 4 are presented* which indeed illustrate the necessity for making detailed area surveys prior to the selection of the actual drill site. Site 4 is situated in the region of magnetic anomaly 13 (~ 38 m.y.B.P.) west of the Mid-Atlantic ridge axis in the central North Atlantic Ocean (Fig. 1). The survey was confined to an approximate 1° square centered near 23° 00'N and 50° 15'W. Two longer lines were obtained in order to aid in the recognition of the magnetic lineation pattern in this region.

^{*}The gravity, magnetics and bathymetric data are presented as either contours or profiles along the ship's track on a mercator projection. These maps have been made available to the IPOD site survey management at L-DGO at an enlarged scale (20"/degree longitude).



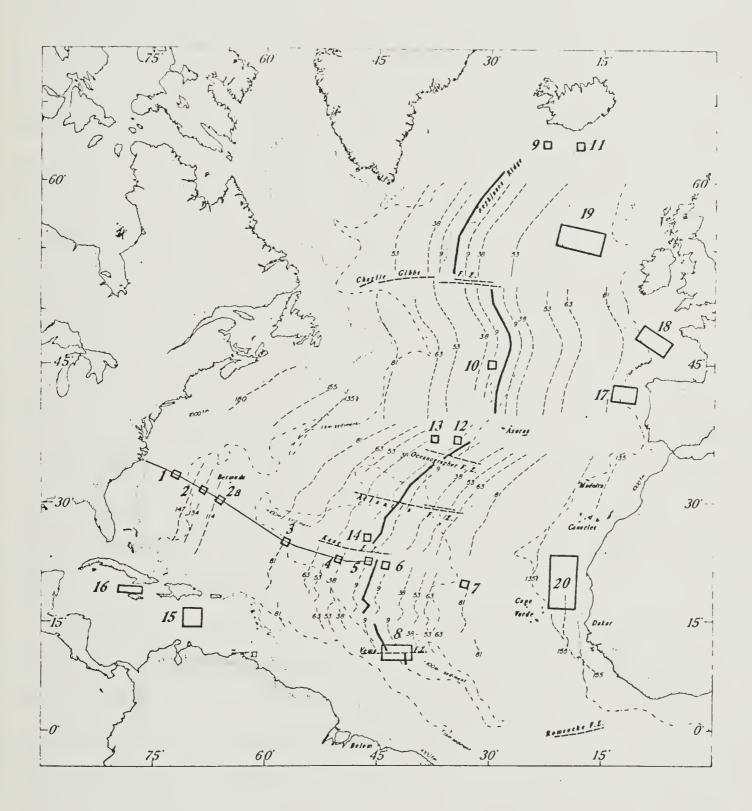


Figure 1. Proposed Atlantic drilling sites for International Phase of Ocean Drilling. Sites 3, 4, 7 and 8 were surveyed by R/V VEMA in February and March, 1975.



Based on the data collected recommendations are given for the location of the drill hole at candidate site 4.

Interpretation of Site 4 Data

The bathymetric results shown in Figures 2 and 3 are very complex. The most prominent feature, located near the center of the grid, is a nearly continuous deep trough (>5.0 km) with an azimuth of approximately 100° and which is bordered to the south by a nearly parallel ridge. This trough has the same azimuth as the Kane fracture zone trough located approximately 175 km to the north and, as described below, is itself the axis of a fracture zone. Linear topographic highs and lows are observed normal to the axis of the fracture zone trough only in the northeast segment of the survey area. Other linear topographic segments, may be present but their orientation is not normal to the fracture zone trough. The trends in the free-air gravity anomalies shown in figure 4 are similar to the topography. A free-air gravity minimum, generally more negative than -25 mgals, is associated with the topographic trough. In a similar fashion to the topographic map, linear free-air gravity anomalies trending normal to the axis of the fracture zone are present only on the north-east segment of the grid area.

The magnetic anomalies are presented in figure 5 in the form of profiles along the ship's track. Anomaly 13 (38 m.y.B.P.; Heirtzler et al., 1968) is observed throughout the grid survey. In general, it would be very difficult to precisely identify a single magnetic anomaly or isochron by merely observing a few wavelengths of anomalies on either side of the anomaly of interest. In this case we have in our data library continuous profiles of magnetic data from approximately 150 km east of anomaly 13 to several hundreds of kilometers to the west. We have been able to identify not only anomaly 13 but many other diagnostic sequences of anomalies to the west. Therefore, we feel justified in our identification of anomaly 13 in the survey region. The axis



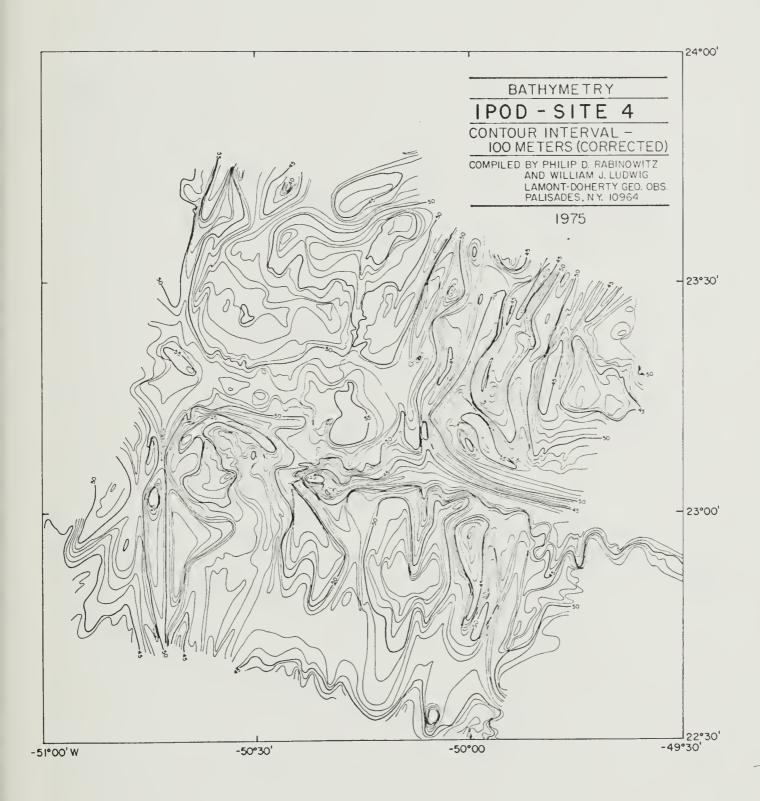


Figure 2. Bathymetry for IPOD site 4 survey area. Contours are corrected meters; contour interval in hundreds of meters.



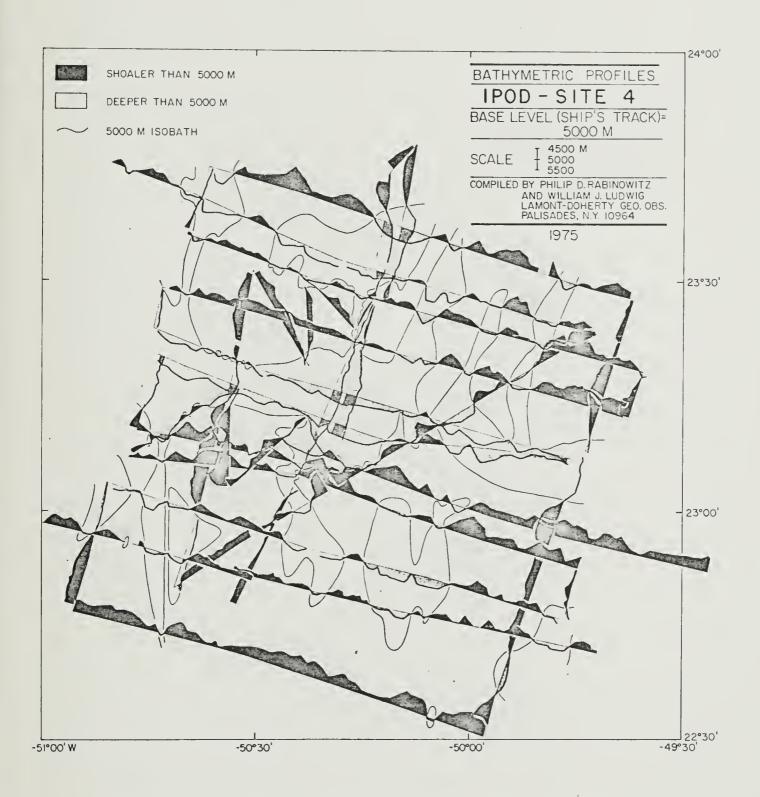


Figure 3. Bathymetric profiles for IPOD site 4. Ships track is base level of 5000 m.



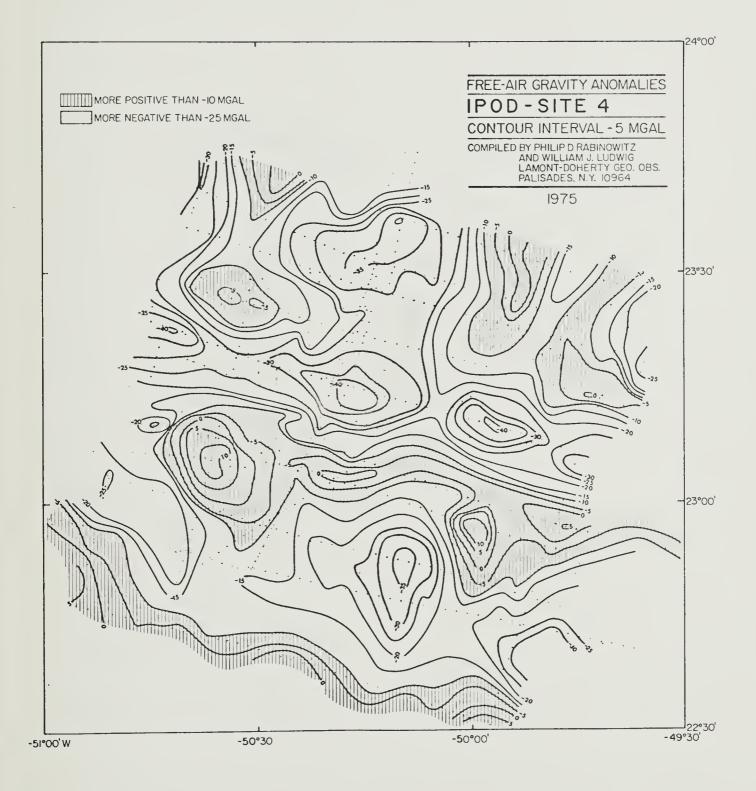


Figure 4. Free-air gravity anomaly map for IPOD Site 4 survey area. Contours interval 5 mgal; estimated error less than 2 mgal.



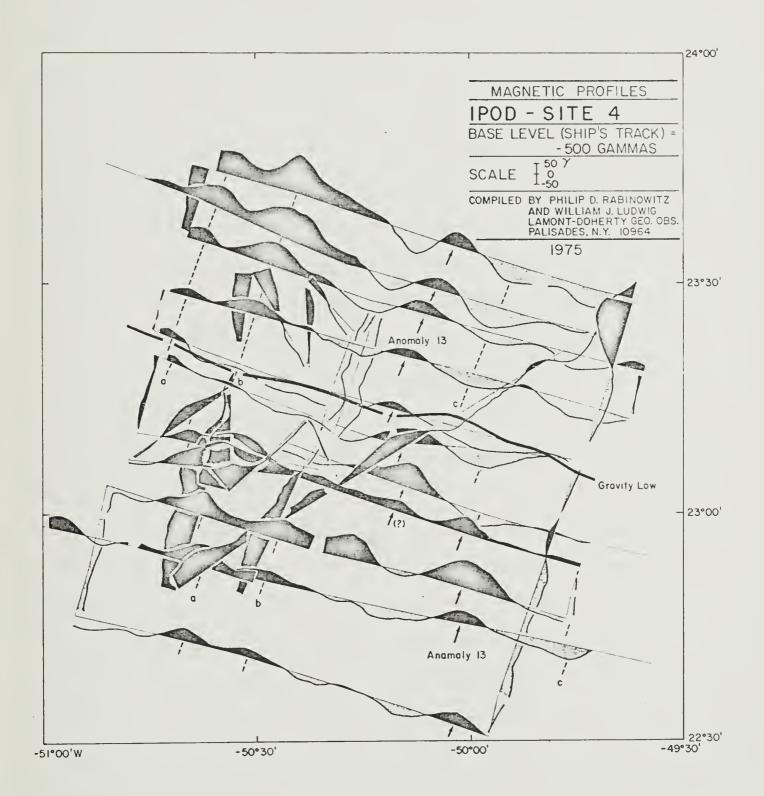


Figure 5. Magnetic anomalies plotted normal to ship's track for IPOD Site 4 survey area. Anomaly 13 indicated by heavy arrows. Smaller arrows show location of other correlatable magnetic anomalies. Axis of free-air gravity low associated with fracture zone trough given by heavy line.



of the fracture zone trough is designated by the gravity low in the magnetic anomaly map. North of this fracture zone trough, the peaks and troughs in the magnetic anomalies are very well lineated and are normal to the trough. No offsets in the anomaly pattern are observed north of the fracture zone trough. However, south of the trough, we observe several left lateral offsets of anomaly 13. The total displacement of anomaly 13 from the region just to the north of the fracture zone trough to the southern limit of our survey area is about 40 km. We should note that the largest offset (approximately 15 km) is not located across the fracture zone trough but about 20 km to the south. In our four southernmost tracks, anomaly 13 is either offset by very small fracture zones (approximately 5 km) or is lineated obliquely to the major fracture zone trough and not paralleling the isochrons to the More detailed data is necessary to resolve whether fracture zone north. spacings less than 5 km are present in this region. Of particular interest is that the magnetic anomalies just to the north and very close to the axis of the fracture zone trough maintain their characteristic shape and are not influenced by the fracture zone. The amplitudes of these anomalies are somewhat attenuated as a result of the increase in depth to sea floor.

The ship's navigation and profiler records are shown in figures 6 and 7-1 to 7-14, respectively. The profiler records, which are keyed to the navigation illustrate the rugged nature of the sea floor topography. With the exception of discrete pockets of sediment the survey region is generally devoid of significant sediment accumulation (other than a thin veneer of sediments - generally less than 20-40 meters as revealed by the 3.5 kHz PDR records). These sediment pockets are generally observed in troughs either in deep depressions (> 5 km) or in local troughs within a regional high. In many instances, disturbances such as normal faulting are observed within the sediments. A sediment ponded



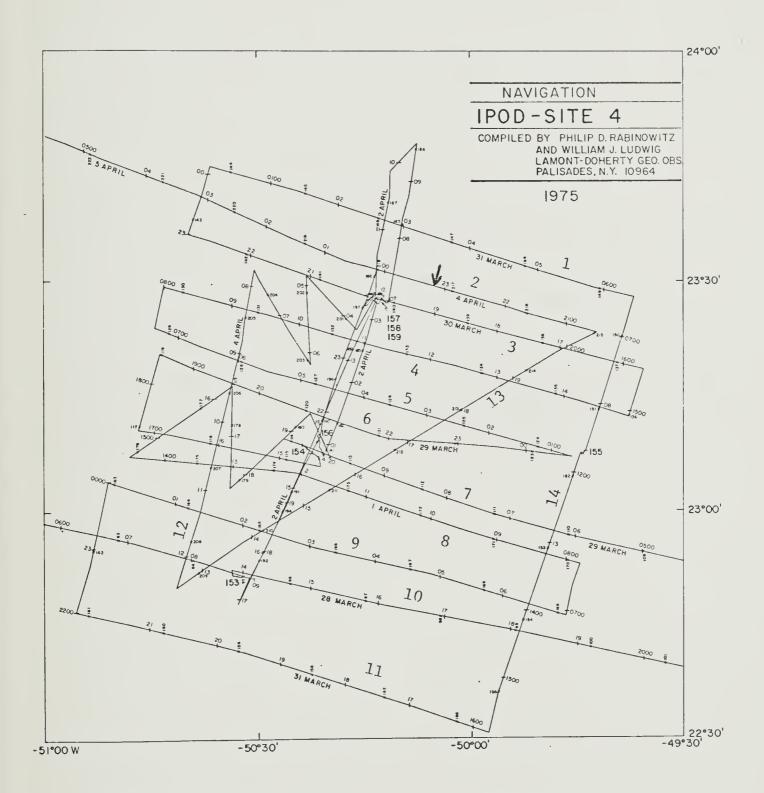
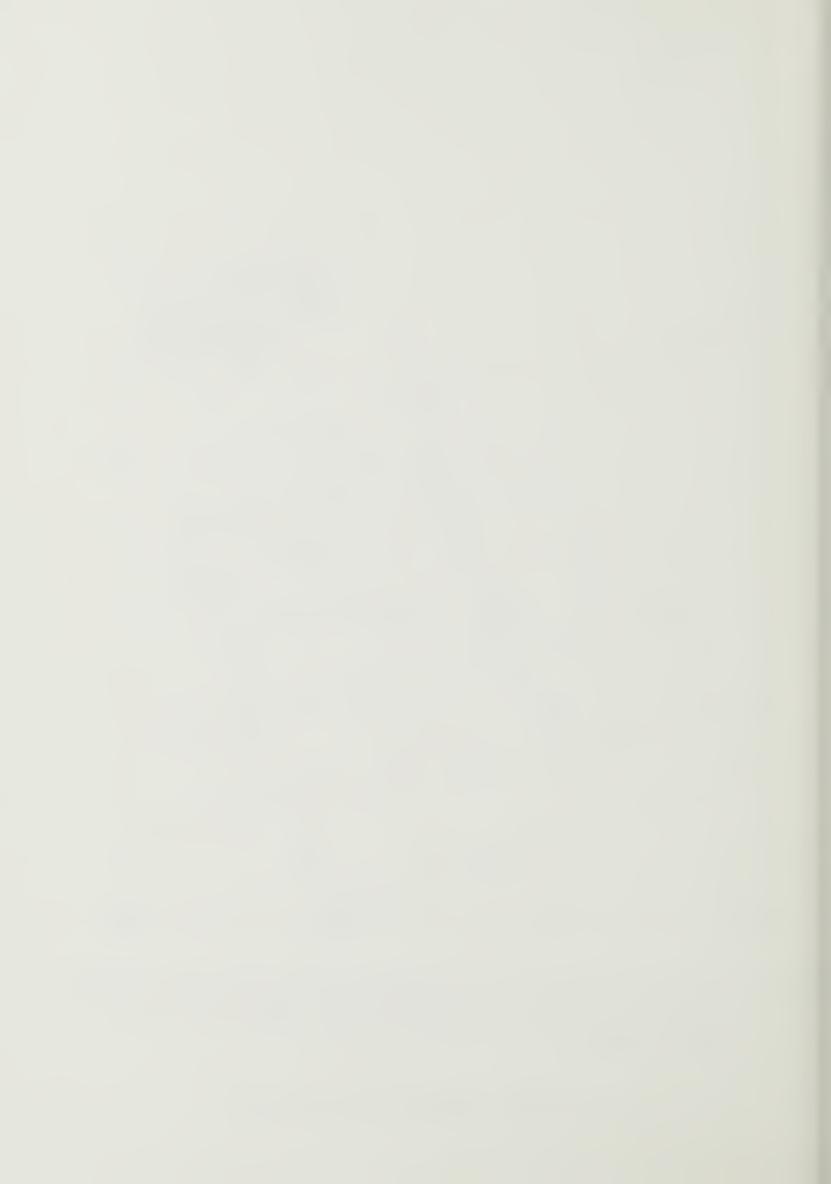


Figure 6. Navigation for IPOD site 4. Hour marks (local ship's time) annotated as well as every 10 miles along ships track. Nos. 153 to 159 denote ship stations. Nos. 1 thru 14 are locations of profiler records shown in figure 7.

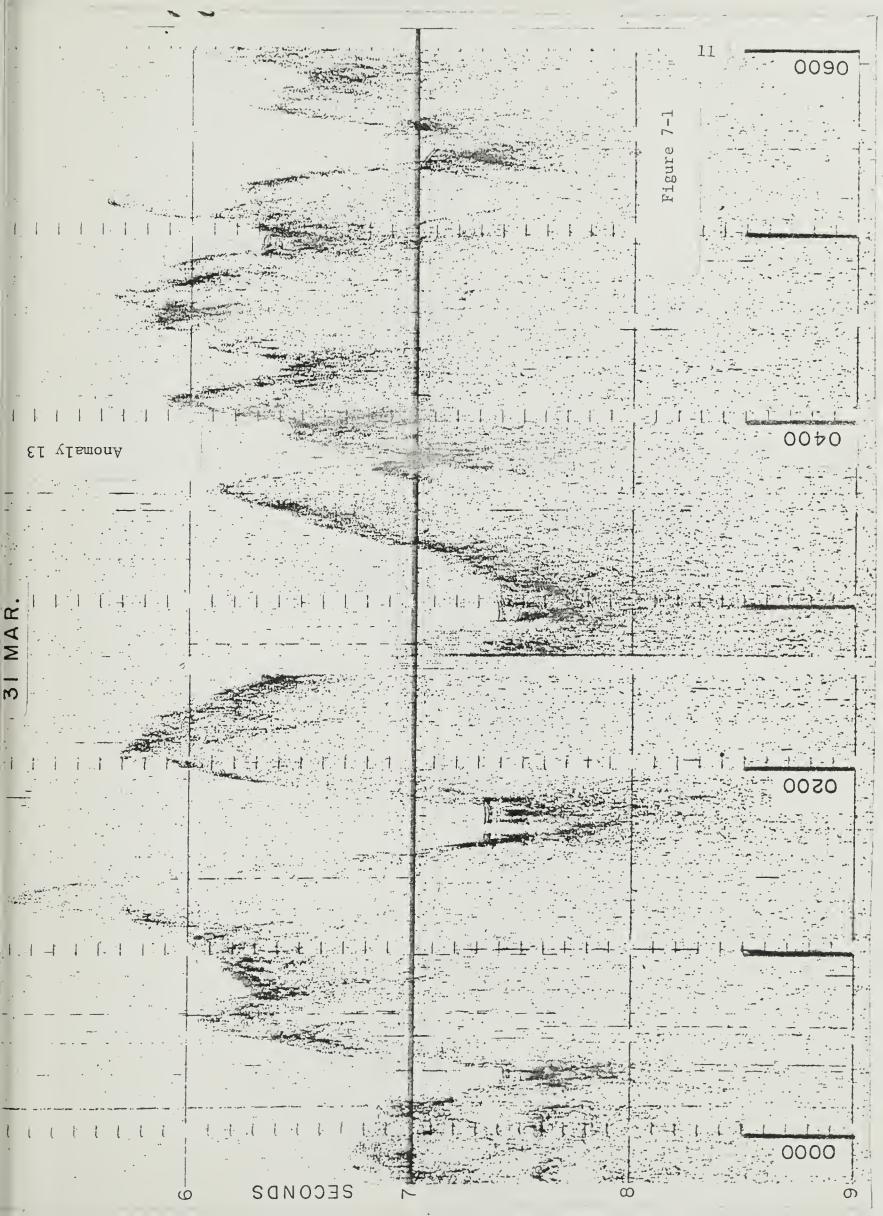


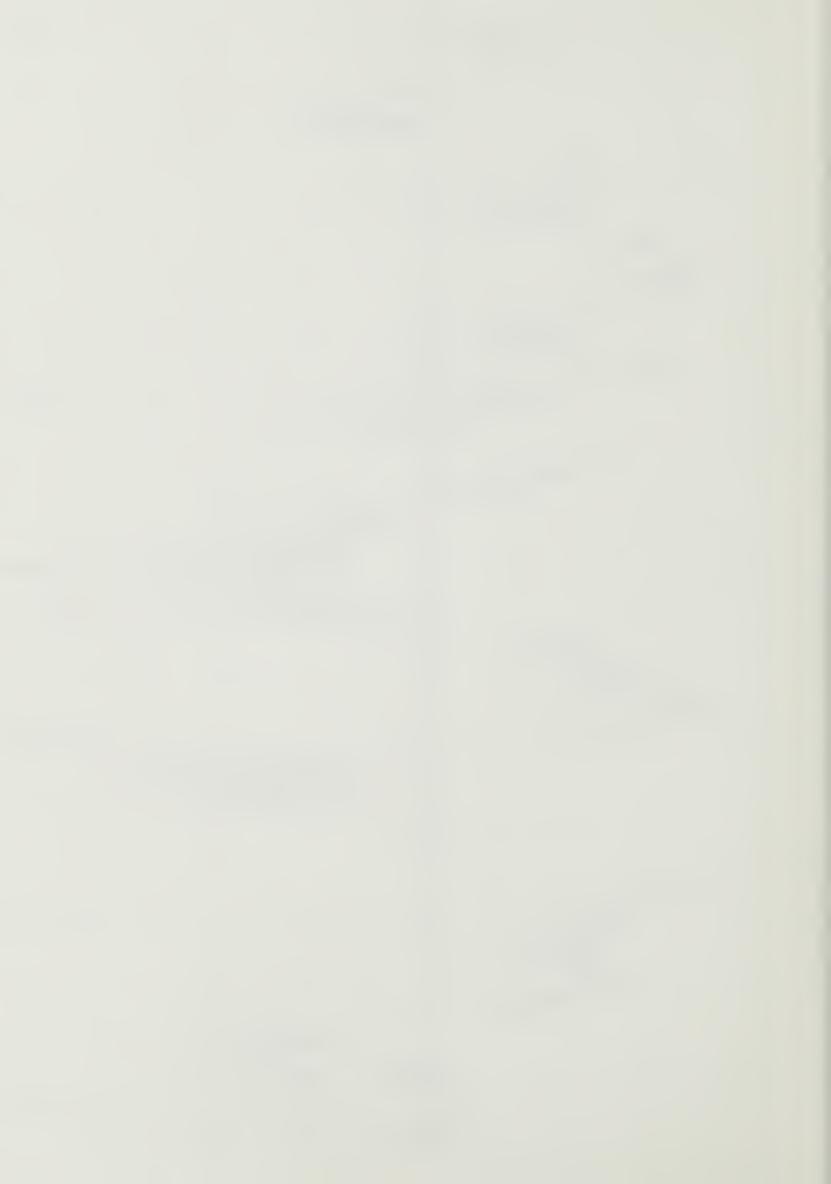
depression (approximately 300 m) is present within the fracture zone trough. However, this sediment pond does <u>not</u> lie along the axis of the trough but obliquely traverses the trough near 23°05'N, 50°15'W (e.g. profile 7-6 @ 2100 hrs. and profile 7-7 @ 1030 hrs.).

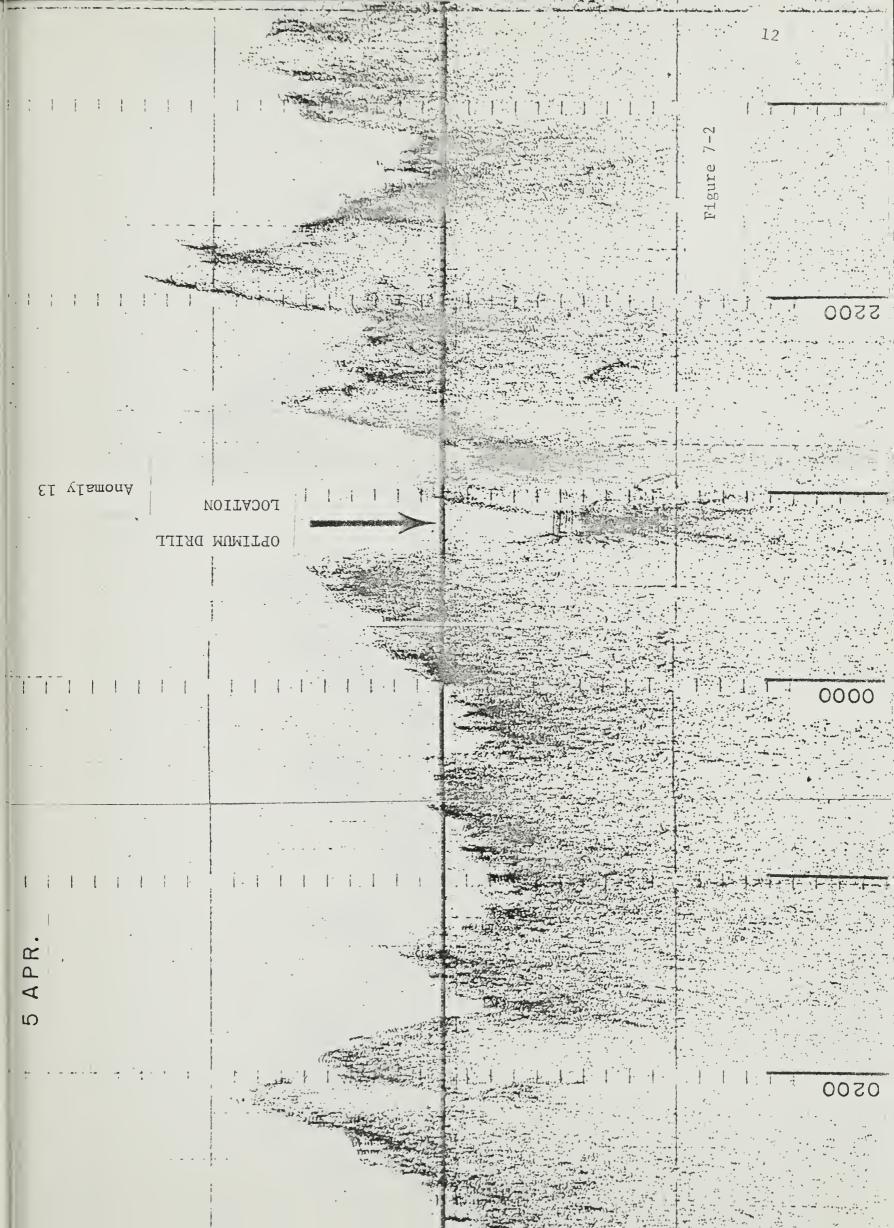
In summary, the results of an IPOD site survey has revealed a fracture zone trough near the center of the grid surveyed. The trough which is very well defined gravimetrically and which parallels the major Kane fracture zone farther north separates the area surveyed into two rather different morphologic and tectonic settings. The area south of the trough is highly complex and is characterized by either numerous small left-lateral offsets or by spreading centers oblique to the fracture zone. North of the fracture zone trough we observe a more "normal" oceanic crust. No significant offsets in the magnetic lineation pattern are observed. In addition, we do observe, especially in the NE segment of the grid, lineated topographic highs and lows which trend normal to the fracture zone trough.

Figure 7. Seismic profiler records for IPOD site 4. Vertical scale in seconds of two-way reflection time (each horizontal line is equal to one second). Heavy line is at 7 seconds. Local ships time is given for keying to navigation (figure 6).









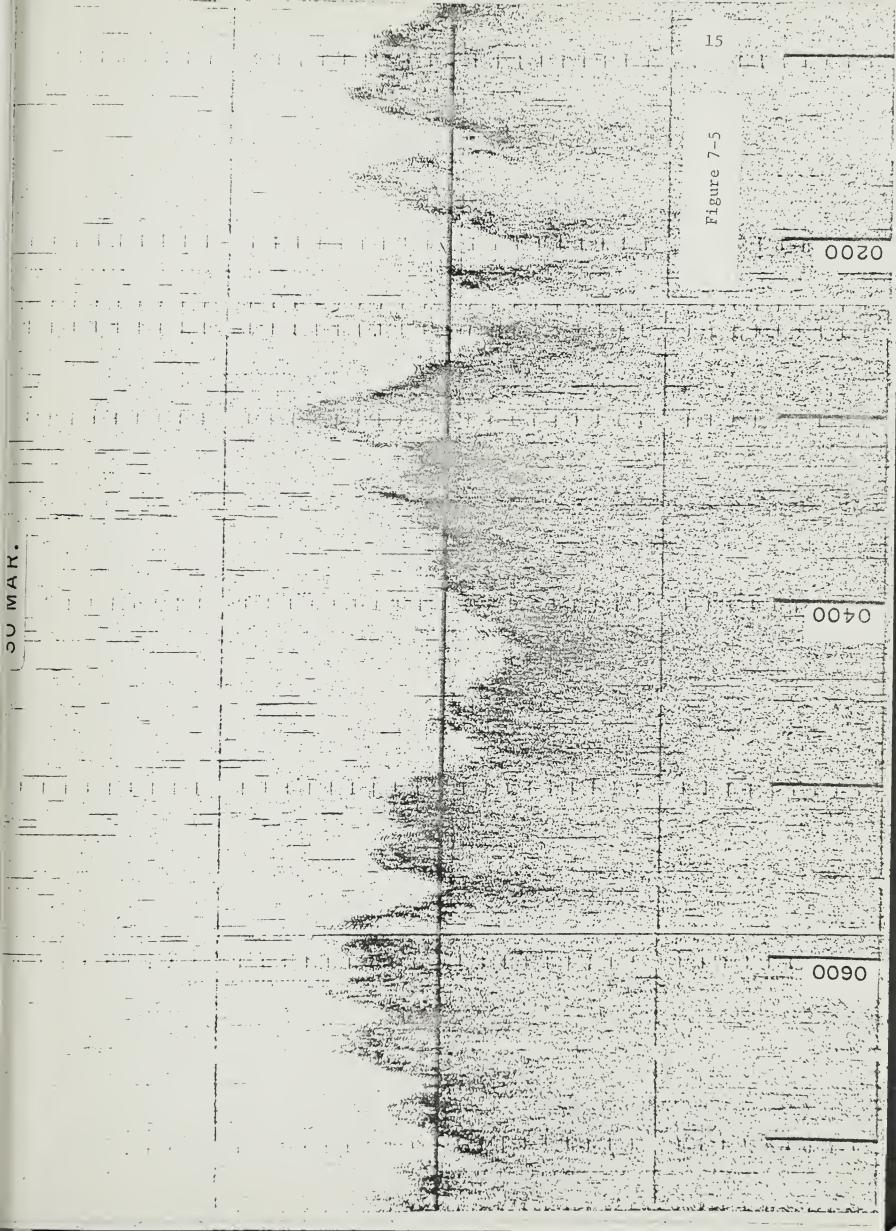


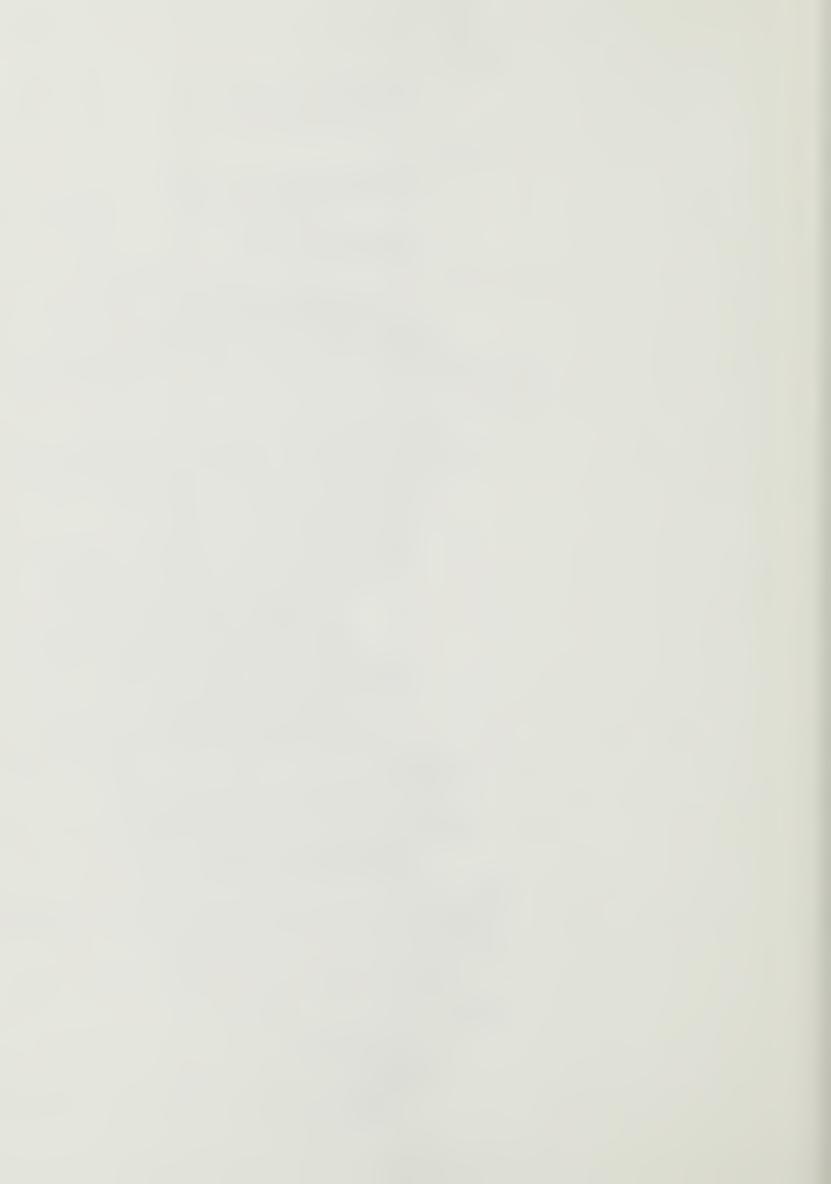
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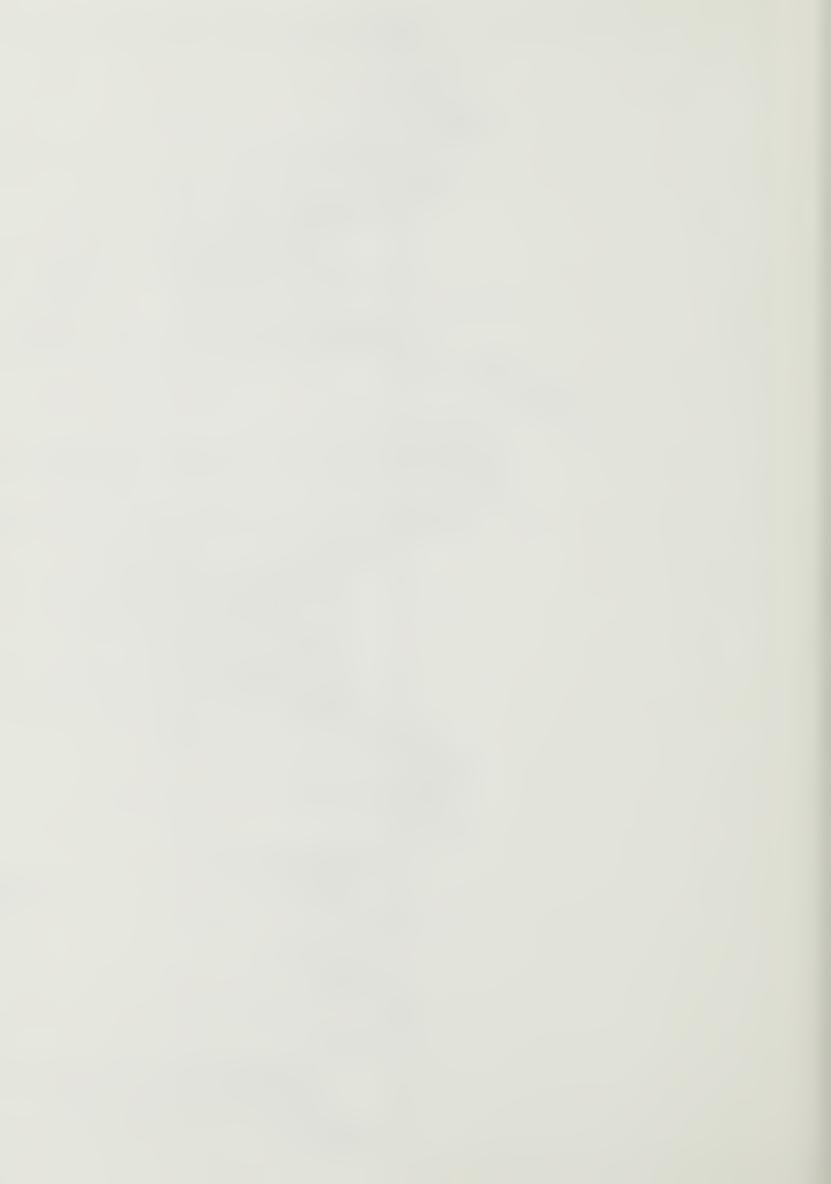
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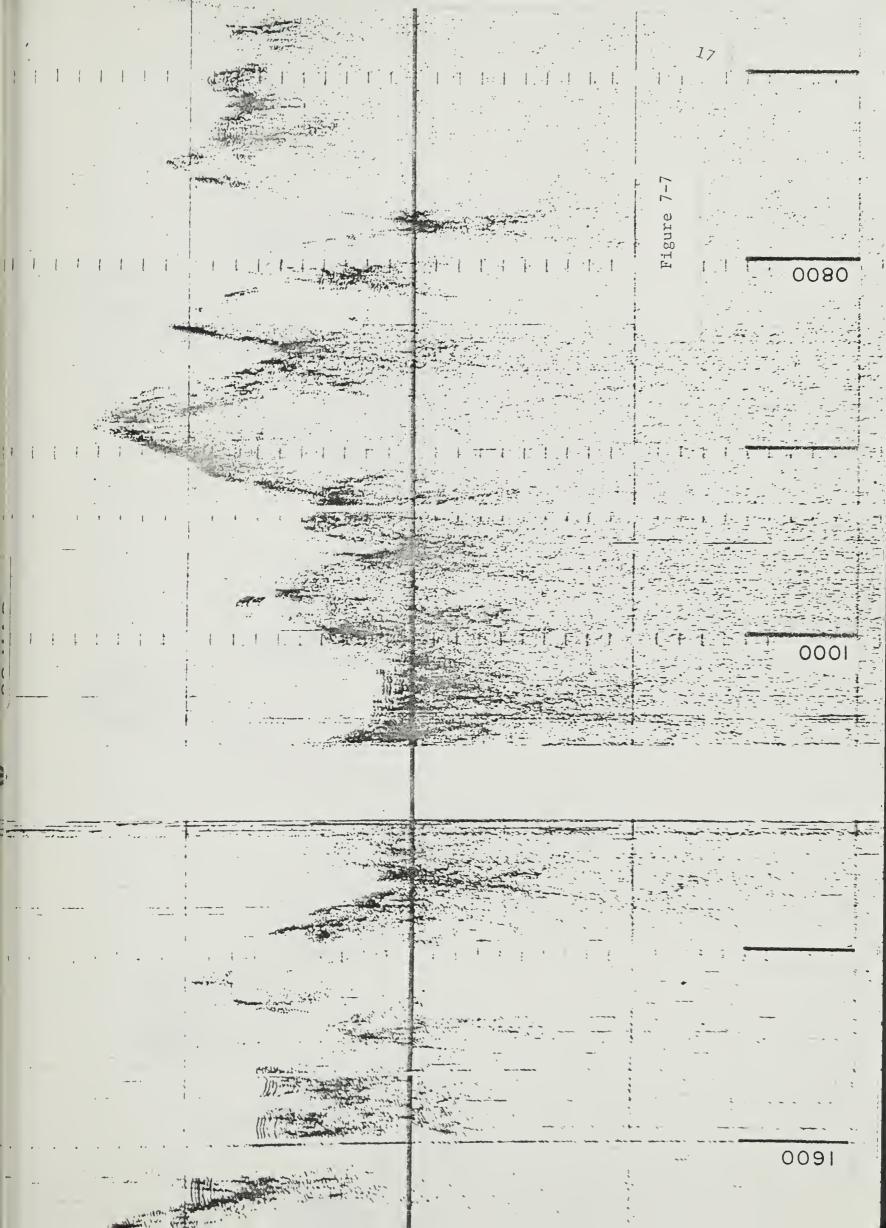


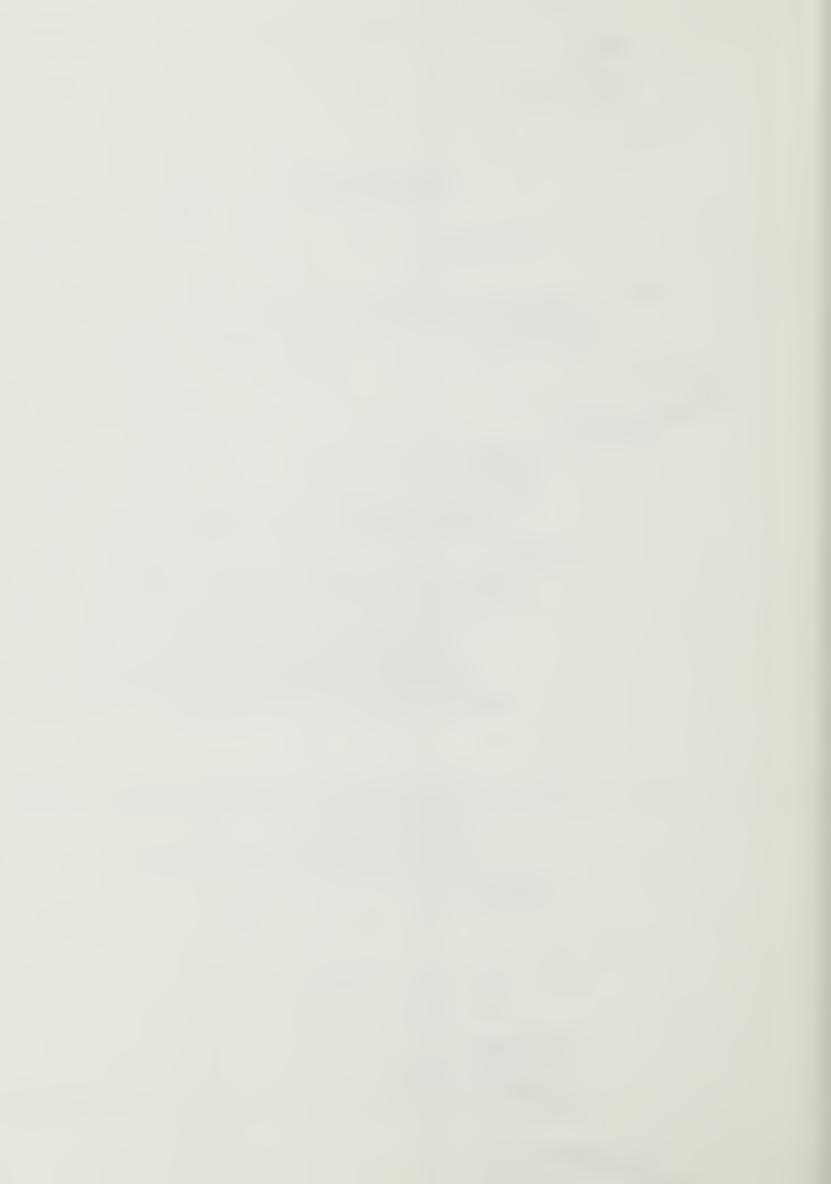


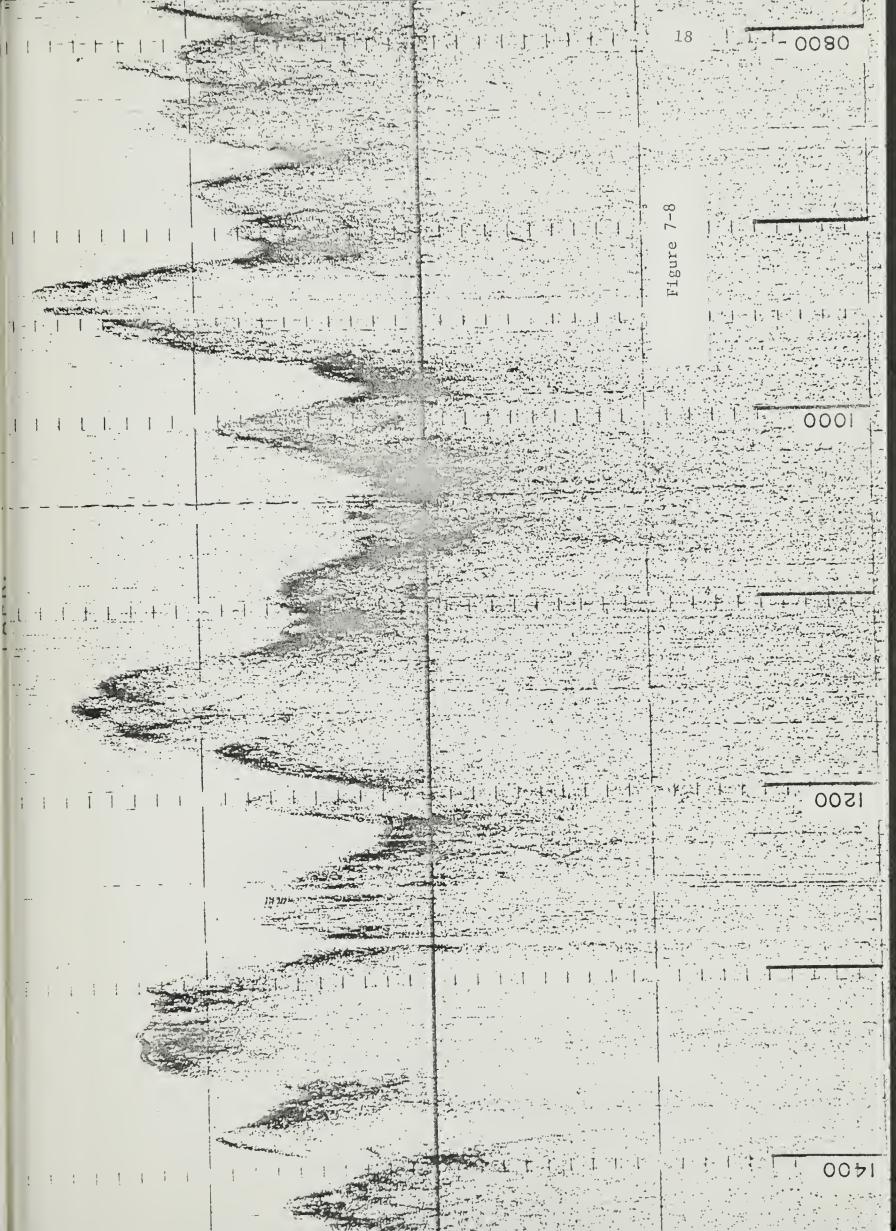


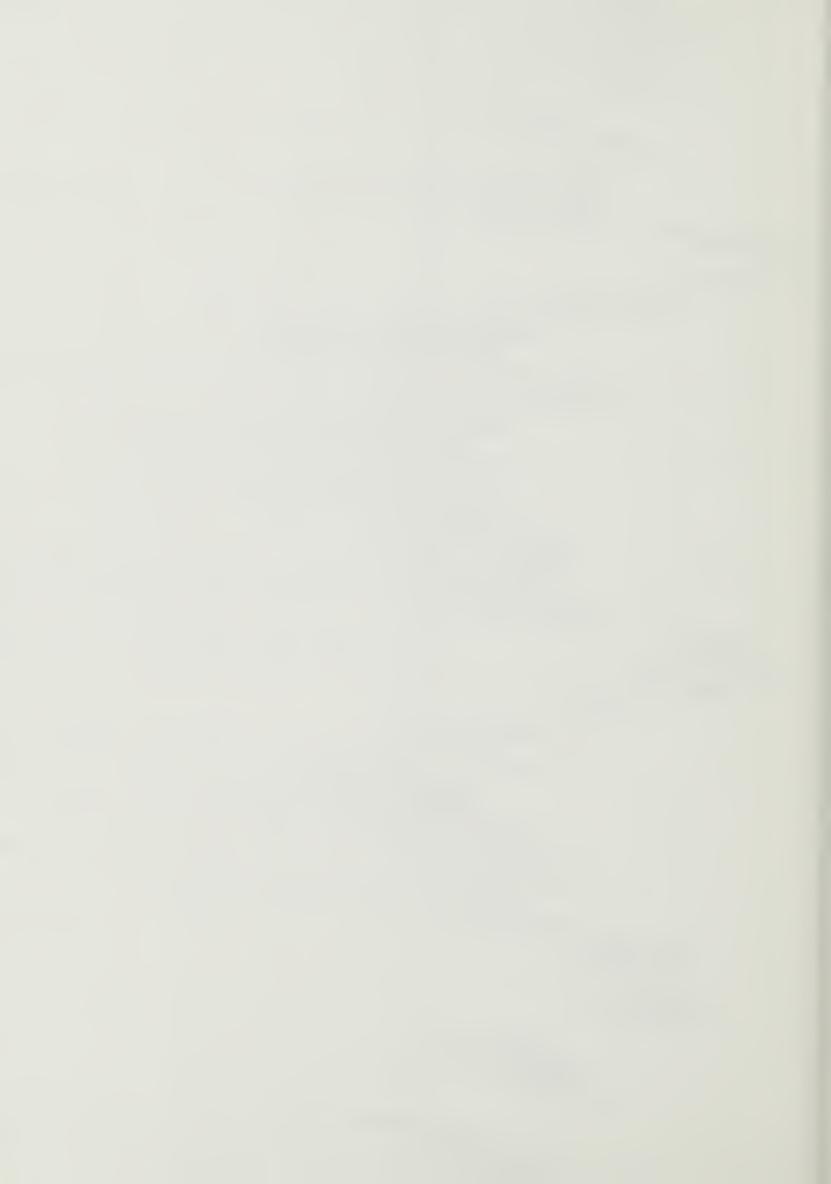
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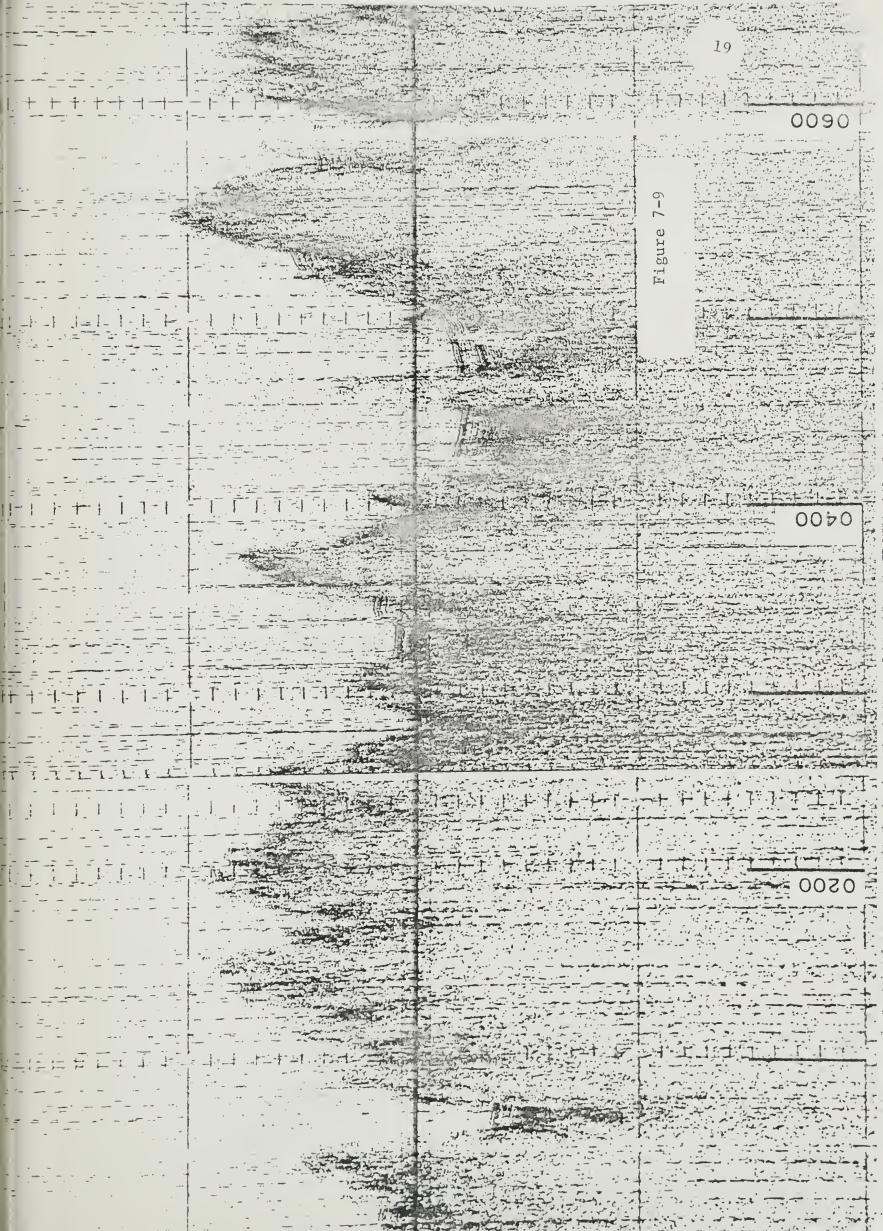


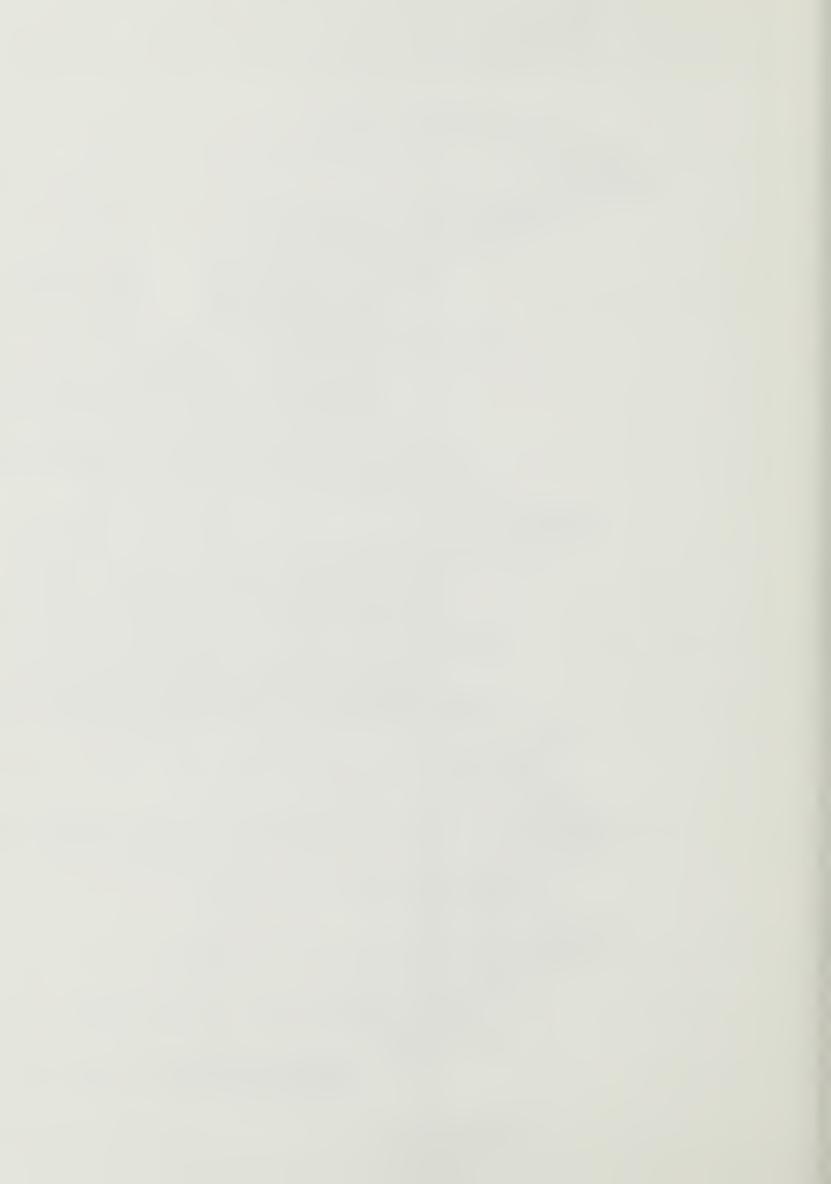


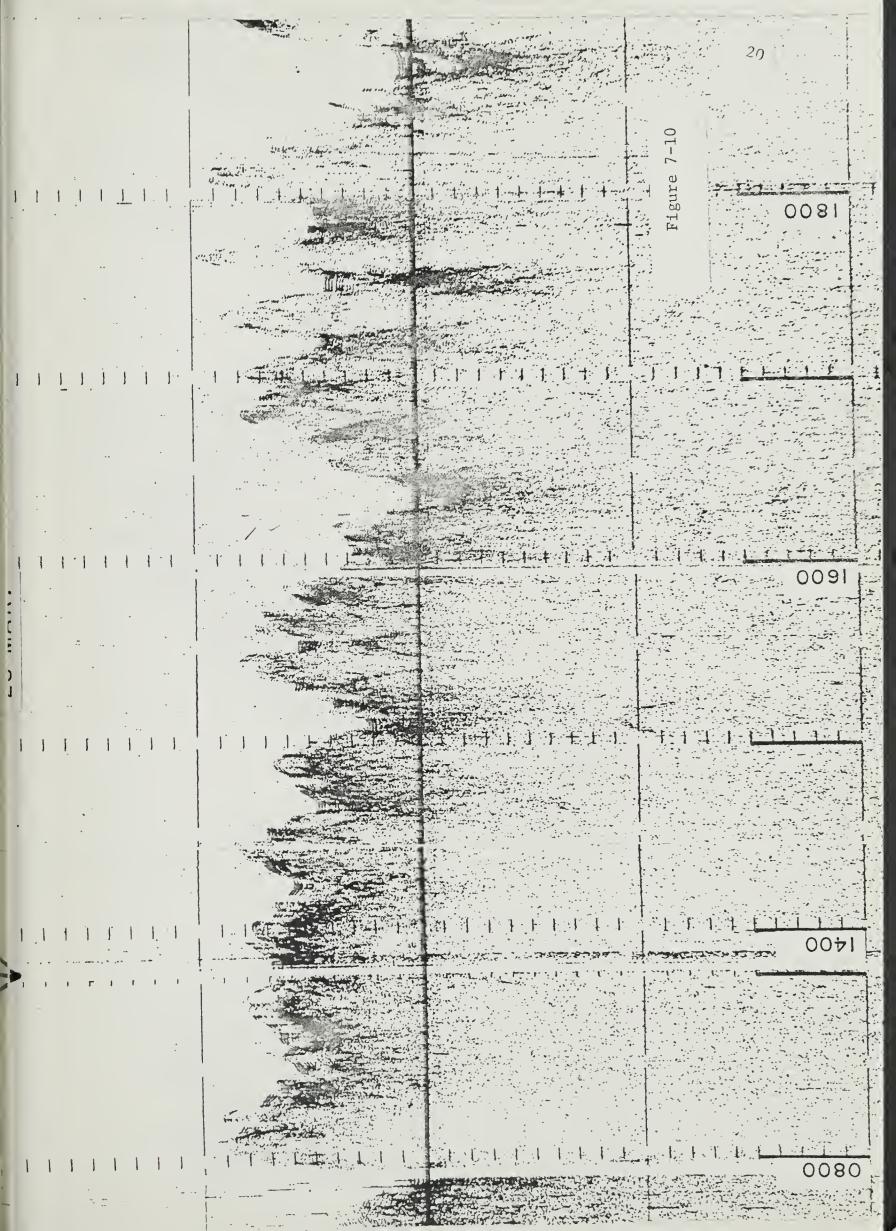


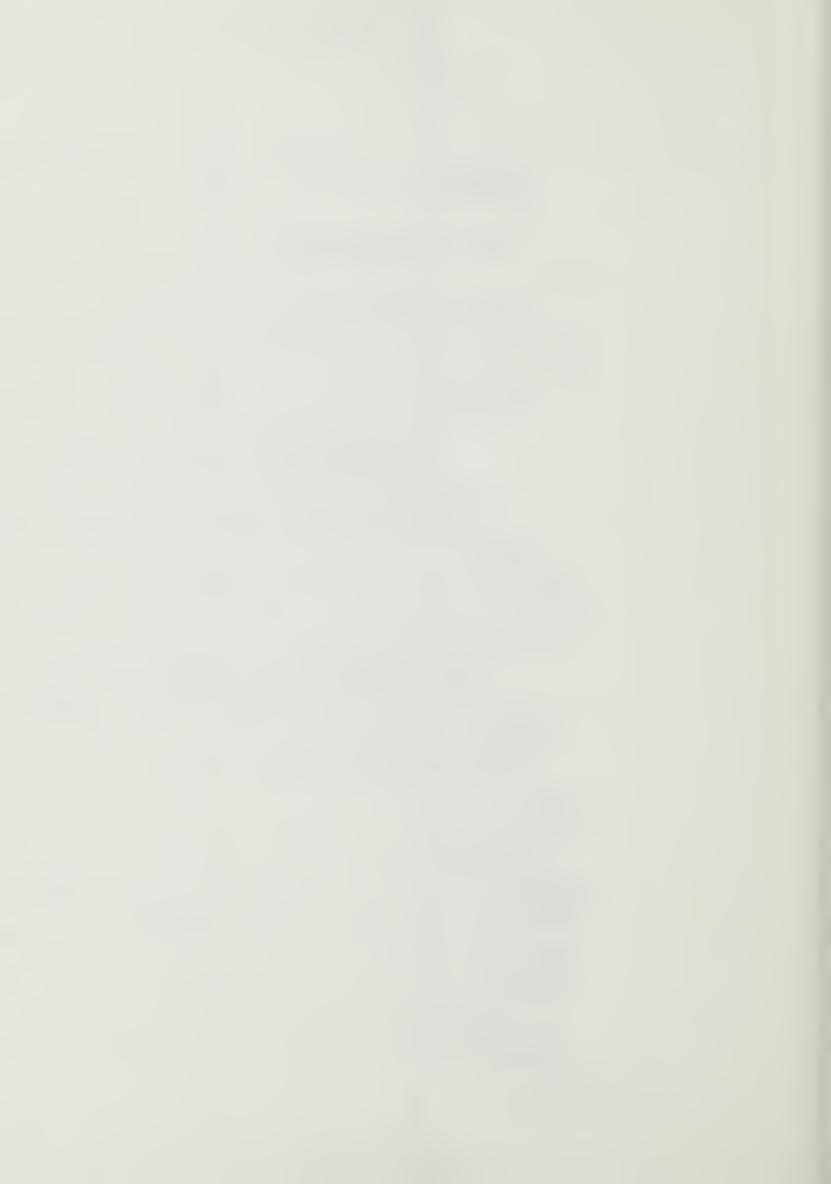


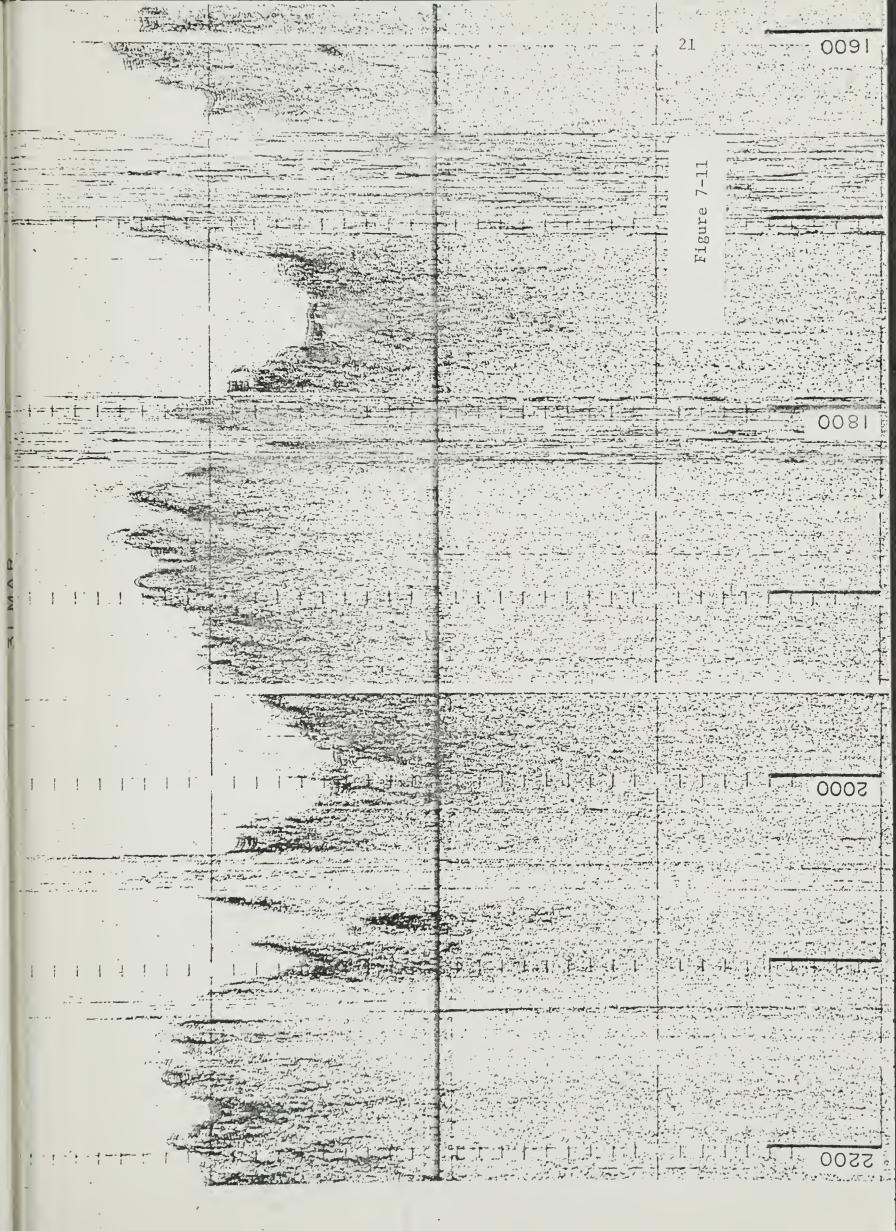


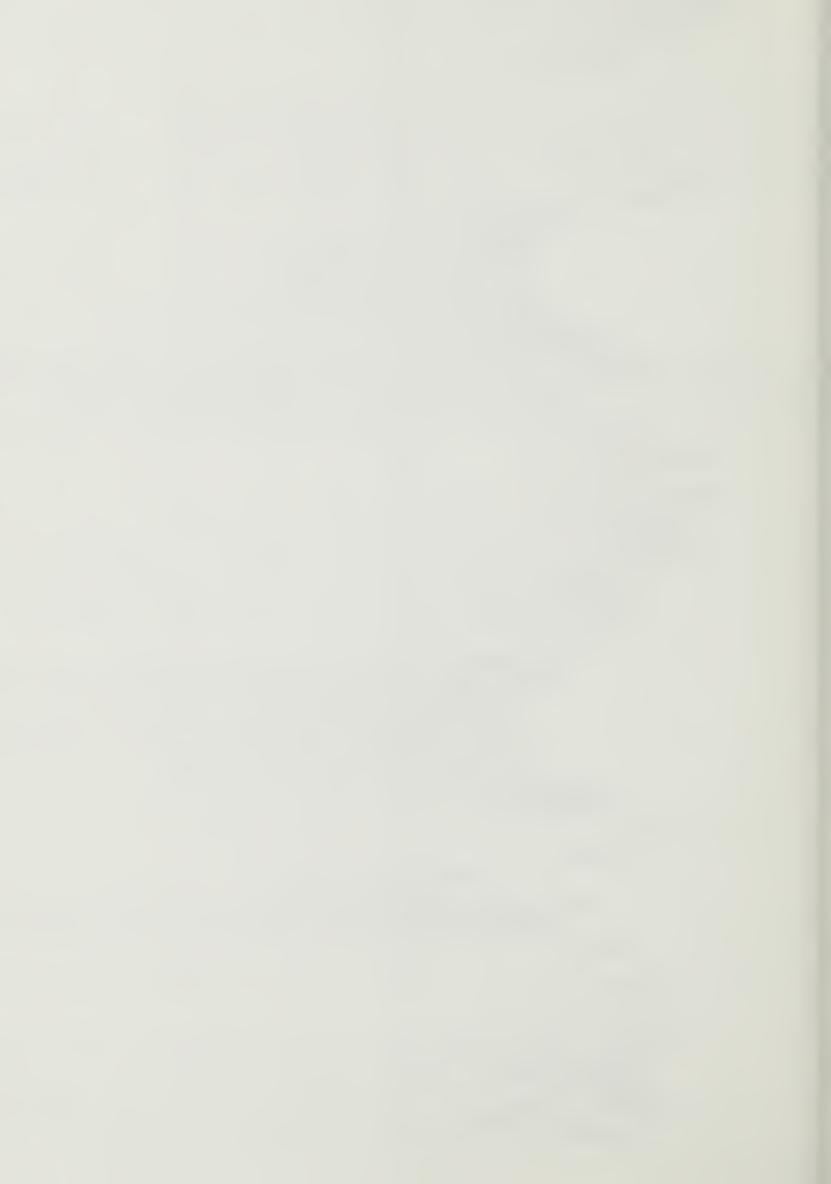


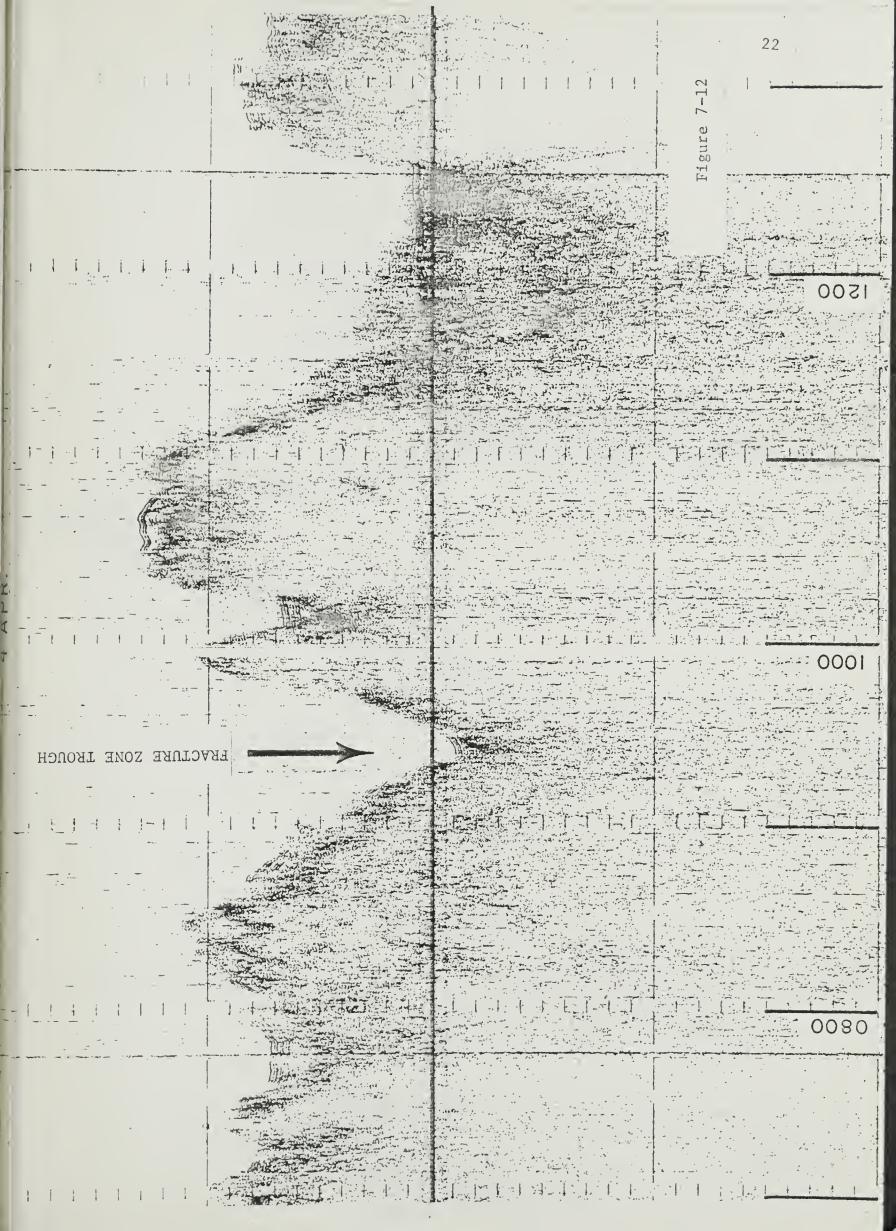




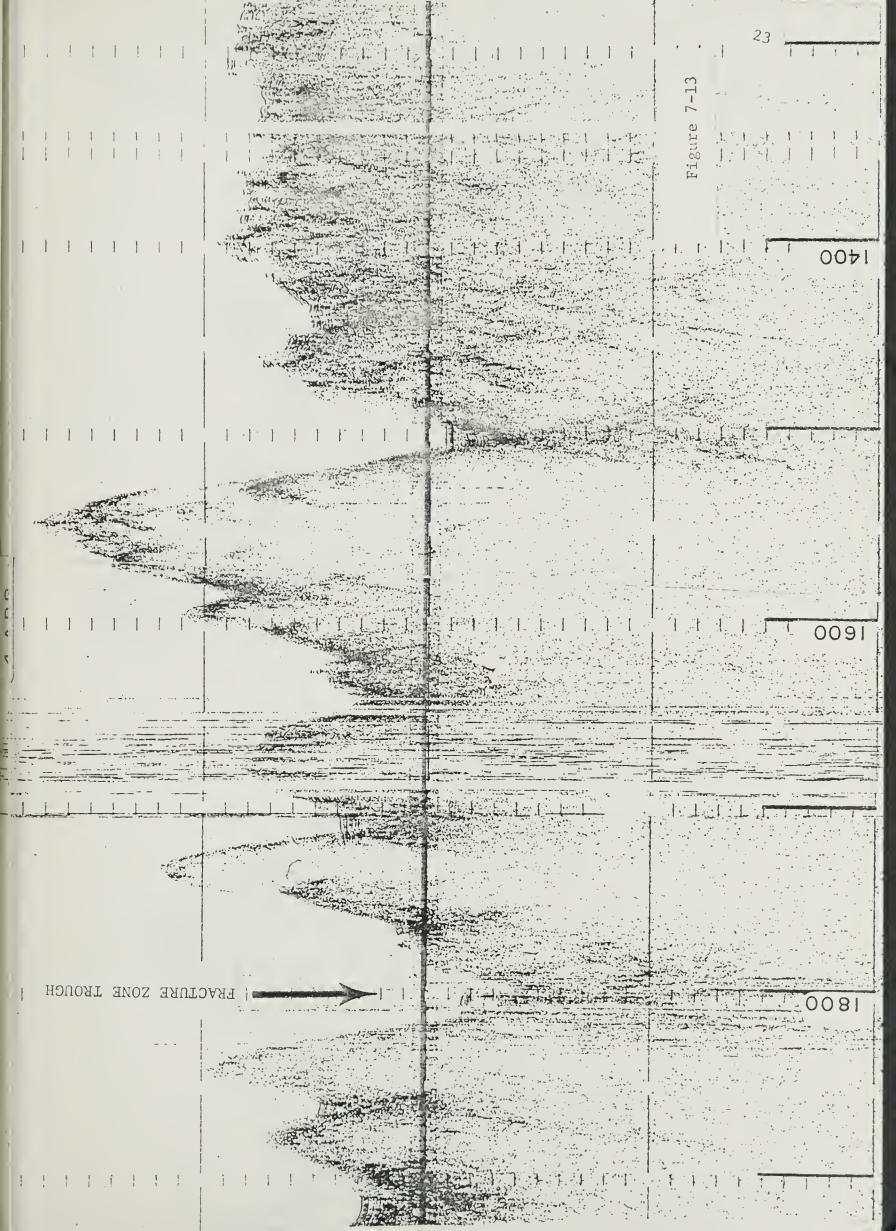


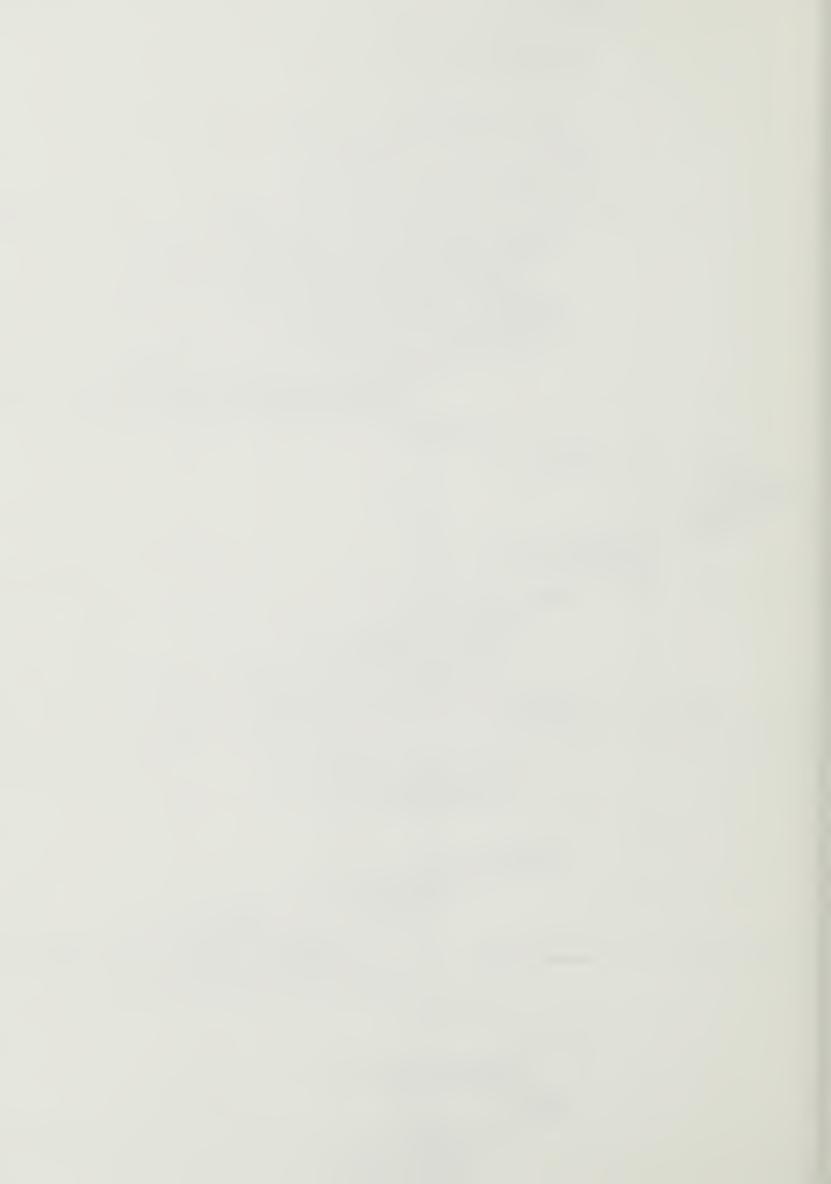


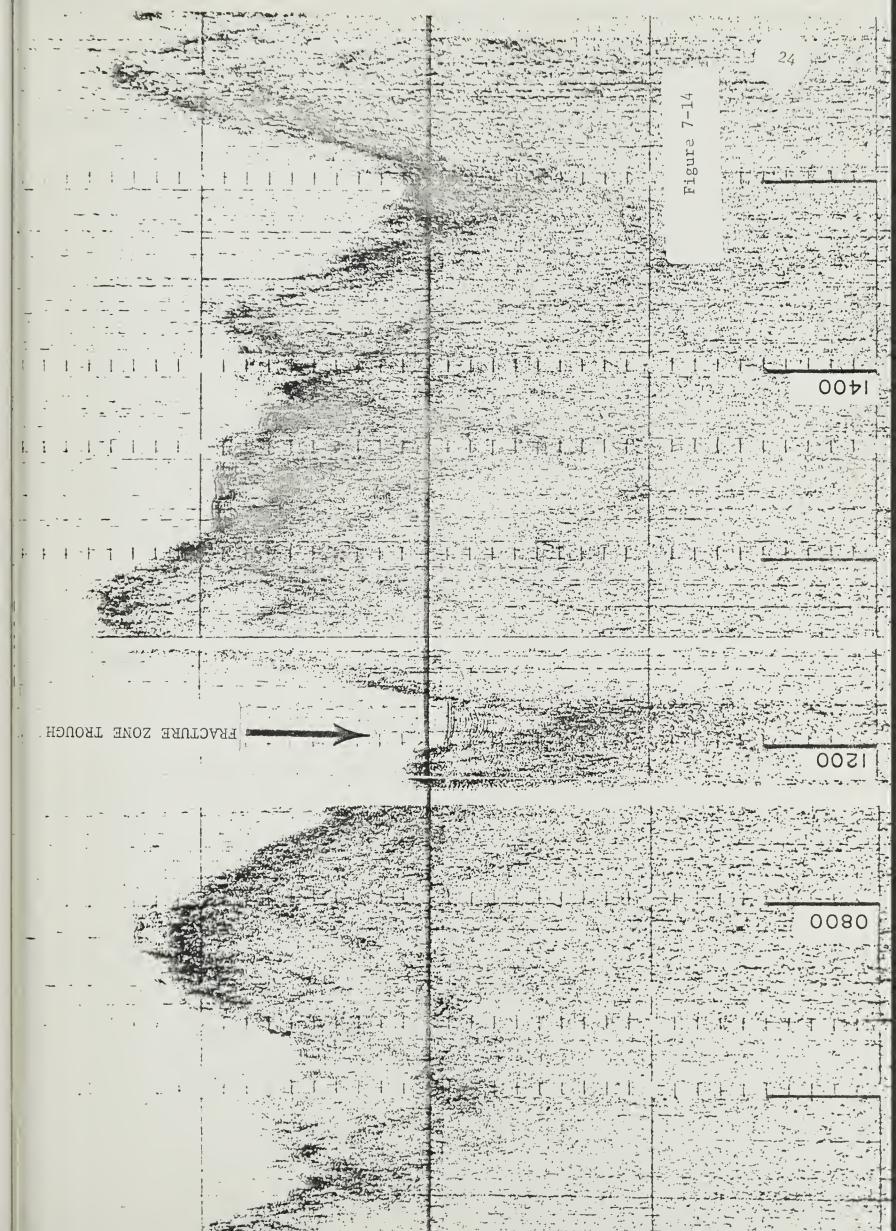














Recommendations for Drilling

If the primary objective of the IPOD drilling in this region is to drill "normal" ocean crust of the age of anomaly 13 (38 m.y.) then the logical drill site should be in the northeast region of the site survey where the topography, gravity anomalies and magnetic anomalies are well lineated and normal to the fracture zone trough. This narrows the optimum drilling location to the eastern segments of profiles 7-1 to 7-5.

We list below the closest locations to anomaly 13 on these profiles where sediment thicknesses in excess of 200 meters (>0.2 seconds of 2-way travel time) are observed [minimum sediment thickness necessary for deep drilling].

Profile 7-1 - 0300 hrs.

∿ 7 n. miles west of anomaly 13 sediment thickness in excess of 0.3 seconds water depth 7.4 seconds

Profile 7-2 - 2310 hrs.

within 2 n. miles of anomaly 13 sediment thickness \sim 0.2 sec water depth 7.5 seconds

Profile 7-3 - 1805 hrs.

 \sim 10 n. miles east of anomaly 13 sediment thickness \sim 0.2 sec. water depth 6.7 seconds

Profile 7-4 - 1235 hrs.

 \sim 8 n. miles east of anomaly 13 sediment thickness \sim 0.2 seconds water depth 6.8 seconds



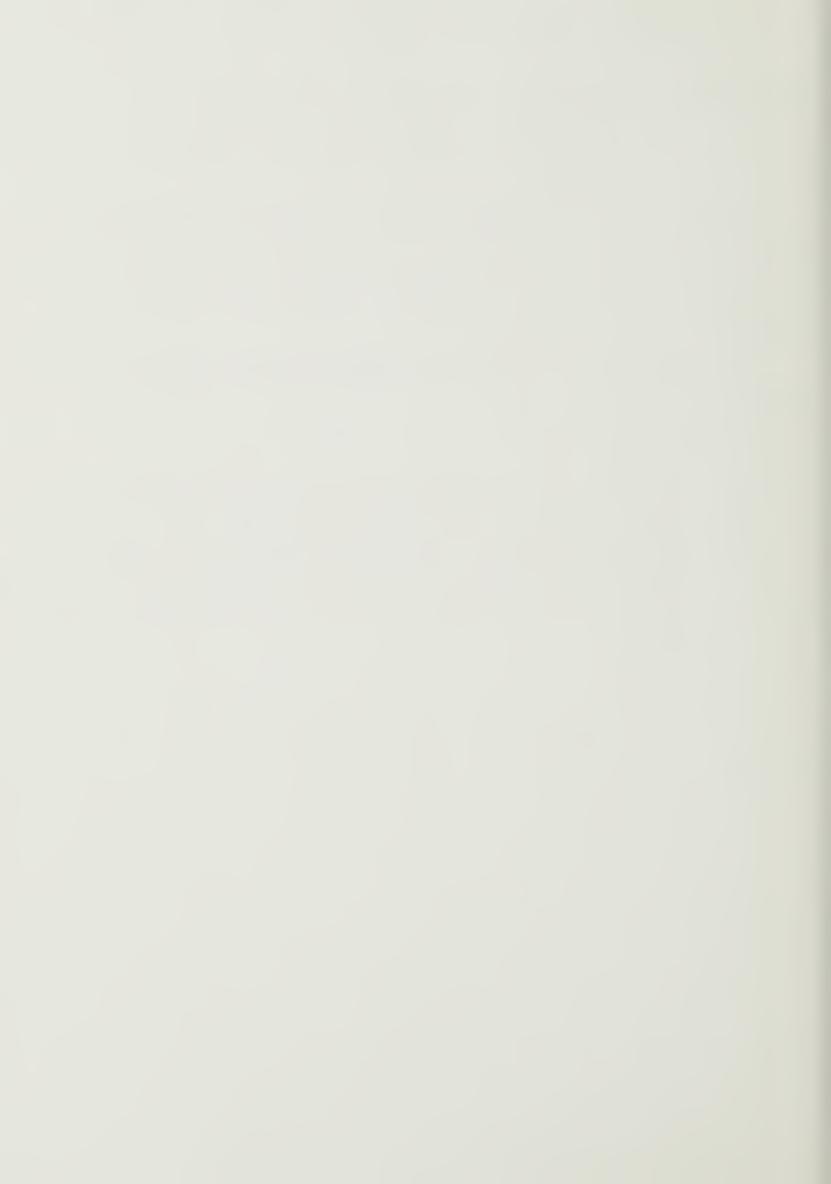
Profile 7-5 - traverses very close to axis of fracture zone - small sediment pockets observed generally less than 0.1 sec. in thickness.

Profile 7-1 is the northernmost profile. Since data does not exist to the north we do not know how near we are to another fracture zone. Since the fracture zone locations appear to be generally close spaced it would be advisable not to drill on this line.

The sediment pocket or profile 7-2 at 2310 hours appears to be the optimum drill location for site 4.

We base our decision on:

- i) The sediment pocket lies within 2 n. miles of magnetic anomaly 13.
- ii) It has a thickness $^{\circ}$ 0.2 seconds of two-way travel time.
- iii) The trough is located in the region where the magnetic, gravity and bathymetric trends are lineated and not offset by small fracture zones.



Acknowledgments

The International Phase of Ocean Drilling (IPOD) sponsored by the National Science Foundation is the fourth phase of the Deep Sea Drilling Project. The IPOD site survey management is situated at Lamont-Doherty Geological Observatory of Columbia University under the general supervision of Dr. Marcus Langseth. The site surveying is done under a subcontract to Scripps Institute of Oceanography.

We wish to thank the officers, crew, and scientific staff aboard R/V VEMA for their cooperation in gathering the data. In particular, the shipboard participation of Thomas Aitken (L-DGO) and Dr. Michael Purdy (WHOI) was greatly appreciated.







TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduc	tion	
Regional Setting 1		
Site 3 I	ata.	
Recommen	dati	on for Drilling16
Acknowle	edgem	ents17
APPENDIX . Geo	ther	mal measurements at sites 3 and 4 ois K. Ongley and Marcus G. Langseth
Illustra	tion	s
Figure 1	. –	Proposed Atlantic drilling sites 2
2	! -	Detailed location of Kane fracture zone 3
3	. –	Bathymetry - Site 3 5
4	-	Free-air gravity anomaly map - Site 3 6
5	-	Magnetic profiles - Site 3 8
6	-	Navigation - Site 3 9
7-1 to	7- 8	Seismic profiler records - Site 311-14
8	-	Sonobuoy results



Introduction

The purpose of this report is to present the results obtained during a geophysical survey of candidate site 3 for the International Phase of Ocean Drilling (IPOD). Site 3 is situated in the region of the oldest magnetic anomalies seaward of the Cretaceous quiet zone in the central western North Atlantic (anomalies 31 to 34; ~75 to ~81 m.y.b.p.). Site 3 was chosen to lie along the same synthetic flow line and same age but on the opposite side of the ridge axis as site 7 (figure 1).

Continuously recorded bathymetric, seismic reflection, gravity and magnetic measurements were obtained along the ships' track. On station coring, heat flow, camera and nephelometer stations as well as seismic sonobuoy measurements were made in select locations. The data collected on these sites are given in part A of these reports. In this report, the data will be presented primarily in the form of contour maps or profiles on a mercator projection.

Regional Setting

The Kane fracture zone in the central Atlantic ocean has an offset across its active portion of 160 km. The inactive portion from the ridge axis west to 51°W is characterized by a distinct topographic trough (Fox, et al. 1969). The Kane fracture zone has been traced farther west during this site survey to 62°W, a distance of 1700 km from the ridge crest (figure 2; Rabinowitz and Purdy, in prep.). A large change in the trend of the fracture zone is observed near 52.5°W. West of 53°W the fracture zone is characterized, in general, by a distinct sediment filled trough bounded by topographic highs. The offset across the fracture zone, in this region, as determined by offsets in the magnetic lineation pattern



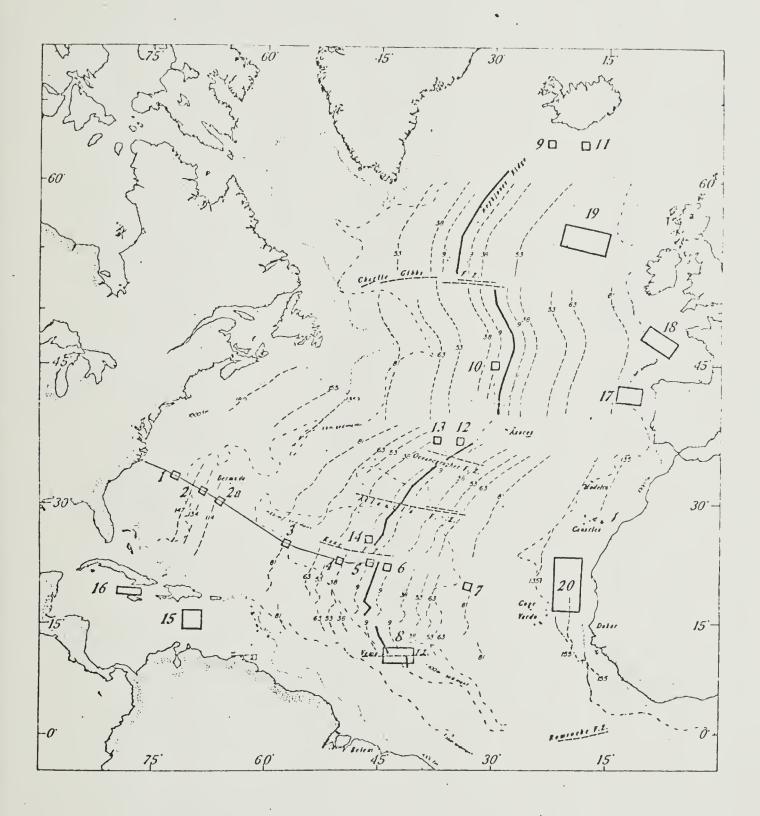
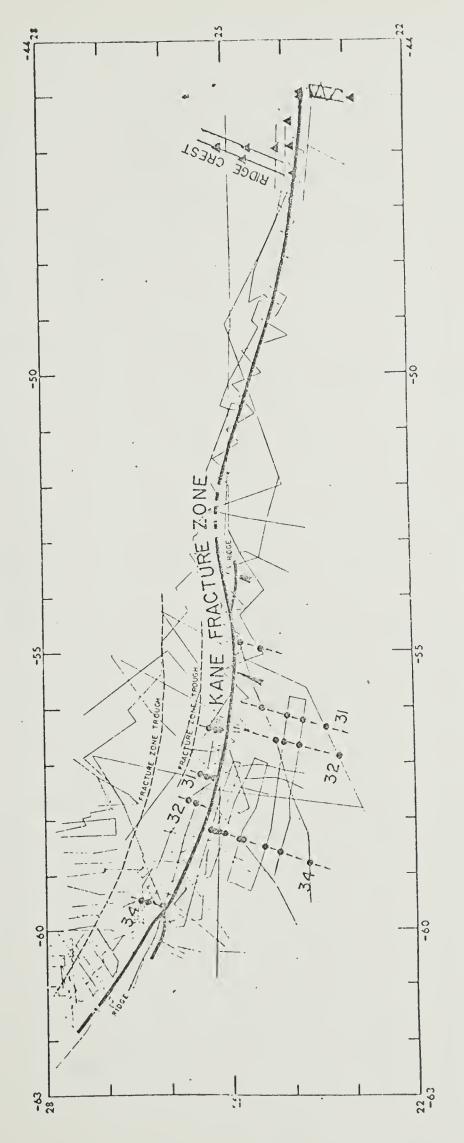


Figure 1. Proposed Atlantic drilling sites for International Phase of Ocean Drilling. Sites 3, 4, 7 and 8 were surveyed by R/V VEMA in February and March 1975.





Oceanographic Institut fracture zone trough, the location of which is uncertain between longitudes denote the dots are recognizable libraries north and available in the data Thick black lines shown 34 are Observatory and Woods Hole Triangles are earthquake epirentres, 31, 32 and location of the Kane Fracture Zone. are all those Anomalies location o 55.5°W denotes Tracks of Lamont-Doherty Geological magnetic anomalies. the trough. 53°W. Arrow head at south of Detailed fracture 52°W and lineated zone Fig. 2



is similar to that of the present day ridge axis (160 km). North of the Kane fracture zone a number of continuous topographic troughs and presumed fracture zones are observed. The magnetic anomalies are difficult to correlate. South of the Kane fracture zone there are no distinct continuous troughs and no observable offsets in the magnetic pattern.

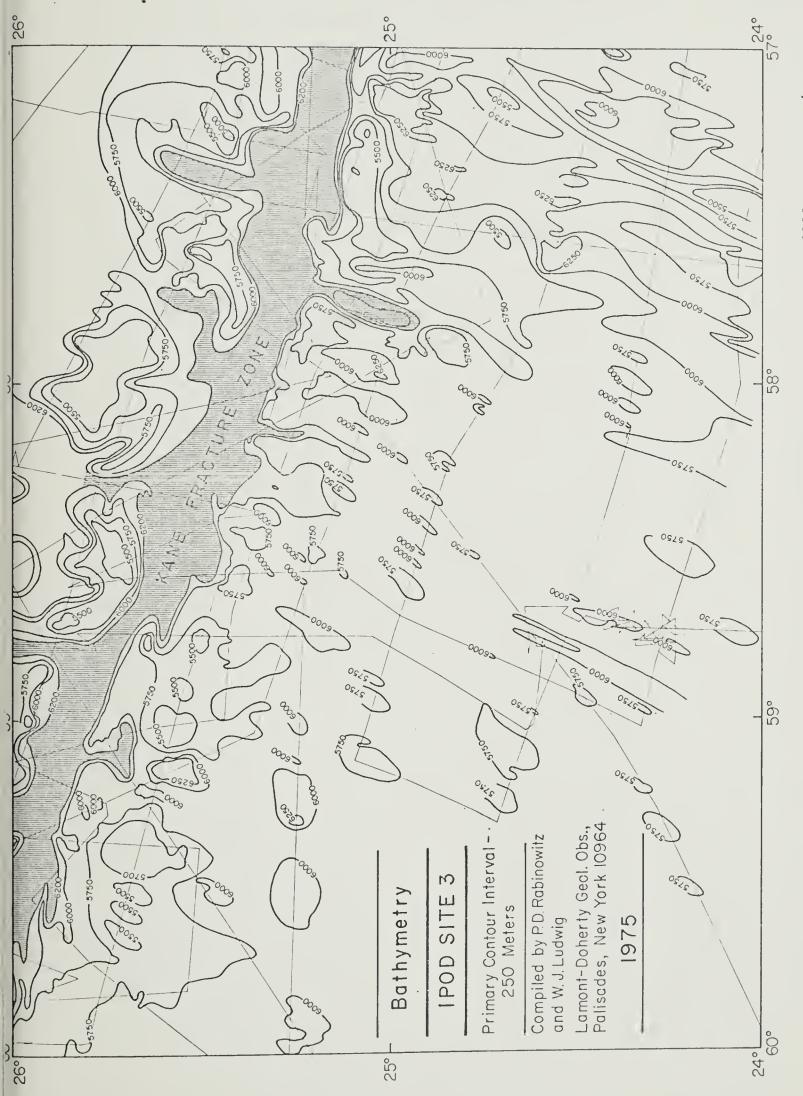
Site 3 Data

The bathymetry in the site 3 area is given in figure 3. The primary contour interval is 250 meters (corrected). The 6200 m contour is given near the base of the Kane fracture zone trough.

The dominant feature is the Kane fracture zone. The nearly flat-floored trough is about 10 km wide and is characterized by depths of 6200-6250 meters. Topographic highs are observed on either side of the trough. They are most prominent on the north wall where they appear as ridge-like structures interrupted, in places, with bottom depths similar to that of the fracture zone trough. The eastern part of the survey area, south of the Kane fracture zone, is characterized by linear and rugged topography (with bottom depths ranging from ~ 5000 to ~ 6300 m) trending normal to the fracture zone. The relief of the topography in the western segment is somewhat less rugged (bottom depth ranging from ~ 5700 to ~ 6100 meters).

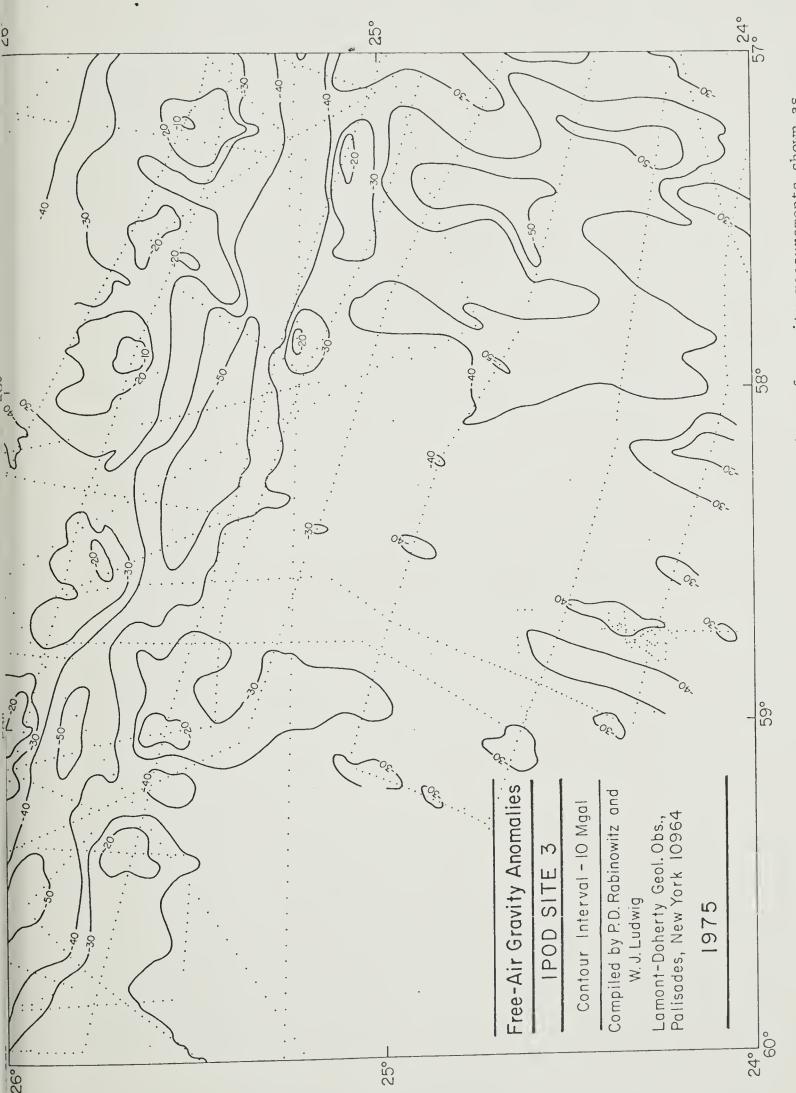
A free-air gravity anomaly map contoured at a 10 mgal interval is shown in figure 4. The trend in the free-air gravity anomalies are similar to those of the topography. The Kane fracture is well defined gravimetrically with free-air minima in places more negative than -50 mgal. In the eastern part of the survey area, south of the fracture zone, the gravity anomalies trend normal to the fracture zone in a similar fashion to the topography. The entire survey region is characterized by negative regional anomalies.





The 6200 m contour is Primary contour interval 250 meters. given at base of Kane Fracture Zone. Bathymetry - IPOD Site 3. Figure 3.





Locations of gravity measurements shown as Free-air gravity anomalles - IPOD Site 3. dots along ships' track. Figure 4.



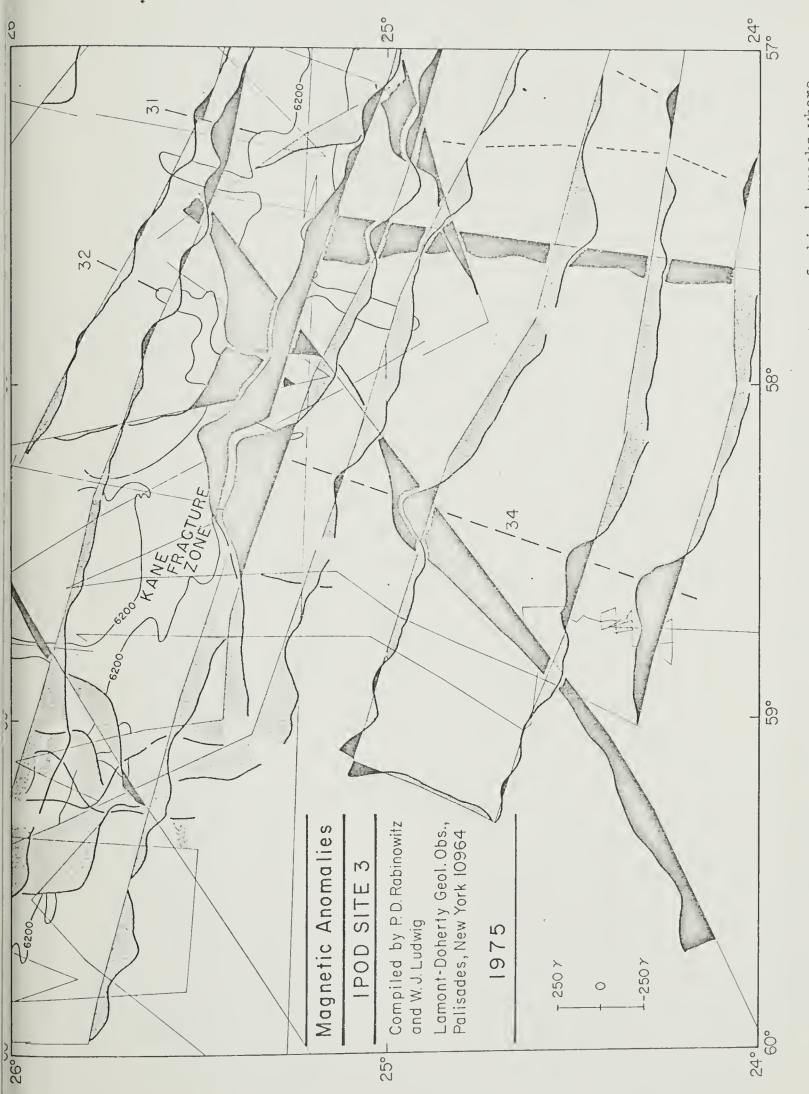
The magnetic anomalies are shown as profiles along the ship's track in figure 5. South of the Kane fracture anomaly 34 is linear and trends normal to the fracture zone. North of the fracture zone, anomaly 34 is observed with a left lateral offset of about 160 km (not in survey region; see figure 2). Anomalies 31 and 32 are observed in survey region north of the Kane fracture zone. South of the fracture they too are observed with a left lateral offset of 160 (see fig. 2).

The ships navigation and seismic profiler records are shown in figures 6 and 7-1 to 7-10, respectively. The profiler records which are keyed to the navigation illustrate the more rugged nature of the sea floor topography in the eastern section of the survey area. In this region sediments are generally observed in troughs. In the western part of the survey area where the topography is generally smoother we observe a thin veneer of sediment. (~ 0.1 to 0.2 seconds of two-way reflection time) overlying basement.

The results of three sonobuoy stations are given in figure 8 and Table 1. These sonobuoys were shot west of anomaly 34 (see navigation, figure 6). The cover of sediment at this site is too thin to resolve interval velocities. The velocity in the sediments is assumed to be 1.8 km/sec, and the refraction intercept of the basement layer is used to compute sediment thicknesses. The results show that the sediment layer is 1/20th to 1/28th as thick as the water layer.

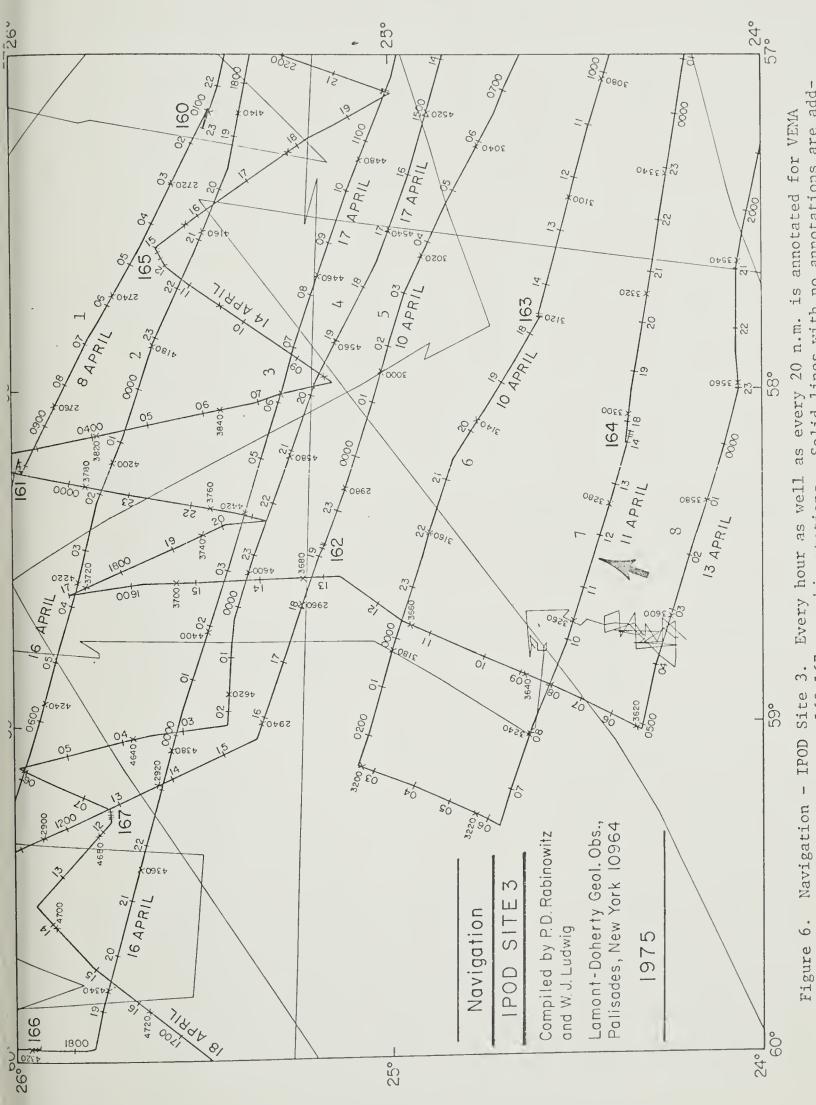
Refraction results from Layers 2B and 2C, among the three sonobuoys recorded, are in excellent agreement. The velocities from Layer 3 are not in good agreement, but the arrivals are strong and well-developed on the records. We believe that the discrepancy arises from dip of the layers. The 4.7 km/sec velocity measured for -80 m.y. old crust indicates that the slow-speed Layer 2A of velocity near 3.5 km/sec is not present or that it





Solid lines show locations of ships' tracks where Magnetic anomalies - IPOD Site 3. Soliadditional magnetics data is available. Figure 5.





Solid lines with no annotations are add-The numbers 1 to 8 are locations of seismic records given Arrow points to recommended drilling location. Nos. 160-167 are ship stations. itional cruises in area. cruise 3207. in figure 7.



has been sufficiently modified as to be undetectable (see Houtz and Ewing, 1975).

TABLE 1

	H 1	H 2	H 3	H 4	V 2	V 3	V ₄	V 5
50V32	5.61	.28	.49	1.55	(1.8)	4.70	6.25	6.70
51	5.73					4.75		
53	5.88	.30	.60	1.60	(1.8)	4.70	6.15	7.10

References

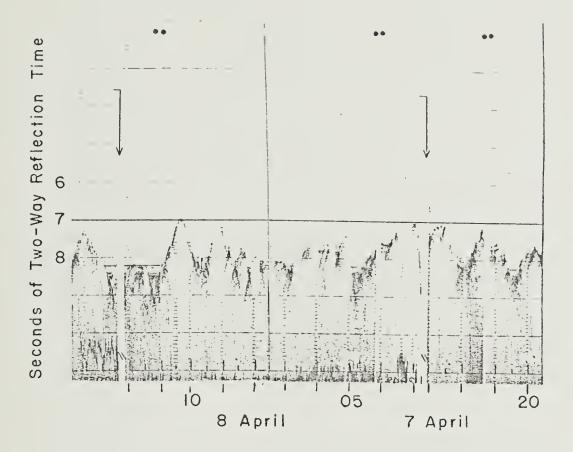
Fox, P. J., Pitman, W. C. III, and Shephard, F., Crustal plates in the Central Atlantic: Evidence for at least two poles of rotation. Science 165, p. 487-489, 1969.

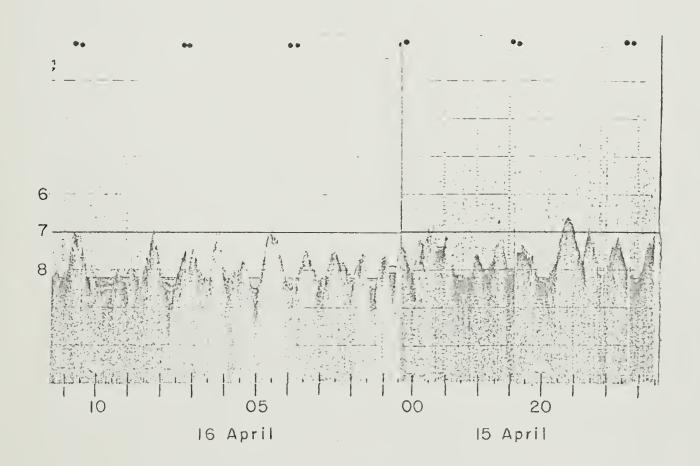
Houtz, R. and J. Ewing, Upper crustal structure as a function of plate age.

Jour. Geophys. Res., (in press).

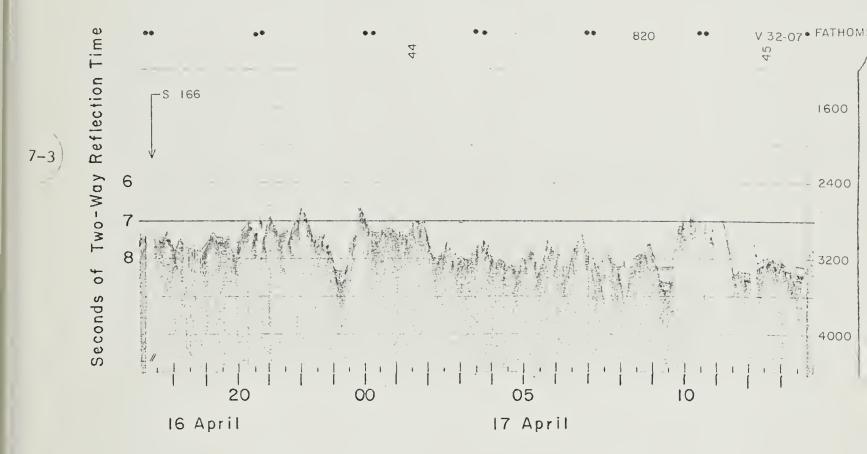
Figures 7-1 to 7-8 - Seismic profiler records for IPOD Site 3. Vertical scale in seconds of two-way reflection time (each horizontal line is equal to one second). Heavy horizontal line is at 7 seconds. Local ship's time is given for keying to navigation (figure 6). Arrows with S-prefix give location of ship's stations. Heavy arrow on figure 7-7 shows location of optimum drill site.

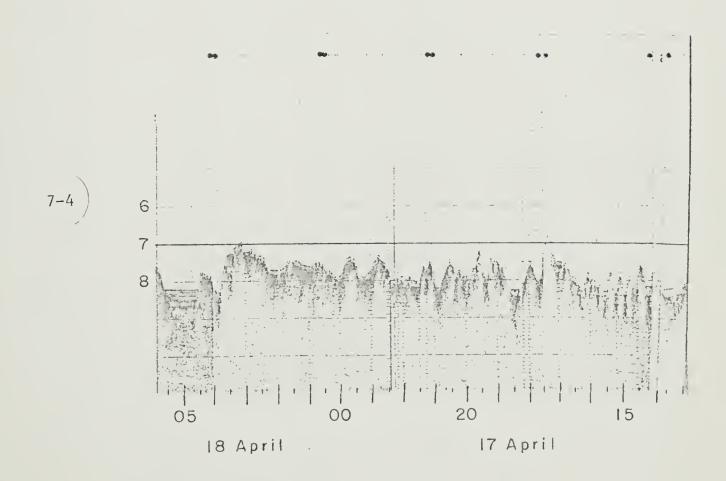




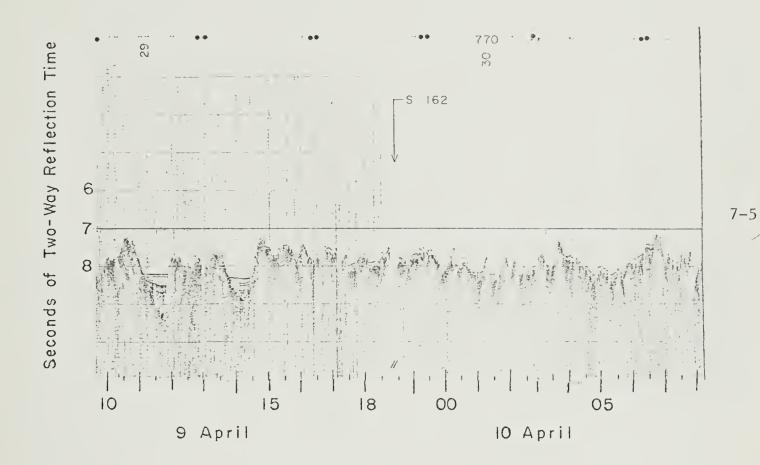


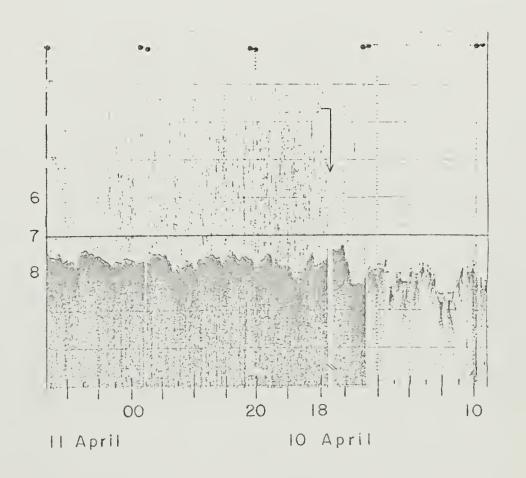




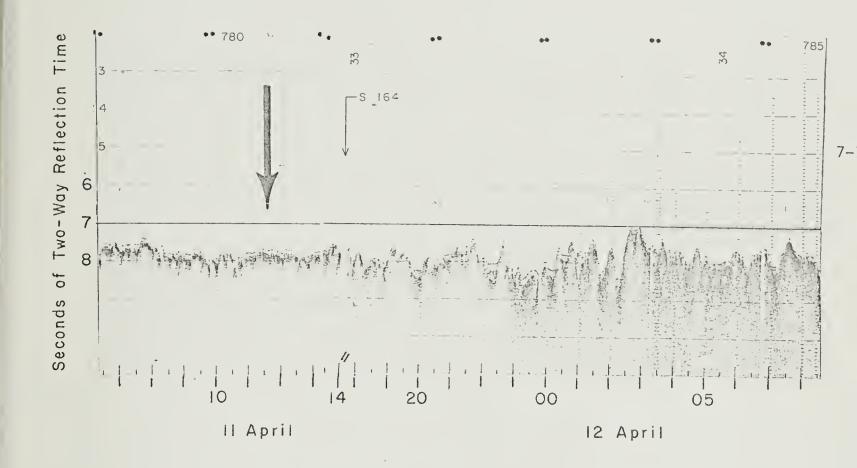


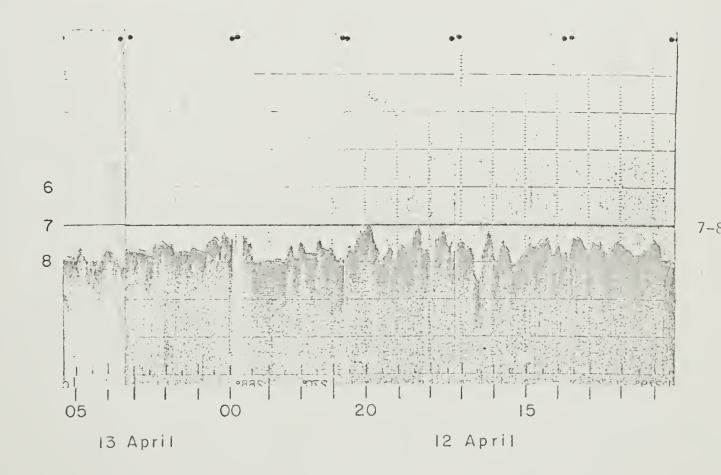




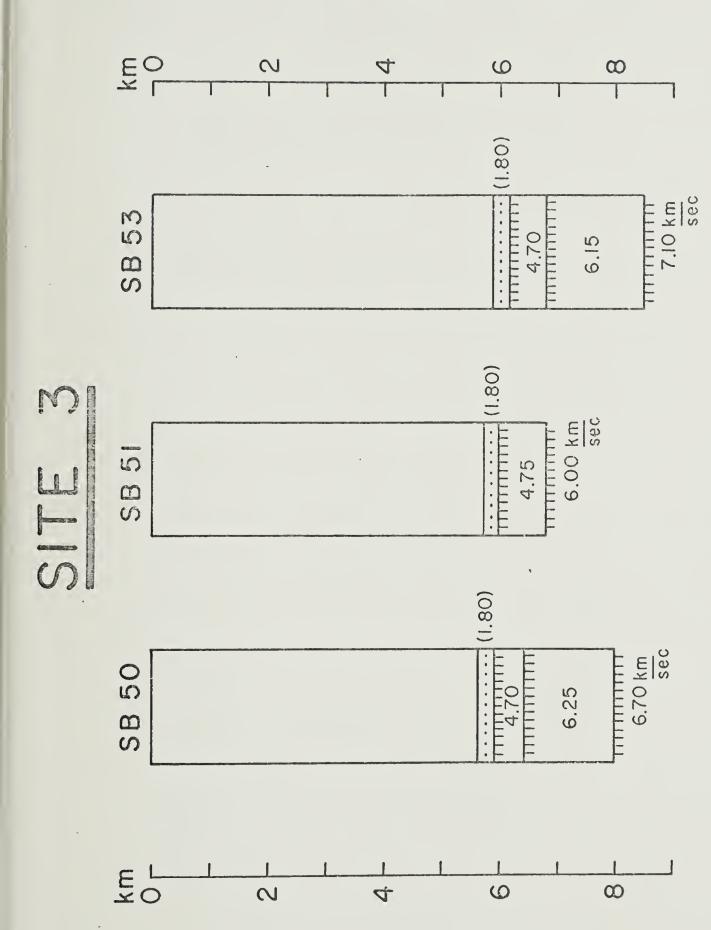












Sonobuoy crustal sections for IPOD Site 3. Numbers in brackets are assumed velocities. Figure 8.



Recommendation for drilling

Based on our data we recommend drilling at latitude 24° 28'N and longitude 58°31'W for the following reasons:

- i) This location is situated on magnetic anomaly 34 and is at a "safe" distance south of the major Kane fracture zone.
- ii) No recognizable offsets are observed in either the magnetic anomaly pattern or on the bathymetry in this region.
- iii) An adequate sedimentary section is present (0.15 seconds of two-way travel time).
 - iv) Seismic sonobuoy results obtained to west of this location yield velocities and thicknesses typical for crust of the age of anomaly 34.



Acknowledgments

The International Phase of Ocean Drilling (IPOD) sponsored by the National Science Foundation is the fourth phase of the Deep Sea Drilling Project. The IPOD site survey management is situated at Lamont-Doherty Geological Observatory of Columbia University under the general supervision of Dr. Marcus Langseth. The site surveying is done under a subcontract to Scripps Institute of Oceanography.

We wish to thank the officers, crew, and scientific staff aboard R/V VEMA for their cooperation in gathering the data. In particular, the shipboard participation of Thomas Aitken (L-DGO) and Dr. Michael Purdy (WHOI) was greatly appreciated. We also wish to thank Ms. Lois Ongley and Dr. Marcus Langseth for compiling Appendix 1.



APPENDIX

GEOTHERMAL MEASUREMENTS AT SITES 3 AND 4

Prepared by: L.K. Ongley and M.G. Langseth



	Page
Geothermal Measurements at Sites 3 and 4 Introduction Site 3 Site 4 References	1 1 2 3 5
Tables	
Table 1, Vema 32 heat flow data at Sites 3 and 4	. 7 8 10
Figures .	
Figure Captions Figure 1, Heat flow values near Site 3	14 15 16 17 18 19 20
Appendix	21

,



GEOTHERMAL MEASUREMENTS AT SITES 3 AND 4

Introduction

Sixteen heat flow measurements were attempted on R/V VEMA cruise 32, leg 7, beginning in Bridgetown, Barbados and ending in San Juan, Puerto Rico. These measurements were done as part of the Lamont - Doherty Geological Observatory's site surveys for IPOD.

A standard Ewing thermograd, with six thermistor sensors (five sediment probes and one water probe) was used to measure the thermal gradients. The instrument is described in Gerard et al. (1962) and Langseth (1965). A needle probe and strip chart recorder were used to measure the thermal conductivity. Von Herzen and Maxwell (1959) describe the technique.

The geothermal data collected on this cruise are summarized in Table 1. The temperature data, for each station, are given in the Appendix. There are 90 other heat flow values from previous stations in the surrounding area. These data are listed in Tables 2 and 3.



Site #3

Four new measurements were made at IPOD Site #3. The heat flow values at these and the other nearby stations are shown in Figure 1. The data in this area are approximately log-normally distributed about a median of 1.33 HFU (see Figure 2). The heat flow values can be divided into three groups: 1) the bulk of the values lying between 1.1 HFU and 1.6 HFU, 2) those less than 1.0 HFU, and 3) those greater than 1.6 HFU.

The bottom topography consists of relatively low amplitude, northwest trending valleys and ridges (see Figure 3, which shows some typical seismic profiler records in the area). The valleys are commonly flat-floored because they are filled with sediments. These turbidite sediments are continuous with those in the Hatteras Abyssal Plain. Typically, the sedimentary thickness is about 0.2 to 0.4 seconds (two-way reflection time). The sedimentary cover on the ridges is variable, but generally thinner than in the valleys. It's thickness ranges from nearly undetectable (profiler record 759, Station) to 0.1 second (profiler record 774, Station 17, see Figure 3). The anomalously high and low heat flow values are principally measured on the elevated areas. These are the values that provide most of the observed variability in the data.

The mean heat flow for the area, shown in Figure 2, is 1.3 HFU



(standard deviation of 0.38). Based on the magnetic chronology (Pitman and Talwani, 1972), Site #3 is nearly the same age as IPOD Site #7, (Ongley and Langseth, 1975) about 75 million years.

Selater and Francheteau (1970) statistically analyzed mean heat flow values versus age of ocean crust. They found mean heat flow values of 1.43 HFU and 1.42 HFU in the North Pacific and South Atlantic Oceans.

The mean heat flow for Site # 7 is 1.41 HFU. The mean for the area around Site # 3 is somewhat lower, but the difference may not be significant.

Site #4

Site # 4 is located in a relatively rough, lightly sedimented area on the western flank of the Mid-Atlantic Ridge. Three new temperature gradient measurements were made in this area (see Figure 4). The three heat flow values, based on these gradients, are in good agreement and have a mean of 1.40 HFU. These measurements were made in rough terrain (see Figure 5). There is a high probability of local, near-surface disturbances at these stations and they may not be representative of the regional heat flow (see, for example, Langseth et al., 1966). Figure 6 is a histogram of all values shown in Figure 4. It reveals much variability, but most of the values fall within two ranges: 1)0.5 < Q < 0.8, and, 2)1.1 < Q < 2.0.

The very high values (> 3.0 HFU) were measured very close to the ridge axis. It has recently been suggested that, the low heat flow values (< 1.0 HFU) in regions of sparse sedimentary cover represent only part of the



true heat flow because a significant part of the heat escapes by water flow within the fractured oceanic crust (Lister, 1972). If this is true, then values lower than 1.0 HFU should not be included when determining the mean regional heat flow.

The stipled area in Figure 4 is a band of oceanic crust, formed 28 to 48 m.y.b.p. by the seafloor spreading model and identification of magnetic anomalies. The ten measurements in this band provide a slightly larger sample than those within the Site #3 area. They show the same bimodal grouping seen in Figure 6. If we exclude the four values less than 1.0 HFU, the average heat flow is 1.53, not significantly different from the mean of the three values in the Site #4 area. This adds some credibility to these values as being representative of the regional heat flow.

Sclater and Francheteau (1970) found means of 1. 61 and 0. 69 for the North Pacific and South Atlantic Oceans respectively for crust 38 m.y. old. It is likely that the low Atlantic mean (which is based on only five values) is dominated by low values, as discussed above. However, the Pacific mean of 1. 61 is in good agreement with the 1.53 we deduce for this region of the Atlantic.

Thus, our best estimate of heat flow in this region is 1.5 HFU although large local variability is to be expected.



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TABLE 1

VEMA CRUISE 32 DATA AT SITES 3 AND 4

P Gradient (cm) Conductivity (HFU) Heat Flow (HFU) Evaluation T'Grad 610 3 0.74 2.09 1.55 6 1 592 4 0.65 2.01 1.33 6 12 552 4 0.654 2.03 1.32 10 13 616 4 0.434 1.80 0.78 8 15 617 3 0.57NL 1.90 1.08 6 16 615 4 0.675 1.85 1.25 7 17 556 3 1.4 1.73 2.4 6 18								
3 0.74 2.09 1.55 6 7 1.93	Longitude Depth (W) (Corrm)	P (cm)	Z	Gradient (°C/10 m)	Conductivity (mcal/°C sec cm)	Heat Flow (HFU)	Evaluation	T'Grad
1. 93 1. 83 1. 83 4 0. 66 2 01 1. 33 6 4 0. 654 2. 03 1. 85 1. 85 4 0. 434 1. 80 1. 90 1. 08 6 1. 25 7 3 1. 4 0. 675 1. 173 2. 4 6	4749	610	m	0.74	2.09	ւ ւ -	~	
1.83 6 4 0.66 2.01 1.33 6 4 0.654 2.03 1.32 10 1.85 0.78 8 4 0.434 1.80 0.78 8 3 0.57NL 1.90 1.08 6 4 0.675 1.85 1.25 7 3 1.4 1.73 2.4 6	5171				1.93)	12A
4 0.66 2.03 1.33 6 4 0.654 2.03 1.32 10 1.85 1.85 0.78 8 4 0.675 1.90 1.08 6 3 1.4 1.73 2.4 6	5143				1, 83			12B
4 0.654 2.03 1.32 10 1.85 1.86 0.78 8 3 0.57NL 1.90 1.08 6 4 0.675 1.85 1.25 7 3 1.4 1.73 2.4 6	4918	592	4	0.66		1.33	9	12
1.85 9.434 1.80 0.78 8 11 3 0.57NL 1.90 1.08 6 11 4 0.675 1.85 1.25 7 11 3 1.4 1.73 2.4 6 11	4914	S	4	0.654	2.03	1.32	10	13
4 0.434 1.80 0.78 8 1 3 0.57NL 1.90 1.08 6 1 4 0.675 1.85 1.25 7 1 3 1.4 1.73 2.4 6 1	4914				1.85			14
, 3 0.57NL 1.90 1.08 6 1 4 0.675 1.85 1.25 7 1 3 1.4 1.73 2.4 6 1	5300	616	4	0.434	1.80	0.78	∞	15
4 0.675 1.85 1.25 7 1 3 1.4 1.73 2.4 6 1	6249	617	~		1.90	1.08	9	16
3 1.4 1.73 2.4 6 1	5610	615	4	0.675	1.85	1.25	7	17
	6034	356	~	1.4	1.73	2.4	9	18

P = penetration into sediment, N = number of probes in the mud, NL = non-linear gradient.



NON-LAMONT DATA IN THE VICINITY OF SITES 3 AND 4

7 जग्वभा

(Z)	(W)	(Corrm)	(cm)	Z	(°C/10 m)	Conductivity (mcal/°C sec cm)	Heat Flow (HFU)	HF Station
ATLANTIS	; 282 ¹							
25°291	64°341	9				6		
28°54'	64°391	4900			0.61	1.81	1.11	. 22
ATLANTIS	; II 31 ²							
21°28'	60°321	73	200	3				ρ,
24°331	61°421	5675	200	3	0.76	2.31	1.76	SP 15
ATLANTIS	5 II 42 ³							
20°01'	904	65	2	Ŋ		4		
20°21'		4820	069	4	2	2.32	0.49	
20°391	1 ° 5	30	N	2	9.	0	. 2	
20°39'	1 ° 5	24	\sim			0		
21°00'	5°5	9	S	3	0.23	2		37
21°19'	53°581	\sim	720	N	∞			
	0	5300	710	N	0.65	2.31	ſΩ	
2 ° 1	9	9	006	N	5	4	2	
27°15'	0 ° 3	9	870	Ŋ	. 50	2.	<i>-</i>	
0.6	62°00¹	2	8 60	ιυ ·	10	4.	1.	• 47
CHAIN 214	<u>_</u>							
29°51'	4°3	61			5	0	0	
∞	46°441	4370			0.30	2.24	0.67	- 4
CHAIN 395	10							
29.00'	59°11'	00				0	6	
25°18'	55°441	93				∞		2
24°041	55°15'	98				∞	.	~
28°30'	0	80						ເດ
6.5	60°33'	5715				1.84		9
29°471	62°121	8					~	[



TABLE 2 (Continued)

NON-LAMONT DATA IN THE VICINITY OF SITES 3 AND 4

Latitude (N)	Longitude (W)	Depth (Corr m)	P (cm)	N Gradient (°C/10 m)	Conductivity (mcal/°C sec cm)	Heat Flow HFU	HF Station
ZEPHYRU	ZEPHYRUS EXPEDITION ⁶	9 ^{NC}					
20°12'	49°01'	4632		0.30		0.5	12
21°06'	46°301	3912		0.16	1.9	0.3	13
21°56'	45°46'	3372		3.24	2.0	6.5	-2
23°06¹	45°391	3983		1.48	2.0	3.0	16 •

P = penetration into sediment, N = number of probes in mud, A = assumed thermal conductivity

4 Lister and Reitzel, 1964	5 Birch and Halunen, 1966	6 Nason and Lee, 1964
1 Reitzel, 1963	2 Von Herzen et al., 1970	3 Von Herzen and Simmons, 1972



LAMONT DATA IN THE VICINITY OF SITES 3 AND 4

Latitude (N)	Longitude (W)	Depth (Corr m)	P (cm)	Z	Gradient (°C/10 m)	Conductivity (mcal/°C sec cm)	Heat Flow (HFU)	Evaluation	T'Grad
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0									•
.531	7°5	67			4		6	œ	
25°16¹	56°481	6235			0.78	2.20	. [-) M	
27 0 471	9°2	30			6.		1.81	· &	92
	pool								
23°341	9.1	26			9.	Ω.	7 .	6	3
1 ° 2	57°38'	5300			1.20	2.48	2.98	4	4,
ONRAD 1	۲O								
.59.	°21.	86	30	3	· 70	. 2	~	00	
3°1	60°29.41	5880	1257	ω.	. 0.93	2.33	2.16	6	, 39
5°15.	°25.	04	26		0.5	3	. 3		
.00.9	.18.	85	26	3		9 .		10	
7°38.	°25.	82	12	3		. 3	. 3	0\	
7°36.	°40.	40	3	2		. 3	9 .	2	43
(,	(,	(
. 67)	I ° 14.	2	T 7	22	0.4			10	
8.02.	1°00.	07	6		9 .			4	
27°39.61	61°05.11	5132	3 60	2	0.5	2.4A	1.43	.9	
7°15.	1°08.	74	∞	3	\sim .			∞	
6.29.	1°21.	04	27	ťΩ				∞	8 4
7°12.	.28.	10	22	3	3	.5	∞.	10	
6°56.	°46.	9	19	3	.5	. 3			
7.35.	°24.	5 63	1276	3	0.53	4.	1.32	10	
27°32.61	60°25.31	5611	19	2	170	2.65	4	∞	52
7°59.	.57.	46				3			
8.02.	.59.	59				寸.			



TABLE 3 (Continued)
LAMONT DATA IN THE VICINITY OF SITES 3 AND 4

CONRAD 16 24°19.8' 5 24°21.1' 5 24°35.1' 5 25°47.0' 5		(Corrin)	(cm)		(C/10 m)	(mcal/°C sec cm)			٠
AD 16 .8' .1'									
1 1 1 0									
11.	8°43.	9009	723	3		Γ	1.16	· ∞	96
11.0.0	8°43.	6120	1263	4	0.50	9	\sim	6	26
10.	58°45.61	6001	524	2		2.58	1.75	8	98
1	8°46.	6249	744	3	0.741-3N	L 2.4	1.79	6	66
. 71	9°11.	6348	443	2	0.80	2.42	1.94	N	100
6°51.4'	9°18.	42	623	ς,	0.45	2.50	1.13	œ	101
51	59°50.91	5394						0	102
7°24.0'	9°42.	86	Manganes	nese	crust - core	fell over - no data	نــ		103
7°42.91	9.46.	37	180	7	5	2	. 2	4	
6°38.51	9°52.	98	9 2 9	2	0.88	2.32	2.04	Ø	105
6°34.81	9°51.	29	262		0.60	2.10	1.25	~	
6.19.21	9°30.	57							107
4.41	58°55.21	5569	213		17)			3	0
7.01.91	8.50.	80	1085		0.56	2.40	1.35	. 6.	109
8°40.91	0°18.	62	909	3	7			6	
9.04.61	.53.	35			ឧបន្ត	nese Crust			111
7°56.7	.49.	31	$\langle \cdot \rangle$	4	55	4	.3	10	112
27°55.4'	61°16.81	6362	1059	3	0.33	2.47	0.82	6	113
8°21.11	.08.	5	$\overline{}$	2	5	0	9.	00	114
CONRAD 17									
22°44.3¹	54°12.61	5765	1015	Ŋ	. 280	2.24	0.63	6	6



LAMONT DATA IN THE VICINITY OF SITES 3 AND 4

Latitude (N)	Longitude (W)	Depth (Corrm)	P (cm)	Z	Gradient (°C/10 m)	Conductivity (mcal/°C sec cm)	Heat Flow (HFU)	Evaluation	T'Grad
VEMA 23									•
22°48'	61°40'	74				S			
27°26'	61°18'	5770	1129	3	. 2		9	7	74
25°581	161.09	87	8 60	3	0.50	3	1.18	7	75
VEMA 25									
0	1 ° 0	8	[~	3	0.64			8	~
28°381	59°431	5324	896	3	0.62	1.82	1.13	10	4
0	7 ° 3	90	2	2	0.57	<i>←</i> .	. 2		īΩ
0	3°4	29	∞	3		1.71		10	9
7°4	0 ° 1	77	902	Ω	. 2	. 2.42	[~	2	
5°1	5 ° 0	49	160	2		\sim	[~	4,	
25°16'		2568	456	3	1.34	2.43	2	ഹ	26
4°2	8 ° 0	10	386	4	0.98 ₁₋₃ R	G 2.4		10	
4°5	8 .5	05	2	4	0.711-3R	G 2. 1	Γ	10	
4°2	1 ° 0	41	2	4		0	9	8	
21°30'	53°24'	5612	886	4	0.291-cN	IL 2.18	0.63	. 10	
0°2	3 ° 3	28	~	4			00	∞	32
VEMA 26									
29°54'	5 ° 0	24	648	2	0.13NL	3	0.30	Ŋ	4
29°481	45°11'	2606			1	IL 2.38			5
24°281	2°3	92	815	3		2.4	45	œ	ω ιΩ



TABLE 3 (Continued)

LAMONT DATA IN THE VICINITY OF SITES 3 AND 4

T'Grad	, 4 4 0 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Evaluation	0 6
Heat Flow (HFU)	1.35
Conductivity (mcal/°C sec cm)	2, 22 2, 32 2, 29 1, 92
Gradient (°C/10 m)	0. 61 0. 47 0. 60 0. 68
z	rv 4 4 4
P (cm)	1282 1290 1840 1288
Depth (Corrm)	6318 6253 6146 5255
Longitude (W)	58°51.1¹ 60°12.6 61°03.0¹ 63°27.8¹
Latitude (N)	VEMA 31 26°27.5' 26°51.9' 26°38.4' 28°55.4'

P = penetration into sediment, N = number of probes in mud. NL = non-linear gradient, A = assumed conductivity, RG = reversed gradient, 0.50_{i-j} = gradient measured between probes i and j.

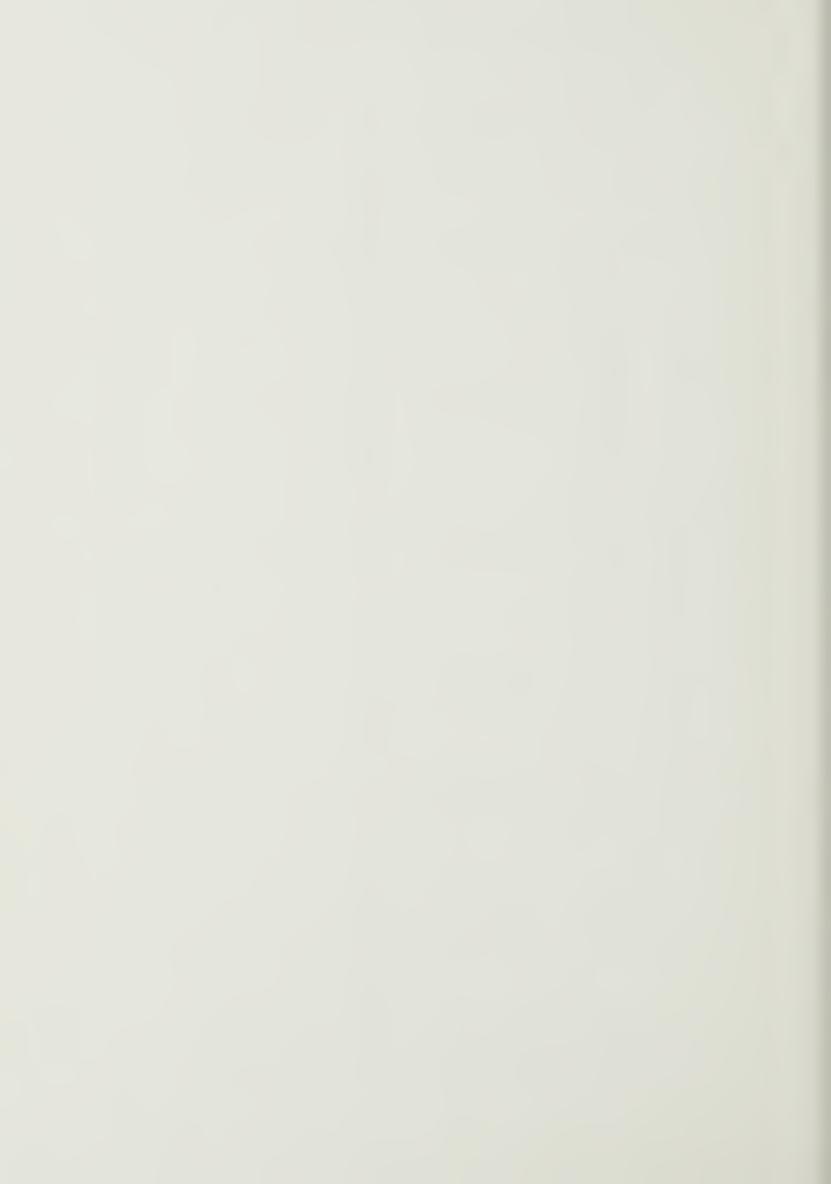


FIGURE CAPTIONS

- Figure 1 Heat Flow Values Near Site #3. Squares represent the new values reported here. The rectangle in the lower right hand corner roughly outlines Site #3.
- Figure 2 A Logarithmic Histogram of Heat Flow Values Near Site #3.
- Figure 3 Profiler Records for Stations 15 18.
- Figure 4 Heat Flow Values Near Site #4. Squares represent the new values reported here. The location of Site #4 is outlined in the lower right hand corner.
- Figure 5 Profiler Records for Stations 11 13.
- Figure 6 A Logarithmic Histogram of Heat Flow Values Near Site #4.



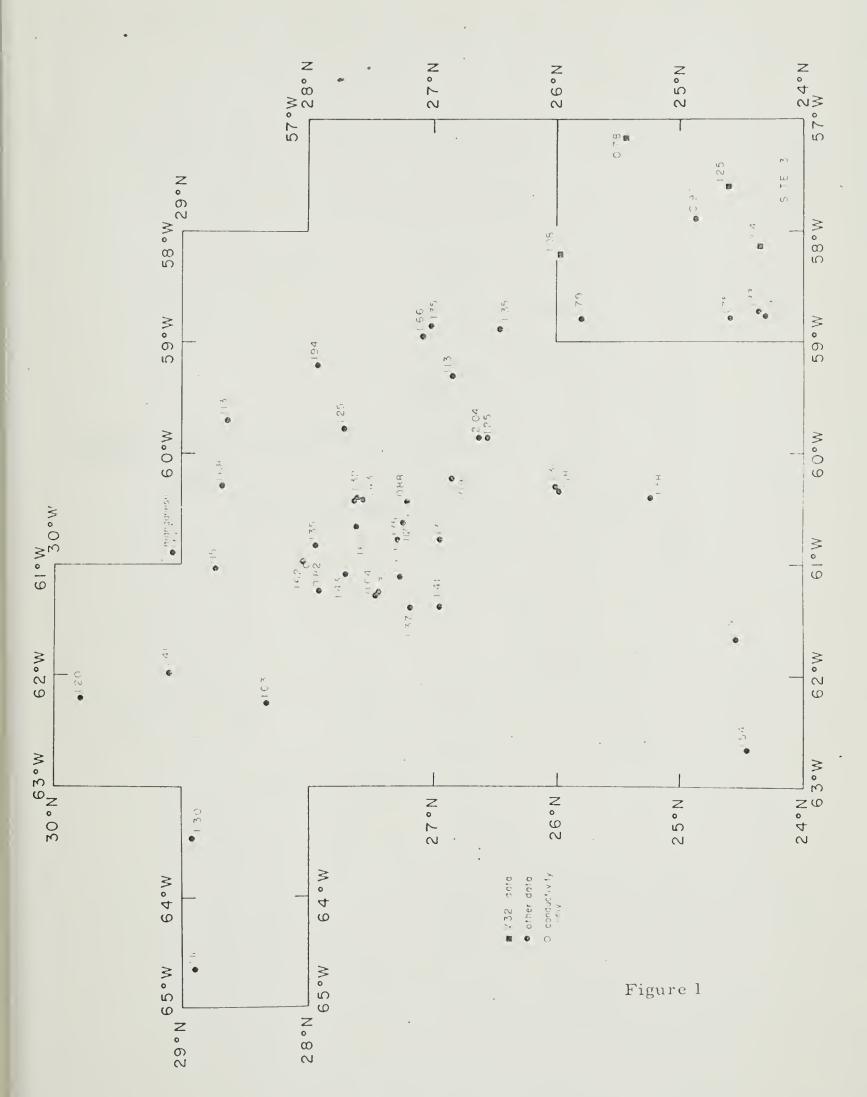
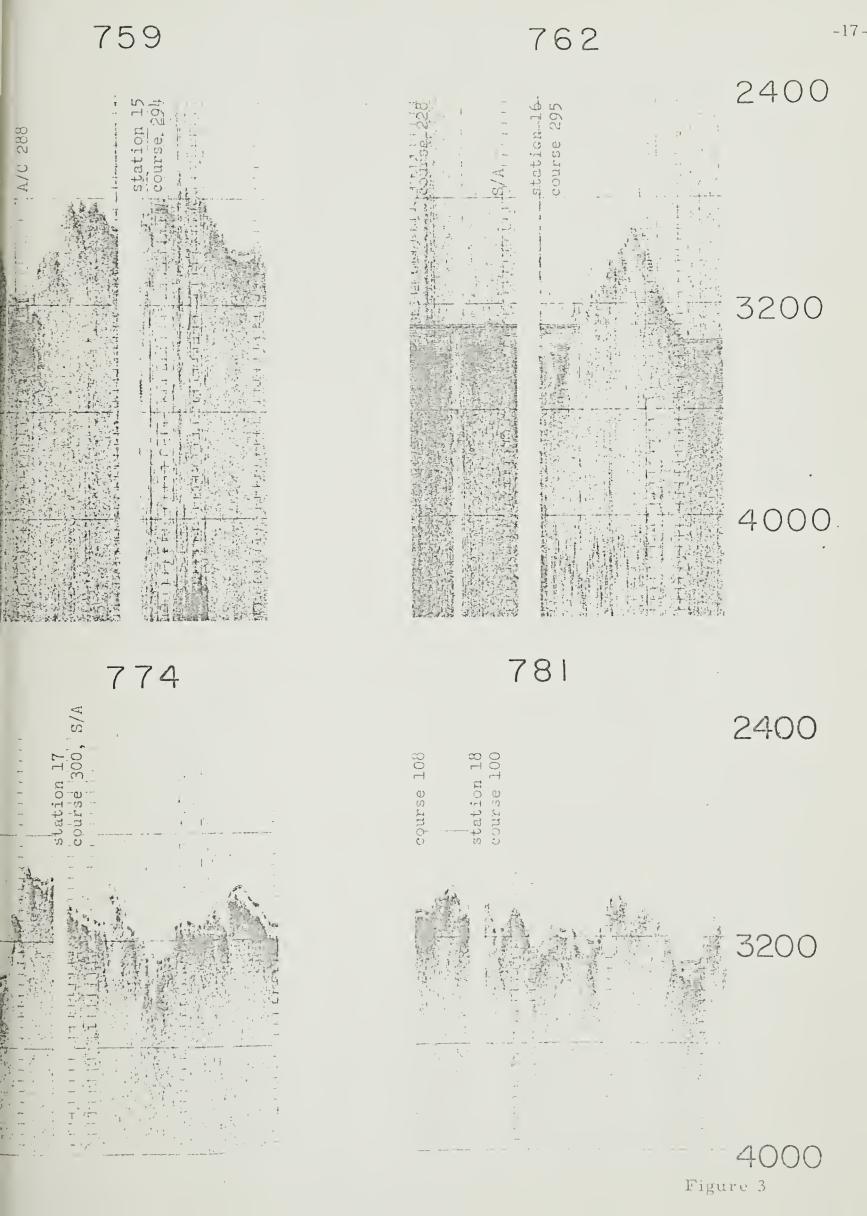




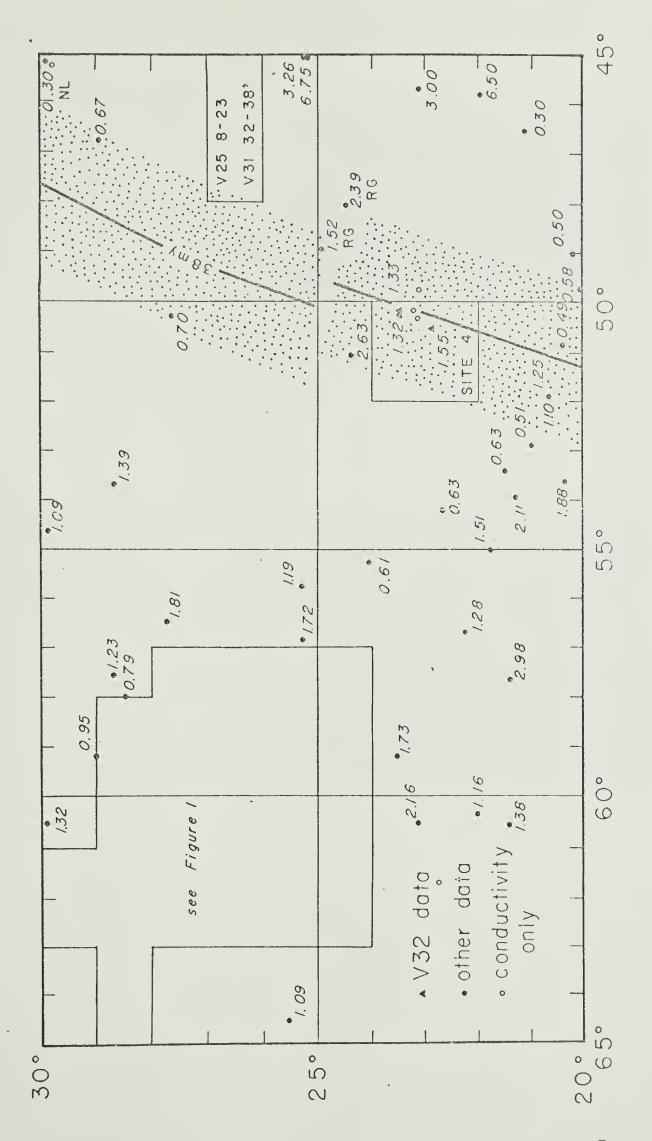


Figure 2



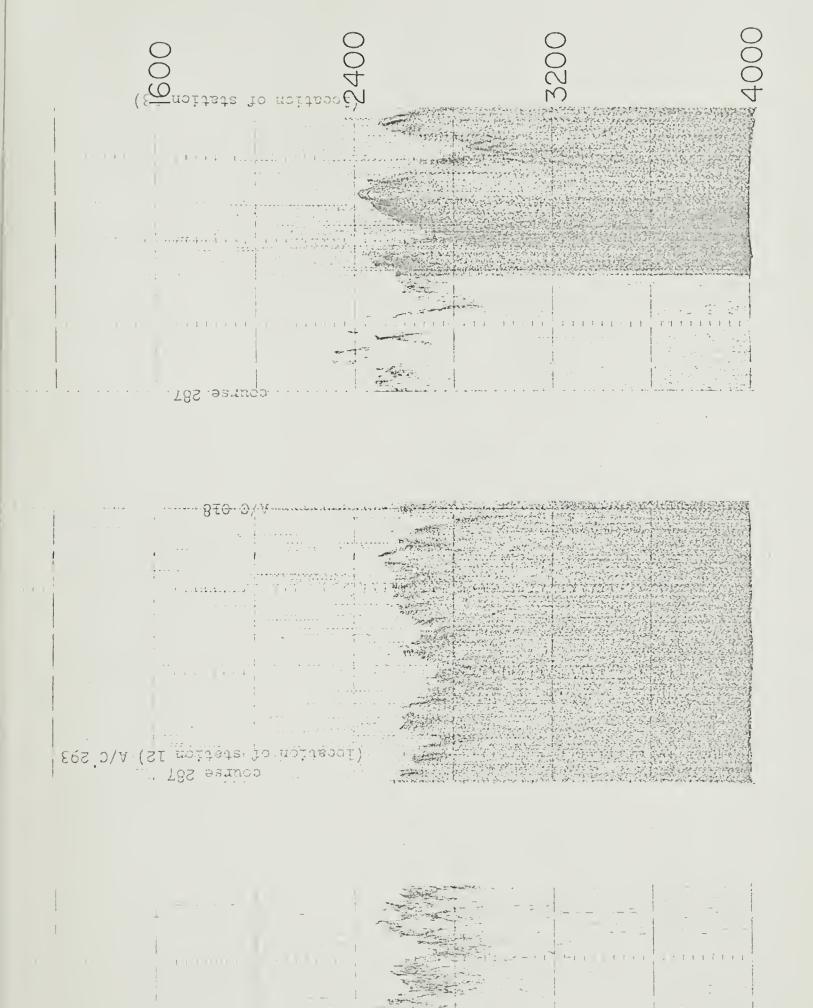






Ēigure 4





A,'C 285.

0,5 JOE 305

Figure 5



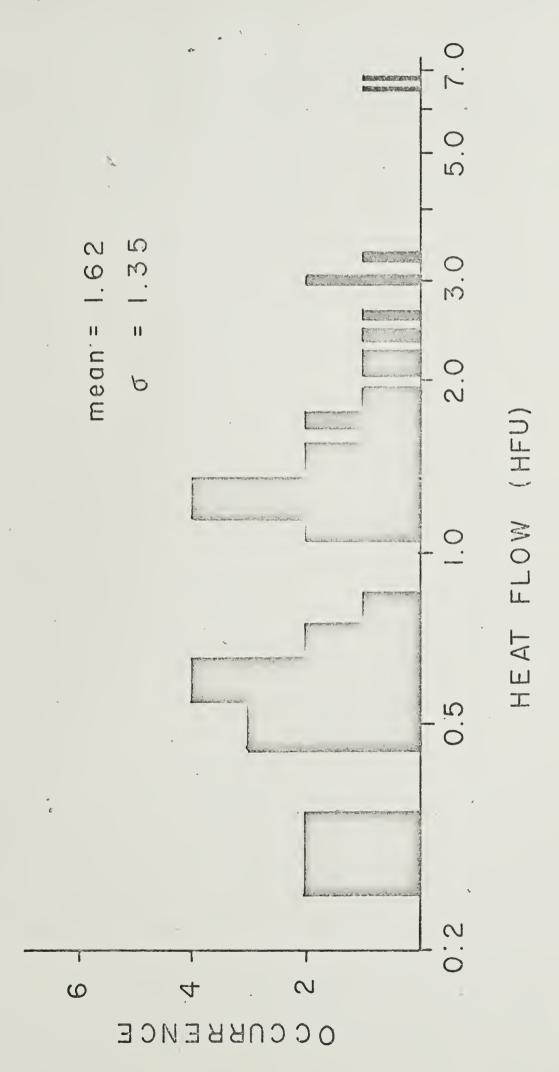


Figure 6





